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MRS. CHARLES WARREN FAIRBANKS,

PRESIDENT GENERAL, DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN
REVOLUTION.

Mrs. Fairbanks was born in the Buckeye state, at Marysville, in Union county. Her father, Judge Philander B. Cole, was one of the prominent men resident there, was often called to high stations and commanded the respect of all who knew him. He believed in the higher education of women, consequently sent his daughter, Cornelia, to college. She entered Wesleyan College in 1868, taking the classical course, and was graduated in 1872. Like many of the Western girls, she was as active in the athletic field and the gymnasium as she was in the historical and literary societies of the college. She was also connected with the college paper, of which Charles Warren Fairbanks, one of the students of the university, was the editor.

Mrs. Fairbanks became, as a girl, familiar with parliamentary law and "the position of the platform," which early training gave her an excellent basis for her work in clubs and political affairs. Two years after obtaining her degree she became the wife of Charles Warren Fairbanks, her former college editor.

Mr. and Mrs. Fairbanks took up their residence in Indianapolis. Mrs. Fairbanks became president of the first literary club of the city, and was the first woman appointed on the Indiana state board of charities. She organized the "Fortnightly Literary Club" and belonged to art and musical associations—all of this in addition to caring for her little family of five children.

When Mr. Fairbanks was elected senator from Indiana,

Mrs. Fairbanks became one of the winter residents of Washington and joined the "Washington Club," and founded, together with a number of other progressive and enterprising women, the "Woman's League" to aid and assist the "Junior Republic." Later, she accompanied her husband on a trip to Alaska, when, as a member of the British-American Joint High Commission, he traversed that northern country.

During the Spanish war she did an incalculable amount of work for our soldiers, was made president of the Indiana aid society, and sent nurses, hospital supplies, and commissary stores to the front. Meanwhile her work was interspersed by frequent visits throughout the states and across the Pacific coast, and, later, by a tour through Europe.

In 1900 Mrs. Fairbanks was elected director of the Federation of Woman's Clubs, which convened at Milwaukee, Wisconsin. She has been connected with the Daughters of the American Revolution six years, having served twice as a delegate, and two terms as vice-president general. Among her chief aims is the promotion of the Continental Hall, in which she is most actively interested. Other measures that Mrs. Fairbanks will strongly advocate, now that she has become President General, are the commemoration of the historic spots of the country, which she thinks may be made into object lessons in love of country to those who have not had early patriotic training. In a recent interview she stated:

"I desire to work for the benefit of the society, for the good of the country, and the cause of history, for the preservation of all that is historic in our country, for all that serves to awaken interest in the great battles of liberty fought by the first Americans. I desire to further all of the causes which encourage the true spirit of patriotism. I only hope I can follow in the footsteps of those who have preceded me in my office, and do my work faithfully and well—for I want to do the greatest good I can."

In carrying out her high and noble aims, Mrs. Fairbanks will have the cordial and undivided support of the members of the organization whose honored chief she has become. Where she leads, the Daughters of the American Revolution will follow.

MRS. MARY MARGARETTA MANNING,
HONORARY PRESIDENT GENERAL, DAUGHTERS OF THE
AMERICAN REVOLUTION.

The flag of the new nation, emblem of union, one and indivisible, had scarcely had time to straighten its ruddy folds on the winds of the free, when Lafayette, the boy-soldier of France, came to the aid of Washington not only with his sword, but with his fortune.

And so the day of days for the Daughters of the American Revolution at the Paris exposition was also the day of days in the United States, July 4th, when the American flag for the first time floated from the pinnacle of the Eiffel tower, along with the tricolor, and the American flag was everywhere in evidence. On that day was dedicated the great statue of



THE MEDAL OF THE LEGION OF HONOR
Bestowed on
Mrs. Mary Margareta Manning.

sented by the women and children of America to the French Republic. It was as the chosen representative of the Daugh-

ters of the American Revolution that Mrs. Manning, president general, crossed the ocean, bearing also an official commission from the President of the United States to lend her presence at the presentation of this statue and that of Washington to France.

As a lasting memento of a year of brilliant successes the



LOVING CUP,
Presented to Mrs. Mary Margareta Manning.

medal of the Legion of Honor was bestowed by the president of the French Republic upon Mrs. Mary Margareta Manning, the president general of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

This decoration, which is held by but few women, is

scarcely as old as the century just closed, but it is highly valued. It was instituted by Napoleon in 1802, after he was elevated to the position of first consul. All the old orders of knighthood had been abolished as inconsistent with the principles of the revolution, but some system of rewards was necessary to keep up the enthusiasm of the army. Since its institution dynasties have risen and fallen and the maps of the world have been changed many times, but the decoration of the Legion of Honor remains the same. It has been the only French decoration for half a century or more.

The decoration is in silver, white and green enamel. The inscription above the head is *Republic Francaise*, below the date, 1870. The other side has the words *Honneur and Patrie*.

Thus was Mrs. Manning honored abroad, but it remained for the Daughters of the American Revolution to bestow upon her the crowning honor of her administration—a golden loving cup. It bears the following inscription:

Presented to
Mary Margaretta Manning, President General,
National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution,
in loving appreciation of her distinguished services in the
cause of patriotism and noble example in upholding
the highest standard of womanhood.
February 22nd, 1898-1901.

FLAG DAY.

THE DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION AT THE PAN-AMERICAN EXPOSITION, JUNE 14, 1901.

"Years of peace and war have rolled away since the Stars and Stripes first floated as the flag of a free land. Thousands have died for it, millions would die for it. The symbol of the supreme passion of life, it is the emblem endeared in every heart as Old Glory. Since Freedom, from its mountain height, unfurling its standard to the air, tore the azure robe of night and set the stars of glory there, the anniversary of its adoption as the flag of this country has been ob-

served. Yearly this celebration of its birth has grown until this year it was a universal day of honor throughout the Nation, a day crowned with ceremonies in which the official representatives of every government on the Western Hemisphere joined out of respect to the Nation and in glory to the flag.



TEMPLE OF MUSIC.

"Gray-haired women wore it on their breasts where sons were nursed who went forth and died for it. Bent, feeble men wore it on sleeves that had been emptied for it. Headstones wore it on graves that were filled for it. Children wore it over hearts that would give their life-blood for it. Spires wore it above buildings that have risen under it. Cities wore it on institutions that were created through it. The skies of day wore its crimson and white and the skies of night wore its stars and blue. Earth and sky united in homage to it. There are no more on earth than there are beyond the skies who have lived and loved and died beneath it. In the azure of the night shone the silver stars as if each gleamed for a commonwealth beyond the clouds, where those of the past, like those of the present, were banded together in the might and majesty it symbolizes."

Stately ceremonies were held in its honor at the Pan-

American exposition. The mothers of the country, daughters of the line whose mothers suffered and stood staunch and true in the days of revolution for a new republic, led in the exercises. The bishop of peace and the general of war spoke from the same platform. A hero of the navy, who took his life in his hand and offered it to Death for his country's sake, paid his tribute. The audience that filled the great temple of music to overflowing numbered, beside distinguished foreigners, plain folk of the Nation, mothers and fathers and sons and daughters who sang the glory of the flag and cheered the tributes of the speakers. It was inspiring, magnificent.



MRS. JOHN MILLER HORTON.

Early in the day a flag floated out over the esplanade. It was a grand banner of the Stars and Stripes, the largest ever unfurled. Near it floated another. Proudly it waved as if conscious of the fact that it is the only flag in the world, except a French flag, that has flown over the city of Paris since the Prussian war. The French unfurled it as a token of love and esteem, and on the Fourth of July last it floated from the Eiffel Tower.

One thousand pigeons were released at 1 o'clock from crates by the court of fountains and in one compact flock they darted to the triumphal causeway and circled above the flag, a fluttering, feathery wreath, hovering over it like a strange halo of pale purple.

The great temple, where the exercises of Flag Day were held, under the auspices of the Daughters of the American Revolution, was not one-third large enough for the thousands who desired to enter. It was packed to the outer

doors, even the stairs to the balconies being filled. It was an audience of badges. But most prominent and beautiful of all was the badge of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

Sousa and his great band sat by the big pipe-organ. On the stage were many famous people. In the front row sat Mrs. John Miller Horton, Mrs. Mary N. Thompson, regent of Buffalo Chapter; Mrs. Charles W. Fairbanks, president general, National Society; Lieut. Gen. Nelson A. Miles, Capt. Richmond Pearson Hobson, Mrs. Daniel Manning and Bishop Walker.

Mrs. John Miller Horton presided. She is vice-regent of the Buffalo Chapter, a member of the Women's Board of Managers, and to her much of the success of the day was due.

The program opened by a signal from Mrs. John Miller Horton to Sousa, and at once his magnificent band broke out with Weber's "Jubilee Overture," and when it changed to "My Country 'Tis of Thee" the whole audience rose with waving of handkerchiefs, hats and fans.

Mrs. Horton then introduced the Rt. Rev. William D. Walker, Protestant Episcopal bishop of Western New York, who made a fervent prayer.

The first speaker of the day was Mrs. Mary N. Thompson, regent of the Buffalo Chapter. The words of her introduction by Mrs. Horton were touchingly beautiful, "It scarcely seems necessary to introduce to you such a well-known and familiar face as that of our beloved and highly esteemed regent of our Buffalo Chapter, with its 430 members, of which we are so proud." Mrs. Thompson was met with a storm of applause as she stepped forward and in graceful words greeted in the name of the Buffalo Chapter the patriotic societies present. She urged the Daughters of the American Revolution to take up the work which dropped from their mothers' willing hands, not in kind, but in purpose. Nothing was so dear to those mothers, she continued, as the cause of education. She urged that the organization by its influence prevent intrusion of anything which threatens to lessen the dignity or the value or the influence for good and the upbuilding of character of our public school system.

Mrs. Thompson's address concluded with the recital of the verse, "O Flag of the Free."

Mrs. Horton introduced as the next speaker Judge Advocate Joseph E. Ewell, of the Grand Army of the Republic. Judge Ewell wore the Grand Army of the Republic uniform. His speech was loudly applauded and he reviewed many phases of patriotic work in eloquent words.

When Judge Ewell sat down all the audience suddenly stood up. Mrs. Horton had introduced Mrs. Fairbanks and the president general received an ovation from the Daughters of the American Revolution. It was some time before she could begin her speech. She spoke as follows:

"Mrs. Chairman, Managers of Pan-American Exposition, Regent of the Buffalo Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution and Friends:

"I feel it a great honor and privilege to respond to the gracious and cordial welcome to which we have just listened, and to remark with what pleasure and agreeable surprise I have viewed this beautiful exposition, which is magnificent in its ideal, colossal in its dimensions, whose stately buildings, glittering with myriads of electric lights, call to mind Aladdin's fairy castle or the beauty of an architectural dream. Despite the full and varied bulletins which have been issued describing its many attractions, one who comes not hither to see for himself can know little of its magnitude and interest, for of it truly 'the half has not been told.'

"The Daughters of the American Revolution have a profound interest in this anniversary, and have made a special pilgrimage to this beautiful city in devotion to this national day, as gladly as the Oriental journeys to his Mecca, for on the 14th of June a century and a quarter ago there came into the family of national standards a brilliant banner, the standard of liberty and progress under whose protecting folds the Revolutionary patriots carried the war for human right, equal representation and liberal government to its glorious finish upon the field of Yorktown.

"This banner has outlived all its contemporaries and floats to-day the oldest of national standards. In addition to all its proud history it holds the sacred interest of being in

itself a memorial of the struggles, the patriotism and loyalty of the unshinking army of the Revolution and the noble men and women who as patriots rendered material aid to the War of Independence. For by act of congress the number of alternate red and white stripes in the flag was placed at 13, never to be changed, as a memorial to the devotion, gallant services and loyalty of the '13 Original States,' with an azure field, on which scintillates an ever-increasing galaxy of brilliant stars, 'one for every State, a State for every star.' Sentiment delights to weave about the colors of our loved flag symbolic expression; so therefore the red stripe signifies valor, the white is an emblem of purity, the blue of the field is for truth and constancy. To celebrate the anniversary of the national banner is an honor and privilege. To unite in protecting it from desecration, is a special duty of every patriot, every Daughter of the American Revolution.

"Patriotism is one of the loftiest virtues planted in the human breast, it is the motive power of disinterested human action—zeal for the interest of country, courage in its defense. 'Vital condition of national supremacy,' always shown in national emergency. It is not a special endowment of any one class, nation or race, but in its universality, in the glory of its height, in its genuine simplicity and faith it is the eternal heritage of all humanity. Being such, it is a fitting theme for the lovers of country to discuss upon an anniversary so sacred to freedom as Flag Day—at a place of such intense interest to America, North, South and Central, as a Pan-American exposition.

"The development and history of patriotism in our own country is so familiar and is so fondly loved by us all that there is scarcely more than need to mention the name of a battle, a march, a campaign, and there rise before us the heroic acts of our Revolutionary worthies, generals, officers and soldiers, each fired with generous zeal and with unalterable determination to free his country. The name of Greene, mentioned always next to that of Washington, brings to mind Eutaw Springs and Cowpens, as well as the famous double-quick march of five miles in forty-five minutes, which saved the patriot army from rout at the fiercely contested

battle of Brandywine, and in many another hotly contested field won or signalized by this devoted patriot-general.

"The sturdy old farmer, Israel Putnam, leaving his plow in the furrow and hastening to answer his country's call; 'Mad Anthony Wayne,' the brave and adroit Marion, the gracious Warren, all too soon lost from Liberty's service, and the courtly St. Clair; each awakens memory of a thousand thrilling conflicts to bring freedom and peace to home and country.

"But the prolonged war of our sister republics in South America to come to the enjoyment of freedom is not so well known to us. Through the privations, the terrible sufferings and the undoubted heroism of these peoples the fifteen years of fierce contest with the disciplined armies of Old Spain was closed forever by the famous Sucre at the decisive battle of Ayacucho, the South American Yorktown. This war is so filled with deeds of valor, so lightened by acts of self-sacrifice—so intensified by devotion—so renowned for its unparalleled marches over the almost impassable Andes, that volumes might easily be filled with the recital.

"But we must lightly dwell upon the less prominent actors in this great drama of liberty, and speak of those who towered above their faithful aids and armies, as the mountain peaks above the plain.

"The repeated repulses of the patriots of the *other* Americas are not unlike to the repulses of our own countrymen in our own war for independence from kingly prerogative, and like them they rallied with a more determined resolve to gain their freedom.

"In the illustrious records of the patriots who sought freedom from Spain, the broad nature, the heroism of the good priest Hidalgo, stand clear and bright. First of the Mexicans to revolt against Spain, considering his duty to humanity and progress as far above the usual duties of his office, he proclaimed to his flock, from his pulpit, the Mexican Declaration of Independence, and led her army against their persecutors, whose course had been ever one of cruelist oppression against his countrymen. After arduous and varying combats he was defeated, betrayed to his foes, degraded from

sacerdotal rank and executed for his devotion to his country, but to-day our sister republic rejoices that Hidalgo lived and his deeds of sacrifice and patriotism are embalmed in the loving memories of grateful people.

"Francis Morazan was eminent in the statesmanship and wars of Central America. He made it his business to divorce church and state in Guatemaula, and desired greatly to reestablish federal unity between Central American republics, but lost his life in the effort. Among those who labored most effectually for South American republicanism and thus indirectly for all colonies under Spanish rule, must be always enumerated the political society 'Gran Reunion Americana,' founded by that most ardent of Venezuelan patriots, Francisco Miranda. When the Creoles assembled in London, they were first initiated in this society: unheedless of frontiers, they learned to consider enslaved South America as one people, with one aspiration, with one love, and with one hatred for the Spanish master.

"These names, dear to South American patriotism, were O'Higgins, of Chili; Navino, of New Granada; Monterfas and Rocafuerto, of Quito; Caro, of Cuba, who represented Peru, and Alvear, an Argentine. These men formed a society whose union ensured the eventful triumph of liberty in South America. In this society the future great liberators, Bolivar and San Martin, took an oath to accomplish the emancipation of South America. How nobly they redeemed their vow all the world knows.

"To Francisco Miranda belongs the honor of sounding the bugle call of revolt. According to the eminent German, Dr. Ernst, 'he was the ablest and most brilliant figure in South American history and the ablest Venezuela has produced.' He was a scion of one of the oldest and wealthiest of the Venezuelan families, and being sent to Spain for education, his strong nature revolted at the treatment of the colonists by the government at Madrid, and he left the Spanish army.

"He was in Paris when Lafayette was preparing the second time to go to the assistance of the army of Washington, and so, Miranda, fired by his enthusiasm and by the eloquence of Benjamin Franklin, then minister to France, joined

Lafayette and offered his sword and services to Washington until independence was declared.

"In 1791 he published his famous letter to the South American people, declaring that they were free by natural verdict received from the Creator, that the moment had arrived to open up a new era of prosperity and with the aid of Providence to raise up for America a grand family united by common interest.

"A celebrated Argentine historian describes him as a dreamer, with confused ideas and undisciplined attainments, but a generous-minded warrior, above all a man of strong will, soldier of Washington, comrade of Lafayette, a general in the army of the French Directory; confidential friend of Pitt, who sympathized with plans of insurrection in the Spanish-American colonies; was distinguished by Catherine the Second; was comrade of Madame Roland and her distinguished friends in prison, was called by Napoleon a madman 'with a spark of divine fire,' such was Francisco Miranda, a native of Caracas—the first to see the great destinies of Republican America, and the first to raise the banner of freedom on the Southern Continent. After striving in vain to enlist the aid of other countries in freeing his own, he raised an expedition unaided, and landed at Ocumare, where he unfurled the standard of liberty; but his countrymen, held in the thraldom of priests as well as armies of Spain, did not respond to his call, neither at Ocumare, nor later at Coro, so this most noted of Venezuelans, whose career reads like that of a veritable soldier of fortune, fled to England, where he wandered penniless, dispirited and destitute, until some years later, joining with Bolivar, he became the commander-in-chief of the armies of Venezuela and provisional president of the Republic.

"For but a short time this glorious regime prevailed for Miranda, but through defeat by overwhelming numbers and by inexcusable treachery, he was betrayed to the Spanish and carried to the castle of Ceuta, one of their convict prisons, where he died in chains, denied Christian burial, and there was then cast into the sea one to whom history has given the lofty title of 'The Precursor of the Emancipation of South

'America,' and fame has granted him eternal remembrance as one who gladly gave his life to the service and freedom of his country.

"In the present market-house of Caracas, which was formerly the residence of the Spanish governor (as the gifted Wm. Elroy Curtis, in his '*Venezuela*' recounts) there hangs the famous 'Declaration' of Francisco Miranda, and though 'faded and frayed, and some of the lines almost illegible, it is the most precious historic relic of the country and is preserved with religious care.'

"And in this connection, it may be of interest to state that the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, mindful of the services of Miranda in our Revolution, sent in February, 1900, a beautiful wreath of immortelles, to be placed to his memory in the Pantheon at Caracas.

"A fact noticeable in the Republican leaders of both South and Central America was their willingness and zeal in aiding one another to throw off the Spanish yoke although belonging to different states and governments. Such was the course of Bolivar after Venezuela was liberated; he freely gave his strength and arms to the deliverance of Columbia and New Granada, Peru and Bolivia; San Martin undertook the same course in Chili, the Argentine Republic and Peru.

"But the two South American characters which stand out preëminent above all others, are these two great liberators—Bolivar and San Martin—of whom their biographer Mitre, declares: 'They were both great men, the greatest after Washington that America has produced.' However, being military leaders only, and somewhat tainted by kingly ideas, they knew not, as did their example, Washington, how to lead their armies from war into peace, prosperity and obedience to law. Two great Republics led by San Martin, carried their victorious arms from sea to sea, from the Temperate Zone to the Equator. There the entire forces of the Revolution of South America met, there the two liberators embraced and separated forever. Their fate was the same, dying in exile, driven forth by the countries to whom they had devoted all that with which fortune had endowed them, estate, power, influence, home, life itself. But in later times

the merits of the two liberators and the long line of their compatriots have been recognized, their failures forgotten, and the South American republics have vied in doing honor to their illustrious dead, while their tombs are marked with eloquent inscriptions, their glorious deeds are recounted, imitated and applauded by their admiring countrymen.

"The student of history of the American republics finds that the sentiment of the great body of the people is for the sturdy principles of liberty, equality and human progress; they do not desire and will not accept the class affiliations and distinction of effete monarchies, because against such, the clear visioned founders of these republics led a successful resistance; and left a government to them which is for the people, where the requisite for distinction is *merit*.

"Let us remember, in building monuments, founding societies, raising spires and erecting classic memorials, that in so doing it is our duty to perpetuate the principles of liberty and progress, and the heroic memory of the men and women of the Revolution, whose toil, sufferings and devotion ensured to us this broad and stately domain, which is our native land, our country. Let us build all over the land memorials of our remembrance and affectionate appreciation of the gallant soldiers and sailors of the Republic, who have contended under this Flag, emblem of the free, for the honor and glory of the republic, under every sky and on every sea. Let it be our most grateful duty to provide for the declining years of those who have given youth and strength to the service of our country.

"At this period in our history it behooves us to follow the exhortation of George McDonald, 'Americans be yourselves, beware of imitations.' Let us adopt and cleave to the declaration:

'I shall know but one country, my aims shall be my country's, my God's and truth.'

'I was born an American—I shall live an American—I shall die an American.'

At the close of Mrs. Fairbanks's speech Mrs. Daniel Manning, honorary president general of the Daughters of the American Revolution, in behalf of Mrs. Clark Waring, of

South Carolina, vice-president general, presented to Mrs. Fairbanks a palmetto wreath, saying: "Madam President General: I have the honor to present to you in the name of our honored vice-president general, Mrs. Clark Waring, of South Carolina, a 'warrior's wreath' of palmetto leaves as a tribute to grace this occasion, and as an expression of her loving interest, deeply regretting her absence, but with assurances that she is with us in spirit to-day." Mrs. Fairbanks, in graceful words, presented it to Mrs. Horton for the Buffalo Chapter. Mrs. Horton received the wreath with courteous thanks, while the band played "Dixie."

Gen. Nelson A. Miles was then introduced by Mrs. Horton, the audience rising to its feet, waving handkerchiefs, hats and fans and cheering the hero. Sousa and his band breaking out into "Hail to the Chief."

He began by saying: "It is an honor and a privilege to be present on this anniversary of a most important event in our history, which is being celebrated amid such beautiful surroundings under the auspices of this society of noble and patriotic women, the Daughters of the American Revolution, who are doing so much to keep alive the spirit of 1776, when the people of the new world established a new nation dedicated and consecrated to liberty, independence and the equality of man."

He recited the triumphs of the Stars and Stripes, ending with:

"Embrace it, Oh, mothers, and heroes shall grow,
While its colors blush warm on your bosoms of snow;
Defend it, Oh, fathers, there's no sweeter death
Than to float its fair folds with a soldier's last breath,
And love it, Oh, children, be true to the sires
Who wove it in pain by the old camp fires."

As the poem came to an end the whole audience was on its feet again cheering General Miles, and Sousa played "The Stars and Stripes Forever" and for an encore "The Red, White and Blue," ending with "Dixie."

Mrs. Horton then presented Capt. Richmond Pearson Hobson of the U. S. N., who spoke for the "American Navy," centering all the glory round the beloved Star Spangled Ban-

ner. He soon put out to sea and had every man and woman in the audience pitched to the highest tension as he rehearsed the naval battles with the proud names which have placed that of America at the head of all.

In closing he said: "Since I have spoken of what the navy is to the flag, may I say a word as to what the flag is to the navy? On my two-year cruise as midshipman, on a fete day in Corfu, off the coast of Turkey, when we came on deck in the morning and looked out over the flag-dressed city, we saw on one of the hoists on the city's flagpole the United States flag, half way up among the other flags. Admiral Walker, in command of our squadron, instantly sent an officer ashore to inform the authorities that the American flag could not remain half way up. If used at all, it must be at the top. I remember so well the feeling that crossed us all—no flag shall fly above that flag. There is, however, one exception to this rule. On Sunday morning, in an American fleet, when you hear the bell begin to toll for divine service, you will see the flag lowered a bit and the church pennant hoisted above it, the red cross on the white background, emblem that our nation is a Christian nation, and bows its head in humility before the Divine presence, for our nation in every element of its increasing greatness is but working out, as we believe, divine purposes upon this earth.

"One thought more in conclusion. Astronomers from time to time hail with delight the discovery of a new invisible star. I can picture how 125 years ago to-day, the spirits that watch over the destinies of this earth, clapped their hands in delight to see the birth of a whole constellation. I can see them watching without lens or telescope, as new stars appeared from time to time in that constellation. I can see them watching now with delight for the birth of new stars still, though the original thirteen have grown already to forty-five, for this happy constellation need have no limit. No star interferes with its sisters, but derives reflected glory from the union of all. Shall we not keep our eyes uplifted to this constellation, set in the blue vault of heavens; shall we not point it out to our children and grandchildren; shall it not be for us and for all the myriads of the Milky Way and

the whole vaulted dome of heaven; shall it not be for all the universe, the grand constellation of the Great Bear, with Liberty, its pole star, standing unmoved, a steadfast guide forever?"

Mrs. Horton then announced that she had received a request from the audience for Mrs. Donald McLean, regent of the New York City Chapter, to speak.

Mrs. McLean responded to the request and spoke for a few minutes in her well-known and emphatic style. She expressed her gratification at the extent and the success of the Flag Day ceremonies. She praised the exposition and heartily congratulated the Daughters of the American Revolution on the growth, progress and bright outlook for the future of the order.

A brief address was made by Wilber F. Brown, adjutant of Lafayette Post, G. A. R., of New York, the post to which belongs the honor of originating Flag Day.

Then came Bishop Walker's benediction, reverent and solemn. Then came "The Invincible Eagle," Sousa's new march. Suddenly Sousa struck up "The Star Spangled Banner," the song of the flag. The high, clear tenor of Robert Burton took up the words. The organ joined in. "The audience, standing with heads up, eyes lifted, caught the chorus. Loud they sang, louder and still louder. Old women, white-haired and weary, sang in their sweet voices the song that strengthened their hearts in dark days of awful war. Veterans sang, their bent bodies straightening as, borne on the flood of melody came again the visions of the by-gone days when they followed the flag with eyes steadfast on its stars and faith unfaltering. Some were crying. The children's voices could be heard, the fresh, high treble ringing clear and true. Up welled the song, swelling stronger and stronger, surging about the flag all bright in the afternoon sun. Band and organ and people joined in the mighty chorus. It went echoing and re-echoing throughout the temple, out into the sunshine and the open air, up among the flags that fluttered from the peaks and spires, up above the tower, above the goddess, up into the vast space where the songs of all the worlds mingle in the chorus in the starry skies."

After the formal exercises, the women's board of managers of the Pan-American exposition entertained the visiting Daughters of the American Revolution, and the members of the Buffalo Chapter at an informal tea in the women's building. The guests were received by Mrs. Mary N. Thompson, Mrs. Charles W. Fairbanks, Mrs. John Miller Horton, Mrs. E. R. Rice, Mrs. Oscar L. Harries and Mrs. G. Barrett Rich, Mrs. William Hamlin, president of the women's board of managers, Pan-American, and the members of the board who are also members of the Buffalo Chapter; Mrs. Trueman G. Avery, Mrs. Herman Mynter, Mrs. William A. Rogers, Mrs. Tracy C. Becker, Mrs. William H. Hotchkiss and Mrs. John Westervelt Bush. The entire celebration was conducted with dignity and splendor.

EXTRACTS FROM TOWN RECORDS OF MEDFORD,
MASSACHUSETTS.

Helen Tilden Wild.

Medford, July 4, 1776. Whereas there is occasion for the immediate payment of a certain Sum of Money to be raised by Tax for the encouragement of procuring a Number of Men vizt Thirty (to goe to Canada) besides the Sum already granted as a Bounty by the Province, it is thought necessary by a number of the Inhabitants of this Town to have a Town Meeting

We the subscribers Petition for the above.

Aaron Hall	Tran ^s Burns	Thomas Brooks
Jonth Patten	Simon Tufts	John Bishop
Seth Blodgett	Willis Hall	Joseph Tufts.

July 5, 1776. Voted to raise the sum of Two Hundred & Forty Pounds (by a Tax) for an Encouragement to the 30 men who does Enlist to go to Canada.

July 8, 1776. Voted that Lieut. Moses Tufts & Mr. Sam'l Tufts be a committee to go out in Hampshire Government (or Elsewhere) to Enlist the Men to go to Canada.

March 3, 1777. Voted to grant unto Moses Tufts & others who petitioned for a further allowance the Sum of Six pounds per Man.

N. B. said Petitioners are Lieut. Tufts, Francis Tufts, Abel Butterfield, Nath'l Pierce, Nath'l Francis, Timothy Hall, Hezekiah Blanch-

ard, Jr., Isaac Dixon, Uriah Darius Wait, Sampson Yearney, Peter Mitchell and Jonathan Antony.

October 22, 1779. To Hezekiah Blanchard, Jr., and Ebenezer Cutter, Eight Hundred Twenty Dollars Each. Thos. Binford, Paul Dexter, Willm Tufts 4th, William Polly, David Tufts & Andw Floyd Eight Hundred & Twenty Dollars Each, for their Joing the Continen^tl Army at Cloverick for 3 months.

Selectmens' Order Book.

Medford, October 21, 1779. Received of Benj. Hall Esqr one of the Select Men of Medford Twenty Pounds Each, for our Mileage Money from sd Town to Cloverick being 200 Miles to join the Continen^tl Army for sd Towne.

Paul Dexter	Ebenezer Cutter
William Poley	Hezekiah Blanchard Jun
Wlimtu fts	Thomas Binford
David Tufts	Andrew Floyd.
£160.0.0	

THE NORTHERN CAMPAIGN.

From the Diary of the Rev. David Avery, Chaplain in Col. John Paterson's Regiment.

June, 1776.

1. Saturday. Express returned from Montreal about midnight with orders to burn Canasedaga & put all to ye sword & repair to La Chine & there wait further orders. A council of war was called & determined it best to repair to La Chine immediately & not to make an attack on ye Indian Village. Accordingly we burnt Capt. Montane's house at ye post on account of his commanding ye Canadians against Sherburne & set off about half after 4 & ye batteaus reacht La Chine about 11 o'C—but ye chief of ye detachment tarried a little back. We had a very heavy rain and east wind.

2. L's day. Ye detachment came up ys morning. Twelve arrived at Caughnawawaga from ye Six Nations on a treaty of friendship to ye collonies. Express returned from Montreal with orders to send all ye sick & artillery to St. Johns by way of Laprarie. Prayed wh ye army.

3. Monday. The detachment marched to Montreal. Hear

General Thomas died at Chamblee with ye smal pox. General Sullivan has just gone from here to Sorrell. General Arnold has seized several articles of merchantdize from ye Tories & sent them to Longuelle—all ye sick are sent to Laprarie hospital.

4. Tuesday. Capts. Noble and Wyman with two men from each company went over to Laprarie to get the baggage of ye Regt. Col. Haas set off to Sorrell. Prayed with ye army.

5. Wednesday. Prayed wh ye army. Col. d. Haas is sent for back in consequence of a report that ye Enemy were near La Chane & about to attack ye breastworks where we had a 140 men. Ys evg. we hear by express ye report of ye approach of ye enemy is false. Prayed wh army.

N. B. Night before last ye Tories opened a Sally Port thro ye wall of ye town & carried out a large quantity of arms, ammunition, &c. undiscovered by our centuries.

6. Thursday. Prayed wh army.

7. Friday. Our men came in from La Chane last night. Ys morning ye troops were ordered to go over ye river. Several hundreds went to Longuelle—at night forty ordered back.

8. Saturday. Powder, Flower, &c., were sent for back to Montreal last night. We are ordered to return to Montreal. The merch'tdise go to Chamblee under a guard from Col. Poor's Regt. Dr. Childs & I with several sick & Invilids went to Chamblee—was exceedingly glad to find Mr. Breck here.

9. L's day. Prayed wh a large No. of sick people wh smal pox.—Preacht from 1. Pet. 3.12.—Dr. Childs went to St. Johns. Prayed wh Lt. Moore.

10. Monday. Weather prevented praying wh ye sick out doors. Mr. Breck went to St. Johns. Visited a No. of Sick. Prayed wh ye army. Col. Williams set off for Sorrell with a gandaloye evg.

11. Tuesday prayed wh ye army. Visited ye sick. Dr. Childs returns & informs that two of ye Regt. have died at St. Johns, one with small pox, ye other with a sore leg. Prayed wh ye army.

12. Wednesday. Prayed wh army. Sergt. Grace informs

yf General Thompson had a battle at ye 3 rivers last Saturday.—Visited ye sick. Prayed wh army.

13. Thursday. Mr. Breck prayed wh ye army. Visited ye sick. Prayed wh army. Dysinteria took me to-day.

14. Friday. Mr. Spring arrived from Sorell. We exceedingly glad to see him after so long an absence. Very ill to-day.

15. Saturday. General Sullivan with all ye army began his Retreat yesterday from Sorell at 12 o'C—ye sick are to go forward to St. Johns immediately. The General arrived ys evg. Ye army got within 5 miles.

16. L's day. Ye enemy took two schooners, a gandlo with several batteau, last night. The officers and men worked hard all night in getting ye boats across ye carrying place. Ye morning left Chamblee wh Mr. Breck and marcht to St. Johns. Ye sick went forward to Isleneaux. We buried one man at St. Johns wh makes 5 dead of ye Regt. at ys place. I set off ys evy. for Isleneaux.

17. Monday. Arrived at Isleneaux about sunrise, having been out all night. Two of the Regt. buried to-day with small pox. Visited the sick wo are in ye most wretched condition.

18. Tuesday. Ye sick all came up. Visited the sick.

19. Wednesday. Ye whole of ye army arrived last night & ys morning wth all ye Stores, &c. Prayed ys evg. wth ye Regt. Visited the sick.

20. Thursday. A man of Capt. Sloane's company died last night of ye small pox. The sick all ordered to repair to Crown Point immediately. Colo. Paterson's Regt. all ordered off. I embarked on board Capt. Ashley's boat. Arrived at Islemot.

21. Friday. Drew Wine, Rice and Molasses for ye sick. Rowed near Gilliland's creek.

22. Saturday. Arrived at Bason Harbor.

23. L's day. Arrived at Crown Point about noon. No provision made for ye sick, except *only* horse stable cleaned of dung & ye sick laid on ye floor of ye stinking stable.

24. Monday. Horsford, of Capt. McKinstry's company died on the passage of fever. Ys morning Obed Hatch of Do's

company died here of the small pox. Visited the sick, who are in a most shocking situation. Another of ye Regt. died of ye small pox.

25. Tuesday. Visited ye sick. Went to Colo. Strong's ys evg. & bo't two Qua'ts milk & gave to ye sick near midnight.

26. Wednesday. Visited ye sick. The Regt. beg. tented in order, we attended prayers ys evg.

27. Thursday. Prayed wh Regt. Mr. Stevens of Capt. Wyman's Co. died to-day of a secondary fever to ye small pox. Visited ye sick. Got for yem 6 Qrts. milk. Mr. Hall prayed wh Regt.

28. Friday. Prayed wh Regt. Visited ye sick. Abbot of Capt. Sullivan's Co. died of ye small pox. An alarm of Indians across ye bay. Prayed wh Regt.

29. Saturday. Prayed wh Regt. Mr. White, of Patridgefield, Armourer, died of ye small pox. Visited ye sick. Prayed wh Regt.

30. L's day. Prayed wh Regt. Visted ye sick. Preacht from Isa. 63, 10, one sermon. Three of ye Southern Officers left ye meeting out of contempt. Prayed wh Regt. Hear yt one of ye Regt. died lately at Ticonderago of ye small pox.

TO THE MINIATURE OF DOROTHY WENTWORTH.

By Mrs. Grace Hiliard.

Dedicated to Mrs. Isidore Burns and La Puerta del Oro Chapter:

Beautiful ancestor mine
Come from thy oval frame,
Dorothy, Dorothy come,
Listen, I call thy name.

Come in thy empire gown,
Necklace and frills of lace,
Come with thy high-dressed hair
Crowning thy fair young face.

Sit in the gas log's glow,
Not ingle deep and wide—
Rest on the cushion soft,
Dorothy, at my side.

Speak of colonial times,
Tell of our nation's strife,
Didst thou see patriots march
To sound of drum and fife?

Didst thou on a pillion ride
In quaint old-time array?
The minuet didst thou dance?
And on the spinet play?

Tell me of some titled youth
With braided, powdered queue,
Suit of satin, dangling sword—
I'm only a girl like you.

A star in some far-off sky
For me thou still dost shine,
Though a hundred years there are
Between thy life and mine.

Thou cam'st to me as a thought—
Else why did I call to thee
To come from thy oval frame,
Dorothy, unto me.

REAL DAUGHTERS.

MRS. ANNE MERCER SLAUGHTER.

In the nine years of our existence as the Mary Washington Chapter we have been honored in having on our rolls the names of three real "real daughters," namely, Mrs. Jane Stevenson Marshall, Mrs. M. Ambler, and Mrs. Anne Mercer Slaughter. They have all passed away, Mrs. Slaughter, the last of the number, having died on the 24th of September, 1900, a few days after completing her 90th year.



MRS. ANNE MERCER SLAUGHTER

Born Sept., 1810. Died Sept., 1900. Daughter Capt. Philip Slaughter, of Virginia; granddaughter Col. James Slaughter. Honorary member Mary Washington Chapter, Washington, D. C.

Mrs. Slaughter, who was born on the 7th of September, 1810, was the nineteenth and youngest child of Captain Philip Slaughter, of the famous "Culpeper Minute Men" of the Revolutionary war, who was only sixteen years old when he entered the army. He received a captain's commission for bravery. Besides participating in many battles, he spent that dreary winter with Washington at Valley Forge. He came of good fighting stock, for his grandfather, Col. James Slaughter, was one of the committee of safety, and his father was also a colonel in the Revolutionary army. This latter gentleman kept a journal all during the Revolution, which would be of inestimable value now. Alas! it with other valuables was stolen from Mrs. Slaughter's home by some of the Federal soldiers stationed on the place in 1862-63. Captain Slaughter's home, "Springfield," was northwest and at the foot of Slaughter's mountain (sometimes called Cedar mountain), and was a large, old-fashioned house of fifteen or more rooms. Here Captain Slaughter exercised the old-fashioned lavish hospitality for which Virginians have always been celebrated.

Growing up in such associations it would have been next to impossible for Mrs. Slaughter to have been other than a cultured, broad-minded lady. She attended a ball given in honor of Lafayette on his last visit to this country, and often spoke entertainingly of him, his courteous and noble bearing and fine address.

She was married twice, first to Edward Robertson, of Culpeper, by whom she had one daughter. Her second marriage was to her cousin, Philip Slaughter, of "Clover Hill," Culpeper, by whom there were several children. Mrs. Slaughter was a sister to one of the men of whom Virginia has always been proud—the Rev. Dr. Philip Slaughter, the historiographer of the Virginia Council of the Episcopal Church, and also author of "St. Mark's Parish," a genealogical volume of great interest in connection with the oldest and most distinguished families of his section of the state.

In the latter years of her life Mrs. Slaughter became blind, but to the last her mind remained clear and active. After a long life she was laid to rest among her own people, the

funeral services taking place in the chapel which rests at the base of Slaughter's mountain, which was the scene of the great battle of that name on the 9th of August, 1862. A pathetic incident of her burial was the presence of six or eight of the descendants of old negroes belonging to the family, who manifested their grief at the death of "old mistress."

It is sad to think that brought up in such abundance and luxury, her latter years should have been clouded by poverty, but such was the case. Her income was limited to the small pension allowed her by the government as the daughter of a Revolutionary hero.—VIRGINIA MILLER.

MRS. CATHARINE ROBARDS STIRMAN.



MRS. CATHARINE ROBARDS STIRMAN.

Mrs. Catharine Robards Stirman was born November 15, 1815, in Mercer county, Kentucky; moved to Marion county,

Missouri, in 1836; was married to James Harvey Stirman August 29, 1838; moved to Fayetteville, Arkansas, in May, 1839, where she has lived since, honored and respected by all.

Her father, Capt. George Robards, was born August 5, 1760. He enlisted for three years in Capt. Moses Hawkins's company, fourteenth regiment continental regulars, Col. Chas. Lewis commanding, in February, 1777; engaged in the battles of Brandywine, Monmouth and Stony Point. He was commissioned a lieutenant by Gov. Thomas Jefferson in 1780 in Col. Lucas's fourth Virginia regiment, state line; engaged in the battle of Camden and was appointed captain in 1781, and served under Gen. Lafayette in Virginia until the close of the war. He was married to Elizabeth Barbary Sampson in 1785 and moved to Mercer county, Kentucky, where he died in 1833.

Mrs. Stirman was a member of Mary Fuller Percival Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, of Van Buren, Arkansas, and an honorary life member of the Mildred Lee Chapter of the Daughters of the Confederacy.

Mrs. Catharine Robards Stirman died November 19, 1900, and the chapter, at a special meeting on the 24th, passed resolutions of sympathy for her family.—CLEMENTINE BOLES, *Historian.*

"Unfurl the flag! let the winds caress
And lift it in rippling loveliness
Over all the wide west-world we claim
By cross and sword and in Freedom's name.
Unfurl the flag! let it curl and kiss
The zephyr that faints in the summer bliss;
It was born in storm, and its glory sprung
Where the bolts of battle shrieked and sung.
God bless the flag! let it float, and fill
The sky with its beauty; our heart strings thrill
To the low, sweet chant of its wind-swept bars
And the chorus of all its clustered stars."

REVOLUTIONARY RECORDS.

This department is intended for hitherto unpublished or practically inaccessible records of patriots of the War of American Independence, which records may be helpful to those desiring admission to the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution and to the registrars of the chapters. Such data will be gladly received by the editor of this magazine.

REVOLUTIONARY SOLDIERS IN TENNESSEE.

The following list contains the names of the Revolutionary soldiers whose graves have been identified by Miss Susie Gentry, Old Glory Chapter, Franklin, Tennessee:

Hardin Perkins, family cemetery, at the "Meeting of the Waters;" Samuel Henderson, family cemetery near Bethesda; Moses Cannon, Governor Cannon farm, near College Grove; George Neeley, Neeley farm, near Franklin; Peter Leslie, near Nolensville; Jacob Grimmer, on the Jacob Grimmer farm, near Triune; James Turner, in the Webb cemetery, near Kirkland; John Allen and James Potts, near Peytonsville; Moses Lindsey, who fought in eleven battles, in the Frost cemetery, near Brentwood; Robert Guthrie, on the Maberry farm, near Franklin; Andrew Goff, who was with Sevier, on the McEwen place, near Franklin; D. McMahon, on the old "Dr. Ewing farm;" David Squires, in the old cemetery, in Franklin.
—From LUCY HENDERSON NORTON, *Secretary Old Glory Chapter, Franklin, Tennessee.*

A PRISON SHIP MARTYR.

Gilbert Tompkins enlisted as sergeant of marines on the ship *Alfred* at Little Compton, R. I., October, 1776. He was with Lieutenant Paul Jones when he raised the American flag for the first time on American waters. The *Alfred* carried letters of *marque* and *reprisal* with liberty to prey upon British commerce. In 1776 several valuable prizes were captured and Gilbert Tompkins was sent on board to manage one of them. In a short time he with his crew were retaken by the British ship *Milford* and were carried to Halifax, Nova Scotia, and detained as prisoners at Windsor for six months, were then exchanged as prisoners of war and returned to Little Compton, R. I., December, 1777.—MRS. MARTHA TOMPKINS WARD, a granddaughter of Gilbert Tompkins.

NAMES OF SOLDIERS WHO FOUGHT IN THE BATTLE OF
KETTLE CREEK, FEBRUARY 14, 1779.

EDITOR OF AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE: In behalf of Georgia history and to aid registrars general, chapter registrars and would-be "daughters" in search of forefathers, please publish the appended list of soldiers who fought in the battle of Kettle Creek, Georgia, a hundred and twenty-two years ago. It is the work of what was the Wilkes County Chapter, and what is the Kettle Creek Chapter, of which Mrs. T. M. Green is regent. The chapter has purchased the battlefield and will erect thereon a monument.

Any daughter whose search has met success through this list may send as a thank-offering one dollar to the Kettle Creek Chapter, Washington, Wilkes county, Georgia, towards building the monument.—ANNA CAROLINE BENNING, *Historian, Georgia Daughters of the American Revolution.*

There were 500 Americans in this battle. Some were from South Carolina, but most of them were from what was originally Wilkes county, but now includes the territory of Lincoln, Oglethorpe, and parts of Taliaferro, Warren, Greene, Hart and Madison. The commanders were General Andrew Pickens, of South Carolina, and Colonels John Thomas Dooley and Elijah Clarke, of Georgia.

The list, though not complete, is correct, having been carefully compiled from the records of Wilkes county and those in the office of secretary of state, Atlanta, Georgia.—From MRS. T. M. GREEN, *Regent, Kettle Creek Chapter.*

Anderson, Alexander; Anderson, Elijah; Anderson, Henry; Andrews, John; Andrews, George; Anglin, William; Alexander, Asa; Alexander, James; Alexander, Samuel; Aycock, Richard; Aikins, John; Austin, Richard; Aldridge, James; Antony, John; Antony, Alexander.

Bird, John; Barnes, Richard; Barnes, William; Brown, James; Bird, Benjamin; Bazlewood, Richard; Brannon, Moses; Barnett, Nathan; Butts, Solomon; Butler, William; Butler, Edmund; Brantham, Samuel; Beasley, Richard; Beasley, Ambrose; Beasley, William; Bedell, Absolum; Beddingfield, Charles; Beesley, James.

Clarke, John (afterwards governor); Catchings, Benjamin; Catchings, Joseph; Catchings, Seymour; Coleman, Daniel; Coleman, Thomas; Coleman, Benjamin; Coleman, John; Coleman, James;

Crosby, William; Crutchfield, John; Cheshire, John; Compton, William; Clowes, Peter; Carter, James; Chandler, John; Cade, Drury; Carr, Henry; Cantey, Zachariah; Cochran, Cornelius; Clark, John; Clark, Gibson; Cloud, Ezekiel; Cloud, Nehemiah; Cloud, Jeremiah; Cain, John; Combs, John; Craine, Spencer; Cook, George.

Davis, Samuel (father of Jefferson Davis); Davis, Absalom; Davis, Joel; Davis, Hardy; Dantham, Elijah; Dulins, Henry; Downs, William; Downs, Jonathan; Dooley, George; Dooley, John; Darden, George; Day, Robert; Day, Joseph; Dabney, Austin; Durkee, Nathaniel.

Eidson, Shelton; Evans, Daniel; Evans, Stephen; Evans, Daniel; Evans, Benjamin; Ellis, Jerry.

Favours, John; Ferington, Jacob; Freeman, John; Freeman, Daniel; Freeman, Coldress; Freeman, Hollman; Freeman, James; Freeman, William; Flynn (or Flynt), John; Franklin, David; Franklin, David, jr.; Farr, John; Farr, Benjamin; Fowler, Peter; Fowler, Henry; Foster, Francis; Foster, William; Fluker, John; Fluker, Owen.

Gilloms, James; Gowze, Henry; Glass, John; Glass, Joel; Glass, Joseph; Grant, Thomas; Graves, James; Graves, William; Graves, Thomas; Griffin, Randolph.

Howard, William; Howard, John; Huggins, Robert; Hamilton, William; Hawkins, Stephen; Holiday, William, sr.; Hubbard, John; Harvey, James; Harvey, Joel; Hill, James; Heard, Richard; Heard, Barnard; Heard, George; Heard, Joseph; Hart, John; Harris, John; Harris, David; Harris, Buckner; Harper, Samuel; Harper, Robert; Heard, Jesse.

Jordan, Demsey; Jordan, Samuel; Jiles, Thomas; Jiles, Samuel; Johns, Thomas; Johnson, John; Jones, Jesse; Joiner, Benjamin; Joiner, Thomas.

Kitty, Daniel.

Lowe, Jesse; Lowe, William; Lamar, James; Lamar, Zachariah; Lamar, Samuel; Lamar, Basil; Loyd, John; Loyd, James; Little, James; Little, Archibald; Little, David; Lindsey, Denis; Lindsey, John; Line, Denis.

McLendon, Jacob, sr.; McLendon, Jacob, jr.; McLendon, Isaac; Marney, Thomas; McLean, James; Manaduc, Henry; Meriwether, Daniel; McCall, Hugh; McCall, Thomas; Mathews, Isham; Mercer, Jacob; Mercer, James; Mercer, Joshua; Mercer, William; Morgan, Asa; Morgan, William; Morgan, Luke; Moseley, William; McBurnett, Daniel; McMurray, Frederick.

Nelson, John.

Ollens, Daniel; Oliver, Dionysius; Oliver, Peter; Oliver, John. Powell, Joshua; Pritchett, William; Pritchett, John; Persons, Samuel; Persons, Henry; Pratt, Edward; Pickens, Joseph, from

South Carolina; Poullain, Antony; Poullain, William; Phillips, Joel; Phillips, Zachariah.

Roberson, Hugh; Roberson, David; Rogers, Reubin; Redden, Scott; Rice, John; Rice, Nathan; Rice, David.

Smith, Peyton; Smith, Nathan; Smith, James; Summerlin, Samuel; Summerlin, John; Summerlin, Demsey; Summerlin, Richard; Summerlin, James; Stots, John; Stots, Peter; Smith, Thomas; Sinkfield (or Sinquefield), William; Sinquefield, Samuel; Spikes, Nathan; Simmons, William; Surlock, George; Stewart, William; Swan, John; Stephens, John; Stubblefield, Peter; Saffold, —; Sutton, William; Stroud, Thomas; Simpson, Archibald; Samson, William; Simpson, James; Snelson, James; Strozier, Peter; Simmons, James; Snead, Dudley; Stone, Charles; Stone, Joshua; Stephens, Benjamin; Stripling, Francis; Shannon, Thomas, sr.; Shannon, Thomas, jr.; Shepperd, Benjamin; Sinby, William; Sinby, James; Sinby, Thomas.

Thompson, Reuben; Turner, Samuel; Turner, Henry; Thompson, Benjamin; Thompson, Peter; Terrell, David; Triplett, Francis; Tyner, Benjamin; Tyner, Richard; Tunis, Nicholas; Tate, Richard.

Veazey, James; Vance, Patrick.

Weller, Jacob; Wood, James; Worth, Thomas; Williams, John; Williams, James; Whatley, Samuel; Whateley, William; Whateley, Walton; Wilkinson, Benjamin; Wilkinson, Elisha; Walton, George; Walton, Jesse; Walton, John; Walton, Nathaniel; Walton, Robert; Wright, John; Wilson, Andrew; Wilson, Robert; Welbourne, Daniel; Walker, Thomas; Walker, John; Williamson, Micajah, sr.; Williamson, Micajah, jr.; Welbourne, David; Wallace, John; Waller, Benjamin; Wooten, Thomas; Willis, Robert; Willis, Brittain; Willis, Josiah; Winn, Benjamin; Wheeler, Zachariah; Watson, Benjamin; Watson, George; Watson, John; Watson, Jacob.

"We sit here in the promised land,
That flows with freedom, honey and milk;
But 'twas they won it, sword in hand,
Making the nettle danger soft for us as silk."

WORK OF THE CHAPTERS.

Peter Forney Chapter (Montgomery, Alabama).—The Peter Forney Chapter took the initiative in making a testimonial to the battleship *Alabama* from the Alabama Daughters of the American Revolution, and headed the list with a contribution of \$25. Our state regent, Mrs. J. Morgan Smith, gave her hearty wishes for our success. Every chapter in the state was advised of our plan, except the Talladega Chapter. They are now doing a great patriotic work in erecting a monument to the Revolutionary soldiers who are buried there, and we knew they were heavily burdened. From other chapters of the state came hearty responses, which resulted in the following contributions:

Peter Forney Chapter, Montgomery, Alabama,	\$25 00
State Treasury, Alabama Daughters of the American Revolution,	10 00
General Sumter Chapter, Birmingham, Alabama,	10 00
Light Horse Harry Lee Chapter, Auburn, Alabama,	10 00
John Wade Keyes Chapter, Athens, Alabama,	10 00
Martha Wayles Jefferson Chapter, Opelika, Alabama,	3 00
Frederick William Gray Chapter, Anniston, Alabama,	5 00
Tuscaloosa Chapter, Tuscaloosa, Alabama,	3 50
Selma, Eufaula and Eutaw Chapters not fully organized.	

With the above contributions we succeeded in securing a sum sufficient to purchase a handsome loving cup. The three handles gave to the cup three panels. One bore the insignia of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution. On the next panel were the words "Presented by the Daughters of the American Revolution of Alabama, 1901." The third bore the simple inscription, "U. S. S. Alabama."

On the 4th day of March the loving cup was presented to Captain Brownson by special messenger bearing the following communication:

March, 1901.—Captain Brownson, U. S. S. Alabama, Pensacola, Florida.

Dear Sir: The Daughters of the American Revolution beg that

you accept this Loving Cup as their testimonial to the battleship Alabama.

We have no boasted pride as to number for we are few, but we do boast of hearts ever loyal to the sailor boy who, placing his name on the roll-call of his country, risks his life for her on the briny deep.

May the Alabama with her gallant crew of officers and sailors anchor safely in every port, and should a foreign foe attack her, may the God of battle inscribe victory on the banner that is nailed to her masthead. This is the earnest prayer of every Daughter of the American Revolution of Alabama.

Most sincerely,

MRS. J. MORGAN SMITH,
State Regent.

MRS. AMELIA C. WYLY, *Chairman.*

Captain Brownson acknowledged the gift in these graceful words :

Mrs. J. Morgan Smith, State Regent Daughters of the American Revolution, South Highlands, Birmingham, Alabama.

Dear Madam: There has come to this ship to-day, addressed to my care a beautiful Loving Cup, the gift of the Daughters of the American Revolution to the battleship named after their great state.

That so distinguished a body of women should have paid the ship so marked a compliment is peculiarly gratifying to us, and if anything was needed to inspire the officers and crew with a desire to keep her in a high state of efficiency at all times, in peace or war, it would be the kindly interest shown by the gift.

The Alabama will probably remain in this port for some days, and if your organization will designate some day in the near future when they will do us the honor of visiting the ship, we will esteem it a privilege to greet them on board, and we will do everything in our power to make their visit a pleasant one. The beautiful Loving Cup awaits their coming for its christening.

Trusting that we may have the pleasure of seeing you all and thanking you warmly for your kind thought of us, I am, my dear madam,

Faithfully yours,

WILLIAM H. BROWNSON,
Captain U. S. Navy.

Pensacola, Florida, March 4, 1901.

—MRS. AMELIA C. WYLY, *Regent and Chairman.*

Mary Fuller Percival Chapter (Van Buren, Arkansas).—

When memory opens her golden gates,
 And the misty past unfurls,
 How gladly we hear familiar names,
 Like echoes from distant worlds.
 We follow the path our grandsires led
 On New England's rocky shore.
 They built their homes in the forest glades,
 The humble homes of yore.

The saintly men sang an anthem of praise,
 With the solemn group around;
 The red man paused to hear the song,
 And the wild deer leaped at the sound.
 The patient matron plods her way,
 Through busy cares for household weal,
 And oft is seen through the open door
 Priscilla, at her spinning wheel.

A countless host has risen to bless
 The freedom that our grandsires won,
 On battlefields, in halls of state;
 Their mighty work is done.
 Remembered be the natal hour,
 When peace gave evidence of power,
 And history paused to note the name
 Immortal on the roll of fame.

Be valiant still in pride of place,
 'Neath sheltering folds of rainbow hue,
 And gathering stars, a Nation's dower,
 Resplendent on the blue.
 Through circling years thy fame shall be,
 Land of the brave and home of the free;
 A wide domain beneath the sun,
 The glorious land of Washington.

The Mary Fuller Percival Chapter sends this tribute dedicated to Mary Fuller Percival, by her granddaughter, Mrs. Eudora E. Knox.

Mary Clap Wooster Chapter (New Haven, Connecticut).—
 Mrs. William Moseley welcomed the chapter March 2d, to hear the reports of the delegates from Washington. Mrs. C. H. Platt gave an account of the arrival and the weather;

this was followed by Mrs. Mary Kerns on the reports of the national officers. Mrs. Henry Champion, the regent, then gave a very concise and instructive account of "The Business Accomplished," which was followed by a paper by Miss Ida Darrow on "The Congress from the Parliamentary, the Common Sense and Christian Point of View," which showed much insight of human nature and dispelled the halo of indignity with which the press had surrounded the proceedings of the congress. This was followed by a delightful paper on "The Social Side of the Congress," by Mrs. C. W. Pickett, and the "stay-at-home" daughters felt they had been transported in imagination to Washington.—GRACE BROWN SALISBURY, *Historian.*

The Wadsworth Chapter (Middletown, Connecticut).—The appointment of the first regent of this chapter, Mrs. D. Ward Northrop, was made in Washington by the state regent, Mrs. Randolph deB. Keim, verified by the National Board and signed by the president general, Mrs. Benjamin Harrison, on October 20, 1891. We have the honor of being the first chapter formed in Connecticut, and the second in New England.

To Mrs. Goode and to her husband, the late Dr. G. Brown Goode, director of the National Museum at Washington, District of Columbia, is due the first suggestion of forming a chapter in Middletown, their former home.

Mrs. Northrop was succeeded as regent by the late lamented Miss Susan C. Clarke, who later became state regent of Connecticut. Her worthy successor was Mrs. O. V. Coffin, the wife of Governor Coffin, who, on retiring from the regency, presented her successor, Mrs. James H. Bunce, with a silver-mounted gavel made of wood from the homestead of Gen. James Wadsworth. Mrs. Bunce efficiently directed the chapter through two years of active work, including the Spanish war relief work. Our present regent is Mrs. Wm. W. Wilcox, the president for Connecticut of the National Mary Washington Memorial Association.

The work accomplished has been varied and effective. The liberty bell and the fund for the portrait of Mrs. Harri-

son were among the first to receive our contributions, the latter to the amount of \$25. The project of enclosing and repairing the old Riverside cemetery was begun and constantly aided by the chapter. To its fund has been given \$240, of which \$100 was received from two lectures. A relief fund for the Spanish war was raised, amounting to \$152, garments were made and sent with other supplies to hospitals and camps. The Cuban orphans were helped from \$50 of this fund, and our gift was the beginning of forming a permanent home for destitute children in Cardinas, Cuba. The proposed Middlesex county hospital has received our contributions to its fund. For the Lafayette monument in Paris we gave \$20. For the Connecticut book "Patron Saints" we gave \$25, with an illustrated biographical sketch of Gen. James Wadsworth, prepared by Mrs. W. T. Elmer. For the Continental Hall in Washington, \$50; for the Nathan Hale school house in New London, \$25 was given. To build the Groton relic room we contributed \$25, which sum our regent doubled. The National Mary Washington Memorial Association has received from us the sums of \$25 and \$50. By the efforts of our regent, Mrs. Wilcox, the reception room of the Mary Washington house at Fredericksburg, Virginia, has been furnished with rich, old furniture given by Connecticut women alone. A prize of \$10 is to be given by us to the girl of the graduating class of the Middletown high school who shall write the best essay on Gov. Jonathan Trumbull. A second prize of \$5 was added by our regent.

A handsome flag was given to the high school on the acquisition of its new building. The fairs held in Boston for the benefit of the New England hospital for women and children have twice been helped by us, and books and magazines sent to the state hospital for the insane and to the industrial school for girls.

Interesting historical papers have been prepared and read at our meetings, some of which have been sent to the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE and to the "Connecticut Quarterly."

A delightful reception was given at the house of our regent, Mrs. Coffin, in June, 1897, to the state regent, Mrs.

Kinney, and the chapter regents and other officers of the Connecticut chapters.

The interesting celebration of the 250th anniversary of the settlement of Middletown, held October 10, 11, 1900, was first suggested by a "daughter" of our chapter. Its fine loan exhibition of historical relics, its colonial rooms, its generous hospitality, bore witness of the thought and labor of many of these daughters, nineteen or more of whom have traced their lineage to the men who first settled Middletown. For this celebration a fund of \$145 was raised among us. A relic of value to us is the family Bible of Gen. James Wadsworth, presented by Mrs. Gatzmer, of Durham, to our chapter.

The entire list of members, past and present, is one hundred and twenty-three, including five "real daughters," or women whose fathers served in the Revolutionary army. Their names are: Mrs. Mary McLean Willis, of Glastonbury, Connecticut; Mrs. Amelia Adeline Watrous, of East Hampton, Connecticut; Miss Mary J. Deming, of East Haddam, Connecticut; Mrs. Laura Markham Skinner, of East Hampton, Connecticut; Mrs. Abigail Foote Loomis, of East Hampton, Connecticut.—MARY E. LYMAN, *Historian*.

The Army and Navy Chapter (Washington, District of Columbia).—The special work of the chapter is outlined in the following extracts from the annual report presented May 13, 1901, by the regent, Mrs. Charlotte Emerson Main. Among other things she says:

Our work has been quite as extensive and far-reaching as during the year 1899-1900. Although the first enthusiasm and excitement of our Spanish war has long ere this worn itself out, and among civilians become nothing more than a matter of history, to us—wives, widows, and daughters of army and navy officers—it is very far from being a thing of the past, and the bereavement and sufferings of many of our members keep it a real and ever-present trouble.

While our luncheon and tea room did not prove the financial success which our ambition craved, it was nevertheless a good work, and brought forth the heartiest commendations from the public. Our relief committee was untiring in its

efforts, but it has seemed wiser to dispose of it than to attempt to carry it on through another summer. We feel that the chapter has been benefited by the experience, and we know that we were able to hold out a helping hand to many poor women who needed it, by giving them employment.

The circulars which the chapter authorized the relief committee to send out last June brought us many contributions, as well as words of sympathy and encouragement for our work. The first to respond was the Gen. Samuel Hopkins Chapter, of Henderson, Kentucky. Then followed the Chemung Chapter, of Elmira, New York; the Le Roy de Chau-mont Chapter, of Watertown, New York; the Lansing Chapter, of Lansing, Michigan; Bellefonte Chapter, of Bellefonte, Pennsylvania; Washington County Chapter, of Washington, Pennsylvania; Chester County Chapter, of Pennsylvania; Molly Stark Chapter, of Manchester, New Hampshire; Martha Pitkin Chapter, of Sandusky, Ohio; Ascutney Chapter of Windsor, Vermont, and last but not least, Trent Chapter, of New Jersey, which sent us a check for \$275. One hundred dollars of this money was sent to the wife of a surgeon in the army, serving in the Philippines, to be used for the relief of cases reported by her. Smaller sums have been sent to other places where they seemed to be most needed.

It appears to us that this relief work must be continued indefinitely, now that a large part of our army is certain to be stationed in the far-away islands of the Pacific.

At the sessions of the continental congress in February, our chapter gave \$35 toward the Continental Hall fund. Our committee on literature has sent weekly supplies of papers and magazines to Manila throughout the year.

Eleven members have been added to our chapter, while we have lost only two from our roll.

In making my last report as your regent, I cannot find words in which to express the gratitude I feel for the thoughtful kindness which you have ever shown me, and I would fain impress upon your minds the great work which belongs to us, and to us alone, owing to our especial relation to the army and navy of our country.

The Joseph Habersham Chapter (Atlanta, Georgia) came into existence a few days before the congress of last year, and its regent, Mrs. William Lawson Peel, there made its first contribution to the work of the National Society—a donation of one hundred dollars to the Continental Hall fund. It began with fifteen members, and at the close of the year had one hundred and eight, of whom three are life members and thirty-three are "real daughters." It is one of the best known chapters in the South, and its prominence is in a great measure due to its work in the columns of the Atlanta Constitution, in the Sunday issues of which is an historical and genealogical department, established by the chapter in May, 1900, and conducted in its name and under the supervision of an editorial committee consisting of Mrs. Peel, the regent, Miss Helen M. Prescott and Miss Laura Nina Hornady. In it are published genealogical queries from all parts of the country, and answers, historical papers and other matters of interest to the Daughters. This, the first undertaking of its kind in the state, has been of incalculable benefit to our organization throughout the South. In this region, rich in tradition, and unpublished genealogical data, it has brought to light much valuable family history and other matters of historical interest which have never before appeared in print. More than a hundred persons who have become members of other chapters than our own have been gratuitously assisted by the editors of this department in preparing papers for membership and establishing their claims to eligibility. The success of this department, not only from our standpoint as Daughters, but from that of the publishers of a thoroughly up-to-date newspaper of immense circulation, who set a high value on their space, has been such as to warrant the continuance of the department as a permanent feature of the paper.

A number of interesting papers, on subjects selected by the regent, have been read at the chapter meetings, some of them by gentlemen of the advisory board. The following is a list of these papers, and of others in course of preparation. They are at the disposal of our state historian, for temporary use by any chapter in the state:

Joseph Habersham,	Mrs. Preston H. Miller
Things in which Georgia was First,	Mrs. A. D. Candler
Different Nationalities Represented by First Settlers,.....	
.....	Miss Helen M. Prescott
The Great Baptist Emigration of 1751,	
.....	The Rev. Dr. W. W. Laudrum
First Settlers of Wilkes County,	Mrs. H. B. Tompkins
Land Grants and Head Rights,	The Hon. Philip Cook
Early Parishes and First Counties,	Miss Annie Northen
The Indians in Georgia,	Mrs. Thos. Peters
Colonial and Royal Governors of Georgia,	
.....	The Hon. Allen D. Chandler
Georgia Forts and Battle Grounds,	Mrs. A. L. Byers
Georgia Women in the Revolution,	Mrs. Laulie R. Parrott
Our French Allies in the American Revolution,	
.....	Col. John W. Huger.
Executive Council,	Miss Katharine Woolten
Georgia Society of the Cincinnati,	The Hon. E. W. Martin
The Unwritten History of Button Gwinnett,..	Mrs. Chas. A. Whitner
Slavery in Georgia,	The Hon. Harvey Johnson
Colonial and Revolutionary History in Georgia,	
.....	The Hon. James E. Brown
Social Life in Georgia,	Miss Nina Hornady

The chapter has turned over much important data to the state, notably the splendid donation of Colonial and Revolutionary records of Georgia, in manuscript, illustrated by pen and ink sketches, which was received by the regent from Miss Harvey, of Pennsylvania. These records are a valuable supplement to the manuscript list of seven thousand soldiers already secured for the state by our regent; containing as they do two thousand names of Georgians who served in the Revolution. A like disposition has been made of nine volumes of "Pennsylvania Archives," received from Mrs. Peter J. Hughes of that state.

With a view to effective co-operation for the purpose of securing from the legislature, then about to convene, an appropriation for the printing of the Georgia records of the Colonial and Revolutionary periods, the chapter held a meeting last October, at which were present Governor Candler and other prominent state officials. The governor, in his message to the legislature, recommended the appropriation.

During the state conference held in Atlanta last Novem-

ber, this chapter contributed to the entertainment by a brilliant reception at the executive mansion.

Through the courtesy of the Governor and Mrs. Candler, our vice-regent, the chapter meetings have been held at the executive mansion.

Upwards of one hundred dollars has been expended in the work of discovering "real daughters" and in paying initiation fees which the National Society requires of them, the chapter itself undertaking the payment of this fee. Of our "Real Daughters" more may be said hereafter in the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE.—AUGUSTA STRONG GRAHAM, *Corresponding Secretary.*

Lincoln Chapter (Lincoln, Illinois).—As no report from Lincoln Chapter, No. 212, has appeared in the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE recently, I am pleased to say the chapter in many ways is prospering. Our able regent, Mrs. Adeline G. Bates, has given the best of her services to the work.

Flag day was publicly observed. Mrs. L. L. Morrison, the delegate to the state conference in Chicago, June 1st, gave a very interesting report of the meeting. In June, 1900, the regent invited the Daughters to her country home, and a delightful afternoon was enjoyed. The special work of the two years has been \$25 sent to the Lafayette fund, \$25 to the Continental Hall, \$25 towards the furnishing of a room in the local new hospital, and lastly, an interest has been created in favor of a county historical society. This the Daughters have started and assisted in its organization, sending a delegate to the second annual meeting of the Illinois historical society, in Springfield, Ill., January 30-31, 1901.—
MATILDA GILLESPIE, *Historian.*

Clinton Chapter (Clinton, Iowa).—Wishing to be in line with the spirit of the century, we chose for our year's work one form of civic patriotism—the building of a public library.

It was decided that the first three meetings should be cooking lessons, the cooking to be done by the hostess in the presence of the chapter and the invited guests, the pro-

ceeds to go to the library fund—Mrs. Nancy Hosford Curtis to be chairman of the committee. Our first cooking lesson was given at the beautiful home of Mrs. James Dwight Lamb. Our hostess, assisted by Mrs. Helen V. Seaman, conducting the demonstration—oysters cooked in a chafing dish, our regent giving us an instructive talk on the delicious bivalve. The oysters and fragrant coffee, and the recipe were sold to the chapter and their invited guests at a nominal sum, thereby increasing our library fund.—**HANNAH PUTNAM GOODWIN, Historian.**

The Stars and Stripes Chapter (Burlington, Iowa) is just entering upon its fourth year. The chapter has responded to all patriotic calls.

At our monthly meetings we have discussions of the prominent historical novels, magazine reviews, current topics, historical papers and talks with musical numbers. At our last meeting, at the home of the regent, Miss Penrose, we had a talk on "Washington at Valley Forge," by Mrs. Frank A. Millard, and the members very appropriately voted to join in the movement to have a bill passed to make this historical spot, "Valley Forge," a national park. At this meeting it was also resolved to erect a stone over the grave of a Revolutionary hero buried in our beautiful cemetery, Aspen Grove, and to mark and preserve "Black Hawk" rock, a large boulder, which stands on the brow of one of our beautiful bluffs. It was around this rock the celebrated Black Hawk, chief of the Sacs and Foxes, held his councils and tarried with his Indian warriors.

Washington's birthday is marked on our calendar for a social afternoon at the home of one of our charter members, Mrs. Frank A. Millard.—**ABbie MACFLYNN.**

John Marshall Chapter (Louisville, Kentucky).—John Marshall day was of special interest to the chapter which has the honor of bearing his name, and it was celebrated with appropriate ceremonies. The charter of John Marshall Chapter was the fourth granted by the National Society to its founder, Mrs. Sallie Ewing Pope, the widow of the grandson

of the distinguished jurist. Among the charter members are several descendants of the chief justice.

The chapter is in a flourishing condition under the administration of the present regent, Mrs. John T. Bate. After the regular chapter meeting many of our representative citizens joined us in doing honor to the distinguished chief justice.

Gen. Basil Duke, as a grand-nephew of Chief Justice Marshall, was chosen to deliver the main address, following which was an eulogy by the Hon. Walter Evans, judge of the United States court in Kentucky. The meeting closed very appropriately with the presentation of a loving cup to Mrs. Pope, by Mrs. Bate, our regent, in behalf of the chapter.—*SARAH THURSTON HUGHES, Historian.*

Frances Dighton Williams Chapter (Bangor, Maine).—Although the Frances Dighton Williams Chapter did not find it practicable to send a delegate to the "General Congress" in February, the desire to keep in touch with the sister chapters of the society leads us to the most direct means of communication remaining, the columns of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

After a two years' course of study in United States history, with due emphasis on the Revolutionary period, we have given the past year to local history, and despite the fact that Maine lies outside the area of Revolutionary battle grounds, we have found that it was well within the area of Revolutionary patriotism; of homes that sent forth continental soldiers, as well as of the many homes founded by the "returning brave," and scattered among the small towns and villages are many of the hitherto unnoticed last, "narrow homes" which it is the duty and the privilege of the Sons and the Daughters of the Revolution permanently to mark.

Meanwhile we have not neglected the social pleasures. On one occasion a verandah party was given, and a small admission fee being charged the chapter was enabled to purchase a handsome secretary of pre-revolutionary manufacture. Does it not seem fitting that its term of usefulness should be rounded out as a conservator of documents of the Daughters of the American Revolution?

For the past three years we have had a special meeting on Washington's birthday. At the first the literary exercises consisted of poem and prose relating incidents in the life of the hero of the day. We were also shown a collection of the various portraits of Washington.

The second celebration was also in a private home, where beneath the national colors in every variety of tasteful arrangement, to the inspiring sound of our loved, if not altogether lovely, patriotic airs, we sharpened our wits to an entertaining (albeit to some of us humiliating) contest. Upon the walls of several of the rooms, were hung a very discouraging number and variety of pictures. Leaders—military, ecclesiastic, legal, literary, financial and political—stared at us from the walls in the most mystifying manner; buildings, localities, events prominent in our history, representations of the thousand and one things which "we all know, of course," but straightway proceed to forget, until called for; these gave us a puzzle worse than Adam's, for he could name the beasts of the field as he chose, with no one to dispute him. The prize was appropriate to the day—a cherry tree (of the Jerusalem variety), bearing a little silver hatchet tied to one of its fruitful branches.

This year the chapter gave a Washington's birthday reception in the central church parish-house to the Sons of the American Revolution in Bangor, the officers of the historical society and other friends. For the edification of visitors and our own satisfaction, Mrs. Henry K. White prepared and read a paper answering the question, "Why are we Daughters of the American Revolution?" and Mr. F. H. Costello read a paper prepared by another of the Sons, Professor Denio, on the subject, "The Work of the Sons of the American Revolution."

Such is the record of our doings small and few. But if it be now "the day of small things" with us, the establishment and maintenance of the chapter, the marking, recording and resurrecting of unknown, forgotten or unregarded items of the past, may win for us a gratitude in the future, which will satisfactorily answer the question, "Why were we Daughters of the American Revolution?"—ESTHER P. P. (H.) ESTES,
Historian.

Frederick Chapter (Frederick, Maryland).—In a few months the Frederick Chapter will have passed the ninth milestone of its existence, for the first ink upon our calendar reads, organized September 28, 1892, hence we are the second oldest chapter in the state. Amid the passing of years we have accomplished much in the way of perpetuating the memory of our heroic forefathers, preserving documents and relics, identifying, locating and marking historic spots and graves—as well as promoting educational and patriotic growth; for true it is, nothing appeals so much to one's pride and intellect as the delights of genealogical research, by means of which we of to-day find ourselves so closely allied to the great past. In the ages past, even Plutarch has said, "it is indeed a desirable thing to be well descended, even though the glory belongs to our ancestors."

Our old town is full of memories of the long ago, a legacy and a trust of magnificent heritage, the memory of which will be as lasting as the overhanging mountains of blue, which shadow this historic valley.

The day the chapter has selected as one for special observance and honor is the 23d day of November, being the anniversary of the day, November 23, 1765, when the Stamp Act was repudiated by the Frederick county court, such action being the first public defiance and great blow which British supremacy received on this side of the Atlantic, and thus the first great act in the drama of the Revolution. Our present court house stands upon the historic site where stood the old court house, in which sat those twelve fearless and immortal judges, who, on that memorable day, proclaimed for the first time the invalidity of the Stamp Act.

The names of these "Immortal Twelve" are as follows: Thomas Beatty, Peter Bainbridge, William Luckett, Charles Jones, David Lynn, Thomas Price, James Dickson, William Blair, Samuel Beall, Josiah Beall, Andrew Hughes and Joseph Smith. In our chapter are several descendants of these illustrious men. In the memory of their fearless adjudication, we of the Frederick Chapter are working to erect in our court house a tablet in bronze, thus perpetuating and immortalizing for all time the heroic decision of the "Im-

mortal Twelve." There is yet another day of single event sufficient to greatly increase our pride in the memories that cluster about our early history, for true it is, that whatever glory or honor Maryland attained by being one of the immortal thirteen states, not a small portion of the same is due to the earnest and patriotic utterance of our forefathers at a meeting held on the 17th of June, 1776. What a timely voice it was that sounded in old Fredericktown—and no sooner uttered, than the fleetest horsemen bore the same to Annapolis. These spirited and defiant resolutions, coming as one voice from old Frederick county, proved a great inspiration, and precipitated the action of the Maryland convention eleven days later.

In commemoration of the one hundred and twenty-fifth anniversary of the day when the shot, which was the cradle song to the infant republic, was fired from Lexington, Miss Eleanor M. Johnson, regent, tendered to the Frederick Chapter and her friends a most charming reception at her home, graciously opened for the occasion. Many guests thronged the rooms during the afternoon, which proved one of interest and enjoyment to all who were present.

With June the meetings close for the summer.—SYBELLE M. ETCHISON, *Historian.*

The Abiah Folger Franklin Chapter (Nantucket, Massachusetts).—At the beginning of the year 1900 the Abiah Folger Franklin Chapter by indefatigable efforts had accumulated a small fund toward the erection of a memorial to Abiah Folger, the mother of Benjamin Franklin. This finally took the form of a granite drinking fountain to mark on the roadside the site of the house where this brave and loyal woman was born.

In reply to appeals for aid, most gratifying responses came from men and women of Nantucket ancestry, from individual members of Massachusetts chapters and from the Onondaga Chapter, of Syracuse, N. Y., whose regent is a lineal descendant of Benjamin Franklin. The Pennsylvania Society of Colonial Dames and the Pennsylvania historical society gave our little fund a most inspiring uplift.

All these kindly donations made it possible for us to have the stone work set when in September, 1900, the Old Colony commission—three men appointed by the governor of Massachusetts to mark historic sites in the Old Colony—gave to us in the name of the commonwealth a beautiful bronze tablet fastened to a slab of granite, for the insertion of which at the back of the fountain provision was made in the design. Our work is not yet done. We are hoping for a little more aid to enable us to place the chapter's inscription on the pedestal of the fountain, to do some grading on the roadway and to plant a few shrubs and trees. The kindness of Miss Sara Whittemore Daggett has interested many Massachusetts chapters in our work.

The fountain was dedicated on September 3, 1900. The beautiful tablet which forms the back of the granite drinking fountain given to the town by the Abiah Folger Franklin Chapter, of Nantucket, contains the following inscription:

This tablet is erected by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in commemoration of Abiah Folger Franklin, daughter of Peter Folger, wife of Josiah Franklin and mother of Benjamin Franklin. She was born August 15th, 1667, in a house which stood 225 feet north, 52 degrees west from this spot, and died in Boston in 1752.

The chairman of the meeting, in his capacity as secretary of the board of selectmen, accepted the tablet for the town.

Miss Sara Winthrop Smith, regent of the Abiah Folger Franklin Chapter, presented to the town in the name of this chapter the granite drinking fountain now in position on the Madaket road. After the acceptance of this gift the chairman introduced Miss Sara W. Daggett, who gave a very fine address. Then followed a paper by Allen Coffin, Esq., on "Peter Folger as a Pioneer," and a few words by Dr. Arthur E. Jenks. The Star-Spangled Banner was then sung by the audience and choir, all standing. The Rev. J. O. Rutter, pastor of the church in which the services were held, pronounced the benediction.—*SARAH W. WINTHROP SMITH, Regent.*

Lucy Knox Chapter (Gloucester, Massachusetts).—The chapter held a pleasant and interesting meeting at the resi-

dence of Mrs. Howard F. Smith, February 17th. The regent, Miss Marietta M. Wonson, presented Mrs. George H. Newell, past regent, in behalf of the chapter with two ancestral bars and a souvenir spoon as a token of their appreciation for her efficient services. A literary and musical program was presented, including an interesting account of the "Fighting Parson of '76," by Mrs. William A. Procter, followed by another interesting paper upon the "Life of Benjamin Franklin," by Mrs. Howard F. Smith.—LILLIAN A. TARR, *Secretary*.

Old Newbury Chapter (Newburyport, Massachusetts).—One of the most attractive outings ever taken by the chapter was the "Field Day" at Fatherland farm, South Byfield, October 15, 1900. This house, long the seat of the Parsons family, was built by Jacob Parsons, the Boston merchant. Its present owner is Mrs. Alexander Forbes, a descendant of Jacob Parsons, and a member of Old Newbury Chapter.

In November a glowing report of the state meeting at Lowell was given by the delegate, Miss Susan I. Adams, and a paper on "Samuel Adams" was read by Miss Lizzie Adams Smith.

In December Dr. George W. Worcester gave an account of his visit to the Paris exposition and Oberammergau passion play.

January was signalized by the visit of Miss Sara W. Daggett, the state regent. The Hon. John J. Currier gave an address on "Newbury in the Revolution."

A most timely paper was prepared and read at the February meeting by Mrs. Walter Andrews, subject, "Washington's Interest in Education." And in March the Hon. William H. Swasey gave us much unwritten history about the privateers of the Revolution.

The chapter has contributed ten dollars toward the fund for a memorial to Governor Wolcott; has presented a suitable picture to the new school house, and kept the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE in the public library. It is about to take part, through two delegates, and through a contribution of \$10, in the efforts to celebrate fittingly the city's semi-cen-

tennial the coming summer. It has placed thirteen markers on the graves of Revolutionary patriots and sent several boxes of suitable reading matter to our soldiers and sailors in the Philippines.—ALICE B. G. BOYNTON, *Historian*.

Prudence Wright Chapter (Pepperell, Massachusetts).—Mrs. C. D. Hutchinson extended the hospitalities of her home from three to five o'clock p. m. to the members of the chapter on February 22d. A large number were present, among them the "real daughter," Mrs. Ruth Naomi (Baxter) Hobart. During the afternoon she was presented with the golden souvenir spoon from the National Society, by Mrs. Nellie Blake Appleton.

A fine program was carried out on the subject of Martha Washington, instead of her husband George. Able papers were read by Mrs. H. N. Tower and Mrs. Swasey, interspersed with piano solos by Mrs. John O. Bennett.

A collection was taken for the Wolcott memorial fund.

The annual meeting of the chapter was held April 19th. Miss Shattuck then gave her report, which was a resume of the work since the formation of the chapter, and during her regency. The meeting was then adjourned to April 23d, at the residence of Col. S. P. Shattuck. Miss M. L. P. Shattuck, the retiring regent, very pleasantly introduced to the chapter her successor, Mrs. Heald, as the new regent. Mrs. H. N. Tower gave a talk on "John Hancock, His Book," which was followed by a reading of Alice Morse Earle's "Marriage Customs of the Early Puritans," by Mrs. H. B. Shattuck.

It is expected the Prudence Wright Chapter will some time have a home of its own, as the town, at their annual meeting in March, gave them the use of the old brick building at the northeast corner of the common, formerly the school house at Pepperell Centre.—LUCY BANCROFT PAGE, *Historian*.

Tea Party Chapter (Boston, Massachusetts).—In commemoration of one of our city's historic events, our chapter, on March 17th, placed a tablet on the new building which has been erected on the site of the old Dagget House. The inscription reads:

"On this site
stood the house in which Nathaniel, David, Thomas and Josiah Brad-
lee, with John Fulton, assisted by
Sarah Bradlee Fulton,
disguised themselves as Mohawk Indians and took part in throw-
ing the tea into Boston Harbor, Dec. 16, 1773.
Hurrah for Griffin's Wharf,
the Mohawks are coming.
Placed by the Boston Tea Party Chapter,
Daughters of the American Revolution,
March 17, 1901."

Our regent, Mrs. Edmund B. Cowles, introduced Mr. Samuel Daggett, whose ancestors have preserved the old home from 1771. Mr. Daggett spoke entertainingly of colonial Boston and incidents connected with the Tea Party.

Dr. James Thornton, president of the Sons of the American Revolution, presented the chapter with a picture of the old house and a cane made of wood which had been reverently saved from the ruins.

Miss Wild, regent of the Sarah Bradlee-Fulton Chapter, brought us fraternal greetings.

Mrs. Louise Peabody Sargent, a former regent of the Tea Party Chapter, spoke briefly of patriotic work, and gave an exquisite rendering of Kipling's Recessional.—MAY HOL-
LAND, *Historian*.

General Richardson Chapter (Pontiac, Michigan).—The chapter was organized January 4, 1900. We have offered two prizes for the best essays on American history by Pontiac grammar and high school pupils, and have sent books, papers and boxes to soldiers at Manila. We have also adopted by-laws and united with the Michigan conference of Daughters of the American Revolution.

Papers have been read on "Literature of the Revolution," "Famous Heroines of the Revolution," "History of the Flag," "Mode of Revolutionary Warfare," "Social Life of the Revolution," "Mount Vernon," "Sketch of General Israel B. Richardson," in memory of whom the chapter is named. We have collected some Revolutionary relics.

The historian wrote for the chapter a complete history of

Pontiac, the celebrated Indian chief for whom this town is named.

A reception was given to the Grand Army of "Dick Richardson Post," and the Woman's Relief Corps, on General Richardson day, November 3d, at the home of the regent. Personal reminiscences of General Richardson and war songs were the program.

The regent, Mrs. Ada L. Smith, in a speech explained why the Daughters of the American Revolution chose a Civil War soldier for whom they named the chapter. Pontiac had no claim to any Revolutionary history, while 'mid the thousands Michigan sent out in 1861 to keep the country undivided there was one, and only one, who reached the eminence of major general, and he from Pontiac. To Mrs. Edwards, state regent of Michigan, is due the suggestion that we name our chapter after General Israel B. Richardson. General Winfield Scott valued his worth in the Mexican war by naming him "Fighting Dick."—MARCIA M. RICHARDSON, *Historian.*

The Jane Randolph Jefferson Chapter (Jefferson City, Missouri).—The chapter entered upon its third year under most happy auspices, January 6, 1900, at the home of the regent, Mrs. Florence Ewing Towles, who delightfully entertained the Daughters in honor of the dual anniversaries—Washington's wedding day and the organization of the chapter.

The Jane Randolph Jefferson Chapter is a patriotic, congenial band, numbering twenty-seven. During the year the chapter met the second Saturday in each month except during the heated season. The study of the principal battles and important generals of the Revolution, which had been commenced two years before, was finished.

Washington's birthday was celebrated Sunday, February 17th, at the state house in the hall of representatives, which was well filled with an interested audience. On the date of Washington's death in December, beautiful memorial services were held in Grace Episcopal church, by the Rev. George L. Neide. In December the "Boston Tea Party" was also remembered in a pleasing way. Interesting papers were

read, national airs sung, and tea was partaken of during the social hour. In order to arouse the spirit of patriotism in the young, the chapter resolved to offer prizes for the best essays upon some patriotic subject. The prizes, gold medals, to be competed for by the school children in certain grades in all the schools in the city. The time for preparing the essays was so brief that the offer was laid over until next year. "Flag Day" is always celebrated in June, at "Edgewood," the country home of Mrs. Ellen C. Edwards, and is anticipated with pleasure by the Daughters.

A notable reception was given by the Jane Randolph Jefferson Chapter at the home of Mrs. T. O. Towles, chapter regent, February 22, 1901, complimentary to the members of the legislature, the supreme judges, the incoming administration, their wives and daughters. The members of the chapter wore colonial gowns, powdered hair a la pompadour. Many of the gowns, as well as the jeweled ornaments, were precious heirlooms of antiquity.—BEAUREGARD HARDING FERGUSON, *Historian*.

Jefferson Chapter (St. Louis Missouri).—The annual meeting of the chapter was held on January 26, 1901, at the home of Mrs. Harriet U. Dalton and Miss Louise Dalton. Mrs. Mary Polk Winn, regent, reviewed the history of the chapter from its beginning over a year ago, when the Missouri state regent, Mrs. George H. Shields, requested Mrs. Winn to organize a chapter. The chapter was named in honor of Thomas Jefferson, to whom the United States is indebted for the Louisiana purchase, one of the most important events in American history.

An important action was taken by the Jefferson Chapter at a called meeting two days later, at which it was resolved that the commissioners of the "Louisiana Purchase" celebration, or the World's Fair, expected to be held in St. Louis, in 1903, should be asked to recognize the Daughters of the American Revolution. They also asked that a representative from the Daughters of the American Revolution be placed at the head of a department of historical relics and all other matters of historical and patriotic interest.

Mrs. Ed. Burke Pickett and Mrs. Edwin Campbell entertained the chapter, February 28th. The chapter's delegate to the continental congress, Mrs. Pepper, read an exhaustive report of the meeting of the National Society.

The next meeting occurred at the residence of Mrs. Winthrop G. Chappell. By a unanimous vote it was resolved that Mrs. George H. Shields, state regent of Missouri, be endorsed as the Daughters of the American Revolution representative on a board of woman managers for the Louisiana Purchase exposition, to be held in St. Louis in 1903. Mrs. A. D. Chappell read from Maurice Thompson's story of the Revolution in the West, "Alice of Old Vincennes," choosing the chapter which described the campaign of General George Rogers Clark against Vincennes.

Mrs. John A. Lee, wife of the lieutenant governor of the state, entertained the chapter on May 10th. Miss Louis Dalton read a paper on the pre-Revolutionary movement in North Carolina, the "War of the Regulation," which culminated in the battle of Alamance, May 16, 1771, between the Regulators and the King's troops under General William Tryon, governor of the province. In his history of the United States, George Bancroft says: "The blood of 'rebels' against oppression was first shed among the settlers on the branches of the Cape Fear river." This was at the battle of Alamance, near the headwaters of the Cape Fear river.

It was decided that the June meeting take the form of an outdoor picnic at the country residence of Mrs. Taylor.—
MARY LOUISE DALTON, *Historian*.

Omaha Chapter (Omaha, Nebraska).—The annual meeting of the chapter was held January 7, 1901.

In her report the historian acknowledged the gift of relics from Mr. W. H. Woods, of Calhoun, and spoke of the work of marking the historic spots of the state as an important work of the year. An account of the awarding of the medal to Miss Vera Fink, of Lothrop school, for the best essay on "Religion in the Colonies," was given and it was decided that a regular sum be set aside each year for such a medal. The chairman of the committee to investigate the site of the pro-

posed monument at Fort Calhoun reported sufficient brick and other material used in the original buildings of old Fort Atkinson (1819) obtainable to construct a foundation for the monument.—ALICE DWIGHT WILLIAMS, *Historian*.

Camp Middlebrook Chapter (Bound Brook, New Jersey).—The chapter held a Revolutionary dinner, January 22d, at the residence of Mrs. F. V. D. Voorhees, Bound Brook, which was attended by its members, their husbands and friends. The chapter's large flag was draped over the doors of the connecting rooms, and a painting of General George Washington occupied a conspicuous place, draped with another flag. At the close of the dinner the regent, Mrs. W. J. Taylor, made a graceful address of welcome. She then called upon the state regent, Miss E. E. Batcheller, who was the guest of honor, for a speech. She responded with a few pleasant thoughts, and gave the following toast: "May the success and prosperity of this chapter be commensurate with the chivalry of the gentlemen, their guests." Many of the gentlemen responded with pleasant, bright and witty speeches. The historian read a poem, "One Hundred Years Ago." Then "America" and "Yankee Doodle" were heartily sung. It was a memorable occasion in the history of Camp Middlebrook Chapter.—EMELIE MESSLER, *Historian*.

Colonel Lowrey Chapter (Flemington, New Jersey).—On June 22, 1899, we organized our chapter at the home of our regent, Mrs. H. E. Deats, with twelve charter members.

We hold our meetings at the homes of the members. After the transaction of business we enjoy a social time and light refreshments are served. Our programs include music and short readings on Revolutionary topics.

Our annual meetings are especially enjoyable, as they are always held at the beautiful country home of our regent. An interesting program is prepared and a fine collation served.
—CAROLINE R. HILL, *Historian*.

The Essex Chapter of the Orange (East Orange, New Jersey).—At the meeting of the chapter, December 13th, at

the home of Mrs. Robert Dun Douglass, the study of the year was taken up. The subject for this meeting was the battle of Springfield. A paper by Mrs. Thomas was given and each member contributed a fact in relation to the event. It was an interesting fact in connection with the subject of the day, that an ancestor of the hostess took part in the battle.

The January meeting, held at the home of Mrs. Vanderbilt, had for its subject the battles of Trenton and Princeton. The chapter was honored by the presence of Miss Batcheller, the state regent, who gave an interesting account of the Wallace house.

The James Madison Chapter (Hamilton, N. Y.)—The James Madison Chapter celebrated Washington's birthday, February 22d, by a reception and program at the home of the regent, Mrs. George Barker, at Madison, N. Y. The time was pleasantly occupied by the regular program of meetings of this society, and the reading of papers written by members, on the early and married life of James Madison, after whom the chapter was named, from which it appears that the early life of our fourth president of the United States was an active and political one. A poem was read entitled "Lafayette at Washington's Tomb," and also the letter of General Washington to his niece, Miss Eliza Parke Custis, on "the tender passion," after which a collation was served by the hostess in the dining-room, which was tastefully decorated with curious articles of Revolutionary times.

This chapter was but recently formed, but has seventeen members in good standing.—ROSALIA R. BARKER, *Regent*.

The Jane McCrea Chapter (Fort Edward, Sandy Hill and Glens Falls, N. Y.), has issued an attractive year book for 1901. The list of members shows that the chapter has more than doubled in size since its organization two years ago. The literary program for the nine meetings of the year promises to be one of more than usual interest. Three papers are to be read at each meeting. The topics consist of studies of famous Revolutionary characters, and also of the

life of colonial times in its religious, social, industrial and educational aspects.

The first meeting of the year was held on January 28th, chapter day, at the home of the regent, Mrs. J. E. King, of Fort Edward. The officers of the chapter were re-elected for another year. The charter was presented by the regent, and several valuable historical works were donated by friends to the chapter. A letter was read from one of the surviving members of the McCrea family, and photographs were shown of the McCrea castle and burying ground in Scotland.

James A. Holden, of Glen Falls, kindly permitted his able monograph of Col. Ephraim Williams to be read before the chapter.

Plans were discussed for raising money for the monument to be erected to the memory of Jane McCrea, near the spot where she met her death. Mrs. Derby, of Sandy Hill, kindly offered her house, and it was decided to give a progressive whist party on the afternoon of February 6th. This proved to be a very successful affair, both socially and financially.

An enjoyable meeting was held at the residence of Mrs. Sheldon, Sandy Hill, on Washington's birthday. His character was discussed in three interesting papers. "Washington—the Man," was presented by Miss Platt; "Washington—the General," by Miss Cheesman; "Washington—the Executive," by Mrs. Devine.

The next meeting was in Fort Edward, at the home of Mrs. Bascom, on April 19th. The regent gave a report of the Daughters of the American Revolution congress, and Mrs. Nash read a paper on "Colonial Customs and Manners," and Mrs. Achenbach gave a comparison of the first and the last presidential inaugurations.—GRACE KELLOGG PARIS, *Historian*.

Sa-go-ye-wat-ha Chapter (Seneca Falls, New York), has entered upon its fifth year, with a membership of fifty.

The first meeting of the season was held at the home of the regent, Mrs. F. W. Addison, October 29th. The evening's program, "Our Ancestors," was well carried out. Wills written during the years 1600 and 1700 were read by

Mrs. E. W. Addison, Mrs. L. R. Sanford, Mrs. A. G. Snaby, Mrs. F. Lester, Miss Corning and Miss Avery. Miss Janet Corning read a letter in rhyme, written one hundred years ago. Family relics were shown of homespun linen, a very beautiful sample, rare laces, miniature portraits and silver.—
MARIA GREENOAK LAURENCE, *Historian*.

The Mecklenburg Chapter (Charleston, North Carolina).—The first work of this year was the presentation, February 22, 1900, of the Washington portraits to the schools of the city. On the same occasion two prizes in gold were offered to the tenth grade for the best essay on Revolutionary subject, and which were worthily won by Misses Lillie Durant and Mary Ezell.

At the April meeting it was resolved to erect a monument at "McIntyre's," seven miles from the city, where, October 3, 1778, Gen. George Graham with only twelve men repulsed the British with four hundred infantry and sixty cavalry. "They say" that it was from this action the Mecklenburgers were dubbed "Hornets" and Charlotte the "Hornet's Nest," by Cornwallis. In July a number of the chapter with members of the historical society, drove out to the ground, and in the moonlight, with appropriate ceremonies and addresses, placed on the spot an iron marker with a hornet's nest on it. A substantial stone monument is to replace this.

Our chapter celebrates for its birthday the anniversary of the battle of Charlotte, September 26, 1780.

To cultivate an interest in the minds of the young, the chapter has undertaken to plant in the school grounds trees from the important Revolutionary battlefields of North Carolina; first from Alamance, where was shed the first blood of the American colonies in resistance to unjust and cruel oppression, May 16, 1771. This, also called the "Battle of the Regulators," was a desperate struggle against British tyranny and malfeasance in office under General Tryon; second, from Moore's creek, where, February 27, 1776, Clinton and the Tories were repulsed as to lose all hope of holding eastern North Carolina; third, from King's mountain, where on October 7th were defeated the British under Ferguson and

Tarleton, turning the tide of liberty in the southland, as did the victory of Trenton in the northern colonies.

Others from battle ground of Ransom's Mill, June 20, 1780, and from Elizabethtown, Bladen county, July 17th, 1781, and again, from Locke's Hollow, where fell the gallant George Locke, and lastly from Guilford court house, whence March 15th, 1781, Cornwallis began that retreat which ended only with the surrender at Yorktown, November 4, 1781.—
MRS. RUFUS BARRINGER, *Historian.*

Old Northwest Chapter (Ravenna, Ohio).—A little circle of ladies gathered around the open fire at the charming home of Mrs. Ellesif Reeves Beebe, on the evening of February 22d, to celebrate at once the birth of the "Father of his Country" and the organization of the Old Northwest Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

A brief business meeting, adopting national constitution, appointing officers, being held, the guests adjourned to the dining-room. In the place of honor resting upon a pewter platter, reposed the cake, a frosted pyramid, adorned with flags, and "chopped" in generous slices, each one retaining its little hatchet, from whose handle floated a ribbon of "true blue" bearing the golden inscription: "The Old Northwest, February 22, 1901," presented as a souvenir by Mr. Beebe, and for which, as well as beautiful calendars, also his gift, a vote of thanks was at once returned.

With delightful ten-minute talks on subjects assigned, and story of olden time, the moments flew. We closed with "America" and said good-night, congratulating one another that our "chapter" was happily begun and that it was very delightful to be a Daughter of the American Revolution. May we be true to its teachings, and all that it stands for, remembering those who "fought and suffered for dear Liberty's sake," and who wear upon their breasts its stars of the Legion of Honor.—ELEANOR HARRIS SMITH, *Secretary.*

Springfield Chapter (Springfield, Ohio).—The Springfield Chapter at their annual meeting in February, 1901, elected

Mrs. J. W. Murphy delegate to the continental congress, and at this meeting the following officers were elected:

Regent, Mrs. H. H. Seys; vice-regent, Mrs. E. W. Ross; recording secretary, Mrs. J. S. Elliott; corresponding secretary, Mrs. H. C. Dimond; Treasurer, Mrs. A. P. L. Cochran; registrar, Mrs. C. E. Thomas; historian, Miss Cassilly.

Let our object be our country, our whole country and nothing but our country.—MARY CASSILLY, *Historian*.

George Taylor Chapter (Easton, Pennsylvania).—On June 16, 1900, the chapter unveiled a tablet erected to commemorate the march of General John Sullivan through Easton. The following inscription is engraved on the tablet:

"This Stone marks the road over which General John Sullivan marched, June 18th, 1779, to quell the Indian Insurrection and avenge the Wyoming Massacre."

"Erected by the George Taylor Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, June 18th, 1900."

The Hon. W. S. Kirkpatrick, a member of the Sons of the Revolution, delivered an eloquent address describing General Sullivan's expedition. The members of the chapter then formed a circle around the memorial tablet, with Mrs. L. B. Hapgood, the regent, in the center, who, unveiling the stone, made a formal presentation of the tablet to the city of Easton, saying:

"The Daughters of the American Revolution of Easton have the honor of presenting to the city this memorial stone. It is erected on the pathway of the brave men who set out from Easton on the morning of June 18th, 1779, under the leadership of General John Sullivan. It is hoped that this stone may be guarded and preserved as a sacred trust. As it commemorates the spirit and memory of those who achieved American independence, it should be an inspiration to the youth of this generation, and of future generations to noble deeds and to heroic sacrifices if need be, to preserve the peace and honor of our country."

Mayor Field, a Son of the Revolution, formally accepted it.

On the 21st of June, 1900, the chapter gave a garden party on the Easton golf links in aid of the club house at Manila

for soldiers and sailors. There was a large gathering and \$125 were raised. The chapter hopes to take up new work during the coming year. They have offered a prize to the pupils of the public schools for the best historical essay, and have in view the forming of an historical alcove in the Easton library for books of reference on historical subjects. They have contributed to the Washington statue, Continental Hall and have responded to the calls made upon them by other chapters as far as their means would permit. They are much encouraged by the new interest awakened in the chapter and hope that the year 1901 will prove a banner year.—
ELIZABETH A. DAWSON, *Historian*.

Cowpens Chapter (Spartanburg, South Carolina).—It has been some time since Cowpens Chapter sent greeting to her sisters, but this silence does not mean that we have been idle.

At each meeting, among the officers' reports, the historian is expected to give a digest of the fresh thoughts and helpful suggestions in the chapter work as reported in the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE; then two papers are read on Revolutionary heroes and battles, followed by a discussion of some special hero or heroine. After this we spend a delightful half hour as guests of two members, appointed hostesses for the afternoon.

We have had three additions to our cabinet of relics. Some pieces of wood and a few crooked, rusty nails (beautiful in our eyes), a small piece of marble, and a bullet from the site of Fort Prince. The wood and nails were taken from the first house built in Laurens county, South Carolina, after the Revolutionary war, by Jonathan Downs, a Revolutionary soldier, and the grandfather of Will Farley, the Confederate scout. The piece of marble is part of the monument erected some years ago to the memory of those who perished in the massacre at Hay's mountain, Laurens county, November 19, 1781. This massacre was the work of "Bloody Bill" Cunningham. The monument has been shattered by lightning. These relics were presented by Mrs. John D. Garlington. We have contributed twenty-five dollars to the Continental

Hall, and the same amount to the monument erected at Fort Prince.

On July 4, 1900, the site of old Fort Prince was given by deed to Cowpens Chapter. The occasion was a real fourth of July affair. Edward McCrady, the historian, of Charleston, South Carolina, gave a fine address and an ode composed especially for the occasion was read, and many a legend of those thrilling times was revived in friendly talk over tempting picnic baskets. Fort Prince, named for a Mr. William Prince, dates back to colonial times. It was a stockaded fort, round in shape, about fifteen feet high, built of heavy timbers; a deep ditch encircled it, and the earth from the ditch was thrown up against the walls, an effectual protection against the Indians. This historic fort was built seven miles west of Spartanburg City. The monument recently erected there is of Ogleby granite.

Site of Fort Prince

Built by the early settlers as a place of refuge during the
Indian Wars—1756-1761.

Occupied by the Whigs from Nov. 22, 1776, to March 17, 1777.
The British under the command of Col. Innes were driven from the
Fort by the Americans under Col. Edward Hampton

July 16th, 1780.

Amor Patriae,

D. A. R.

Erected July 4th, 1900.

We have fifty members on our roll and have limited our chapter to that number. This wise decision gains for us the prompt formation of another chapter which is composed almost entirely of young girls.—MRS. D. A. DUPRE, *Historian.*

The Rebecca Motte Chapter (Charleston, South Carolina).—The chapter is busily engaged in devising ways and means to enable them to keep open house to the visiting daughters when the time comes for the South Carolina inter-state and West Indian exposition to open its doors.

The March meeting of the Rebecca Motte was a social affair, made so by its regent in honor of three visitors, Mrs. Welleslager, regent of the Abigail Putnam Chapter, Des

Moines, Iowa; Miss De Haven, of Philadelphia, and Mrs. McCall, of Ventura, California. Both hosts and guests enjoyed listening to Miss Willis's graphic account of her brilliant season in Paris, where she went as a representative of this chapter, serving also as commissioner from South Carolina, and as custodian of the flag of the National editorial association.—LEE C. HARBY, *Recording Secretary.*

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Spirit of Liberty Chapter (Salt Lake and Ogden, Utah).—The Daughters of the American Revolution have gained in numbers and influence in Utah during the past year. The Spirit of Liberty Chapter has now thirty-two members in Salt Lake and Ogden. It has a printed program and the papers on patriotic or historical subjects have been of unusual merit. The 22d of February, 1900, was celebrated at the hospitable home of Mrs. George Y. Wallace. An inspiring address was given by Mrs. Myrtle W. Ewing on "The Spirit of America as illustrated in the life and character of Washington." The Sons of the American Revolution and their wives were the invited guests on that occasion. The Sons of the American Revolution gave a delightful reception and dance to the Spirit of Liberty Chapter on the occasion of the presentation of medals to the officers of the Cuban army who enlisted from Utah. The generosity of Mrs. G. Y. Wallace made it possible for the Spirit of Liberty Chapter to offer a medal to the girl of the senior class of the Salt Lake high school presenting the best composition on a patriotic subject. The Sons of the American Revolution at the same time offered a medal for the best oration by a boy of the senior class of the high school. The contest was held on the evening of decoration day, May 30th. Miss Dukes, superintendent of English in the high school did all that was possible to encourage the young people to take part in the contest. The medal presented by the Spirit of Liberty Chapter was awarded to Miss Bertha Bootes, the daughter of one of our chapter members, who numbers among her ancestors five Revolutionary soldiers.—CORINNE M. ALLEN, *State Regent.*

EDITOR'S NOTE BOOK.

Attention is called to the number of chapter reports appearing in this issue of the magazine, there being 34 in all. Some parts have been omitted that as many chapters as possible might have a hearing. Owing to the great demand upon the space this month, a few have, of necessity, been omitted. All such will appear in the August number. The different reports show that while honoring the past the Daughters of the American Revolution work in the present and take an interest in all that pertains to good citizenship.

Owing to the great demand upon the space allotted to obituary notices, the National Board passed a resolution limiting the number of words. The resolution will be found on another page.

According to the plan followed for several years, the official proceedings of the congress were prepared for publication by a committee appointed by the president-general. To Miss Julia T. E. McBlair, chairman, and her efficient committee consisting of Mrs. Eleanor S. Washington Howard, Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood, Mrs. William P. Jewett, Mrs. Julia J. Estey and Mrs. Kate K. Henry, are therefore due the entire credit of the work.

Passed at the April meeting of the National Board, 1901:

"Resolved, That each chapter regent be requested to read to her chapter the minutes of the meetings of the National Board of Management, hereafter published in the Magazine."

Attention is called to the following important communication:

"To the Daughters of the American Revolution: The third report of our whole Society to the Smithsonian Institution is now going through the press of the government printing office. The volume gives an outline of the work accomplished between October 11, 1898, and October 11, 1900. It will contain about 80 plates, and the names of many thousand Revolutionary soldiers, buried in many states, from

Georgia to Iowa. The document will probably be rather larger than the last report, but the exact number of pages is not yet known. Those who desire to secure copies should send their orders *at once*, addressed "To the Public Printer, Washington, D. C." It is quite unnecessary to mention his name. His title is sufficient for an address. No answer is likely to be made to these orders, for several months. But, when the book is ready for issue, a postal card will probably be sent by the printer to any one who sent an order. He will state the price for which he will deliver the book postpaid. The amount can then be forwarded by money order. It is impossible now to foresee what the price will be. But, judging from the cost of the previous reports, this one will not exceed 75 cents per copy.

The law requires that 1,682 copies of these reports shall be printed, for the use of senators, representatives and the depository libraries. No other copies are printed, except in private orders. It is therefore necessary to order beforehand or not at all.

Though the report is made to the Smithsonian Institution, that body receives no copies for distribution. It is therefore useless to annoy the Smithsonian officials by requests for copies, for they have none, except such as they choose to buy for themselves.

It is also a needless application to the Public Printer to order copies after the book is off the press. He will then have no copies for sale. Though our Society has the right to have these reports printed, yet we have no copies for distribution.

The compiler of the report will order 100 copies, which by direction of the Board, she will be allowed to sell at cost price, plus the postage. But 100 copies will probably not be enough to supply the demand. Free copies can sometimes be obtained from members of congress. But as there are about 386 members of that body, the number of copies which each can distribute is very small, since 600 of the 1,682 regular edition, must be reserved by the printer to be sent to the depository libraries. This leaves but 1,082 for distribution

by members of congress. The compiler therefore advises ordering directly from the printer, in advance of publication, in order to secure copies with certainty. All chapters ought to have a complete set of these reports, for reference."

GERTRUDE B. DARWIN,
Compiler of Third Smithsonian Report.

The Somerville historical society of Massachusetts, at the April meeting, called especial attention to the diary of the Rev. David Avery, published in the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE. The Rev. Anson Titus said: "This diary gives much fresh light upon the ordinary affairs of camp life. These entries are rich in material for the better study of the times which tried men's souls."

The Atlanta Constitution, Atlanta, Georgia, devotes several columns each Sunday to genealogical matters. This department is in the hands of the Joseph Habershaw Chapter and is ably conducted. It contains much valuable historical matter besides the ordinary questions and answers. The value of the work being done by this chapter can hardly be estimated. Not only is the South benefited but throughout the north and west, for the *Atlanta Constitution* goes everywhere, Daughter and would-be Daughters have been able to untangle the links that bound them to the past.

GENEALOGICAL NOTES AND QUERIES

"There be of them that have left a name behind them that their praises might be reported. And some there be which have no memorial. With their seed shall continually remain a good inheritance."—*Ecclesiasticus xliv.*

Contributors are requested to observe the following regulations:

1. Write on only one side of the paper.
2. Give the full name and address of the writer.
3. Write, with great plainness, names of persons and places.
4. In answering queries, always give the date of the magazine, the number of the query and the signature.
5. Enclose a two-cent stamp for each query, and a stamped envelope when any communication is to be forwarded.

Direct all communications to:

*Mrs. Lydia Bolles Newcomb,
Genealogical Department, American Monthly Magazine,
New Haven, Connecticut.*

ANSWERS.

21. BECKHAM.—Mrs. John Beckham was Elizabeth Henderson, daughter of Samuel and Elizabeth Williams Henderson, of Hanover Co., Va. They moved to Granville Co., N. C., about 1740. Elizabeth was born Feb. 19, 1738, in Hanover Co., Va., and died Aug. 17, 1831. She was the sister of Richard and Pleasant Henderson connected with N. Car. history. Her children were John, Susan, Elizabeth, Henrietta and four or five others, names unknown.

BOONE.—Rebecca Bryan Boone was the daughter of Joseph Bryan, the oldest son of Morgan Bryan, of Va. She was born near Winchester, Va., and died in St. Charles Co., Mo., March, 1813.—A. W. M.

33. HEYWARD.—Correction to the answer given in March number of A. M.

Thomas Heyward, signer of the Dec. of Ind., married 1st Elizabeth Matthews (daughter of Gov. Matthews, of S. C.). They had one son, Daniel, married—Treserant—and daughter Elizabeth, married Gen. James Hamilton. He married 2nd Elizabeth Savage, and had two sons, one of whom, Thomas, married Anne Cuthbert. They had four sons, one of whom, Thomas Savage, married Georgianna Mascol. From them descended seven sons, one of whom, Thomas Savage, jr., married Louisa Watkins, of Virginia,—T. S. HEYWARD.

B. B. regrets that she should have been the cause of a misleading statement in the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE, a statement for which she thought she had indisputable authority.

40. (2) TAFT.—Mercy Aldrich, b. 1700, died 1752 (daughter of Jacob Aldrich, b. 1676, and Margery Hazard, died 1722); married 1717, Israel Taft, born 1699, died 1753 (son of Robert and Elizabeth Taft). Children of Israel and Mercy Aldrich Taft: 1. Huldah, b. 1718; 2. Priscilla, b. 1721; 3. Israel, b. 1723; 4. Jacob, 1725; 5. Hannah, 1726; 6. Elisha, 1728; 7. Robert, 1730; 8. Samuel, 1731; 9. Mercy, 1733; 10. Stephen, 1734; 11. Samuel, 1735; 12. Mary, 1737; 13. Margery, 1738; 14. Silas, 1739; 15. Stephen, 1741; 16. Rachel, 1742; 17. Silas, 1744.

Margery, thirteenth child, married Simeon Wood, b. 1733, son of Solomon and Faithful Wood.

Robert Taft, b. 1640; d. 1725; married 1670, Sarah ——. Their second son Robert, b. 1674; d. 1748; married Elizabeth.

Israel, third son of Robert and Elizabeth, b. 1699; d. 1753; married 1717, Mercy Aldrich (as above). His father Robert (2) was in Mendon, Mass., 1726, and sold his homestead to his second son Capt. Robert Taft, and removed to Uxbridge.—*Austin's "Allied Families."*

Mrs. S. B. C. writes: "Margery (Marjorie) Taft, of Upton, whose marriage intentions were published 1760, in Uxbridge, Mass., to Simeon Wood, is my ancestor. Otis Taft, son of Silas, descendant of Robert¹, and Robert, Jr.², of Mendon, married Betsey, daughter of Asa Beales, resided in Upton where all their children were born, then removed to Northbridge where he died Nov. 19, 1827, aged 44 years. The family removed to Uxbridge, Grafton, Slatersville, R. I.

41. COX.—The Virginia Coxes are of English descent. Mr. Friend Cox, of Wellsburg, W. Va., can give information of John Cox.—A. S. P.

45. RICHARDS.—Jeremiah Richards, of Montville, Conn., was the son of Jeremiah and Mary, of New London, grandson of Israel and great-grandson of John Richards of Ele River in Plymouth—of his wife Eunice nothing is said, but she may have been a descendant of Isaac Wheeler, of Stonington. Children of Jeremiah and Eunice as given in Richards Gen., page 87:1. Jeremiah, d. 1860; married Lucretia Dennis; 2. William, died unmarried; 3. Lester, died about 1850; mar. Mary Baker; 4. Elias, mar. Matilda Dennis; 5. Eunice, mar. Joseph Bolton; 6. Abel, mar. Mary Smith; 7. James H., mar. Elizabeth Babcock; 8. Julia, mar. Wm. Pierce.—E. T. R. B.

47. FITCH-KENT.—1. Thomas Fitch, of Braintree, Essex Co., Eng., left 5 sons who came to New England about 1638 with their mother; 2. Thomas, Joseph, James, other two names unknown. James, third son, born in Bocking, Essex Co., Eng., Dec. 24, 1622, ordained 1646, was pastor at Saybrook, 1660, removed to Norwich, 1702, afterwards to Lebanon. He married 1648, 1st Abigail, daughter of Rev. Henry

Whitefield, of Guilford. She died 1659. He mar. 2nd 1664, Priscilla, daughter of Major John and Eunice (Peck) Mason. Children: 1st wife, 1. James, b. 1649; 2. Abigail, 1650; 3. Elizabeth, 1652; 4. Hannah, 1653; 5. Samuel, 1655; 6. Dorothy, 1656. 2nd wife, 7. David; 8. John, 1667; 9. Jeremiah, 1670; 10. Jabez, 1672; 11. Ann, 1675; 12. Nathaniel, 1679; 13. Joseph, 1681; 14. Eleazer, 1683.

Joseph (13) mar. 1st Sarah, daughter of Maj. Samuel Mason, died before 1721; 2nd Ann, daughter of Rev. Samuel Whiting. He died 1741, she died 1778. Children, 1st wife: 1. Judith, 2. Sarah, 1704; 3. Mason, 1708; 4. Joseph, 1711. 2nd wife: 5. Samuel, 1724; 6. Eleazer, 1726; 7. Azel, 1728; 8. Ann, 1737; 9. Thomas, 1739.

Azel, Capt., b. 1728; d. 1769; married Jan. 1, 1752, Silence How, daughter of David. Children: 1. Cynthia, bapt. 1754; 2. Silence, bapt. 1757; 3. Mary and 4. Elizabeth, bapt. 1759; 5. Azel, bapt. 1761 (died before 1763); 6. Phoebe, died Jan. 24, 1762, aged 10; 7. Azel, bapt. 1763. Elizabeth 4, b. 1759; mar. Elihu Kent, of Suffield, Conn.

Kent Gen.; Probate records, Willimantic, Ct., through courtesy of Mr. C. S. Symonds, of Utica, N. Y.

43. (2) CLAY.—Mrs. Elizabeth (Hudson) Clay, mother of Henry Clay, was born in Hanover Co., Vir., 1750; died in Woodford Co., Ky., 1829.—L. H. C.

43. (3) GATES.—Horatio Gates, was born 1728, at Malden, Essex, Eng., was educated for military life. His father was an officer in the British army. He married Miss Phillips, of Eng. They had one child, Robert; educated at Harvard College, had an honorary degree conferred 1779; died the year following. Mrs. Gates died 1782. After the war Gen. Gates returned to his estate in Vir. until 1790. When, freeing his slaves, he returned to New York his residence was the N. W. corner of Second Ave. He had a seat in the Legislature 1800-1, and died April 10, 1806, was buried in Trinity churchyard. His will dated Mar. 20, 1806, leaves his estate to his widow Mrs. Mary Valence Gates. Her will was probated Dec. 10, 1810, in New York and mentions no near relatives. A copy of it can be found in the N. E. Gen. and Hist. Register, Vol. 21. There is a Gen. of Stephen Gates, of Hingham, and Lancaster, Mass., compiled by Charles Otis Gates, published 1898.—J. B.

43. (9) SPALDING.—In Stacy's Hist. of the Midway Church, page 281, it is recorded that Margery McIntosh, daughter of William and Mary McKay McIntosh, and granddaughter of John and Margery Fraser McIntosh, married James Spalding.—P. H. M.

55. (11) FERRIS.—The Ferris family came from Normandy, France. Henry de Ferris obtained large grants of land from William the Conqueror in Staffordshire, Derbyshire and Leicestershire, Eng. Jeffrey Ferris came to America from Leicestershire, Eng., and settled in Fairfield, Conn., in 1639; removed to Westchester Co., N.

Y., in 1654. According to his will he had five children: Peter, Joseph, James, John and Mary. He died at Greenwich, Conn., 1666. John died at Westchester, 1715.—Bolton's Hist. of Westchester, N. J.

Mrs. Lora C. Little, of Freemont Avenue, Minneapolis, Minn., is compiling a history of the Ferris family.—M. A. F.

55. CLARK.—(1). Thomas Clark took oath of fidelity at New Haven, 1644. He had son David^a, who married Mary Newberry. They had son Thomas^b, married Hannah ——, this may be the Gilbert mentioned in this query. They had son Thomas^c, married Sarah Parker. They had son Parker^d, married Martha Leek. Thomas^b and Hannah his wife with four sons left Conn., and settled in New Jersey, at the place called to this day Clark's Landing. Hannah died and was buried there. Thomas^b sent Thomas^c back to Conn., for his second wife Ruth, who came to N. J., and married 1735. She died Jan. 3, 1749, and was buried at Clark's Landing. Thomas^c then went back to Conn. and married Sarah Parker in 1740. She was a great beauty, with small hands and feet and noted for her wit. She was born on Feb'y. 22d and died the same day that Gen. Washington died. Thomas Clark^e married Ann Jordan, a widow in Guilford, Conn., 1654. She was a near relative of Gov. Fenwick and died in Saybrook, Conn., Jan. 3, 1672. Would like to know her maiden name.—H. N. B.

56. ALTON.—Elizabeth Alton was born in Thompson, Conn., Feb. 2, 1752, the daughter of John Alton and wife, Elizabeth Hosmer; granddaughter of William Alton and wife, Mary ——. We possess full notes upon three generations of the Alton family.—A. F.

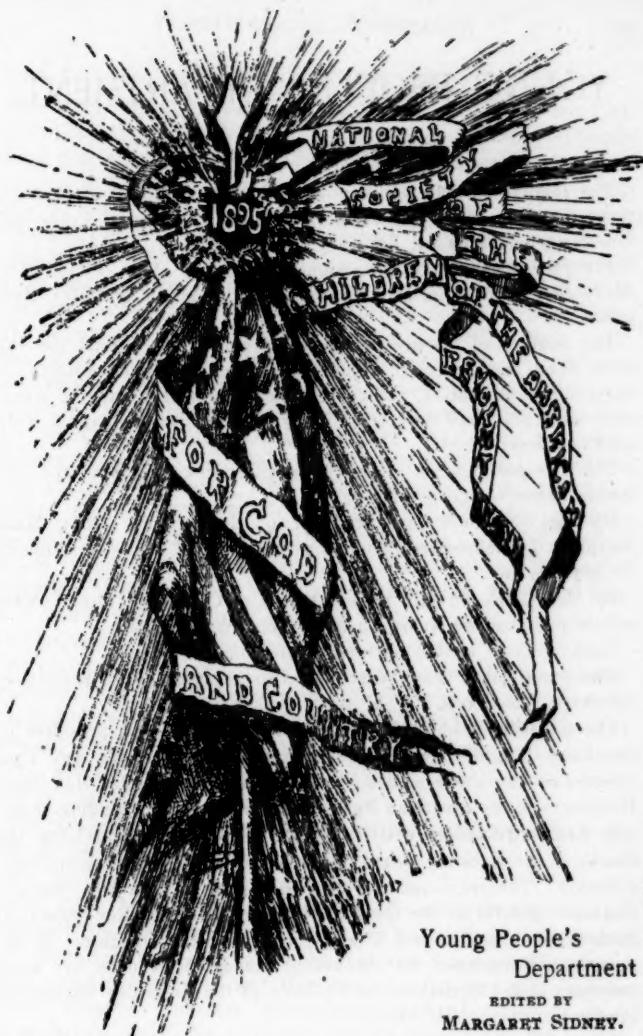
QUERIES.

61. PARKE.—Wanted name of wife of Capt. John Parke of Preston, Conn. Her Christian name was Mary. Oldest child born 1684 or 5.—A. H.

62. WILLIAMS.—Who was the grandfather of David Williams, one of the captors of Major Andre at Tarrytown, Sept. 23, 1780? Was he the David Williams, mentioned as one of the reception committee of the Boston Tea Party, Dec. 16, 1773, in the December No. of AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE?—A. P. U.

63. COX.—Who was the father of Col. Ebenezer Cox who was killed at the battle of Oriskany? Also, what were the names of his children?—J. E. P.

64. LOCKWOOD-DEVOTIE.—Wanted the ancestry of Anna Lockwood, born in Goshen, Litchfield Co., Conn., Nov. 21, 1777, and married in Vernon, N. Y., Dec. 25, 1803, James De Votie (sometimes spelled de Vaux), born in New Haven, Nov. 11, 1775.—G. L. DeV.



Young People's
Department

EDITED BY
MARGARET SIDNEY.

MARY WHITNEY EMERSON, ARTIST

YOUNG PEOPLE'S DEPARTMENT.

FEBRUARY MEETING, 1901.

The regular monthly meeting of the National Board of Management, Children of the American Revolution, was held at Columbian University on Thursday, February 7, at ten o'clock.

Present: Mrs. Lothrop, national president; Mrs. Field, Mrs. Alexander, Mrs. Janin, Mrs. Cromwell, Mrs. Hamlin and Mrs. Benjamin.

The minutes of the previous meeting and of the special meeting were read and accepted. The reports of the vice-president in charge of organization, the corresponding secretary and the treasurer were read and accepted. Forty-four application papers were read and accepted.

The vice-president in charge of organization presented the following names for confirmation:

By Mrs. Slocomb, state director of Connecticut: Miss Mary Josephine Dickenson, reappointed as president of the Isaac Wheeler Society, Mystic.

By Mrs. Clark, director of the District of Columbia: Miss Townsend as president of Nellie Custis Society, Washington.

Both of whom were confirmed by the board.

The name Isaac Van Wart was also accepted for a society in Brooklyn, New York.

The treasurer read a letter from Mrs. Robert Barry, president of the Lord Baltimore Society, Baltimore, Md., inclosing \$30. contributed by the above named society for the Continental Hall fund, Daughters of the American Revolution, and the corresponding secretary was instructed to write a letter to Mrs. Barry expressing the thanks of the National Board of Management for the generous contribution. The treasurer was also instructed to ask Mrs. Darwin treasurer general of the Daughters of the American Revolution, to state in her annual report at the Congress of the Daughters of the American Revolution, the amount of money received by her from members of the Society of the Children of the American Revolution for the Continental Hall fund.

In regard to a communication received from Miss Baird-Huey, at a previous meeting, the board passed a motion of Mrs. Janin that all appointments for local presidents must come through the state director and cannot be acted upon otherwise.

There being no more business, the board adjourned.

Respectfully submitted,

CAROLYN GILBERT BENJAMIN,
Recording Secretary.

CONVENTION OF 1901.

The sixth annual convention of the National Society of the Children of the American Revolution was opened on Saturday, February 16, at 9.30 o'clock, when an informal reception was held by the National Board of Management, all of whom extended a hearty welcome to the state directors, presidents of societies and delegates. Among those present were: Mrs. Robert Barry, president of the Lord Baltimore Society, Baltimore, Md.; Miss Townsend, president of the Nellie Custis Society, Washington, D. C.; Mrs. George P. Lawton, president of Bemis Heights Society, Saratoga, New York; Miss Montgomery, president New York City Society, New York; Mrs. Mary Fowler, president Princeton-Trenton Society, District of Columbia; Miss Yeatman, president Capitol Society, District of Columbia; Mrs. Hildreth, president Col. Willets' Society, Gloversville, New York; Miss Dodge, president Asa Pollard Society, Billerica, Mass.; Mrs. D. S. Stetson, president Independence Hall Society, Philadelphia, Penn.; Mrs. McGregor, president Molly Pitcher Society, Newark, N. J.; Mrs. C. C. Conle, president of a society in Marshalltown, Iowa; Mrs. Charles E. Longley, state director of Rhode Island; Mrs. A. Howard Clark, director of the District of Columbia; Mrs. Caroline Wise, state director of Virginia; Mrs. S. V. White, state promoter for New York; Miss H. Baird-Huey, state promoter for Pennsylvania, and many others.

At ten o'clock the convention was called to order by the national president, Mrs. Daniel Lothrop, the proceedings being opened by a feeling prayer by the chaplain, Mrs. Teunis S. Hamlin. This was followed by the society's salute to the flag and a recitation by Master Willie Alexander. "America" was then sung, Miss Yeatman, president of Capitol Society, accompanying.

The national president then called for the annual reports of the national officers in the following order:

Mrs. Marcus Benjamin, recording secretary.

Mrs. T. H. Alexander, vice-president in charge of organization of local societies. Her report showed that in thirty-three of the states and territories the society was organized and doing splendid work, there being one hundred and sixty-two societies and that only in Alaska, Florida, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oregon, South Dakota, Utah, West Virginia and Wyoming, no branch of this society exists.

Mrs. Violet Blair Janin, treasurer.

Mrs. B. J. Cromwell, corresponding secretary.

Mrs. Harry Heth, registrar.

Mrs. Hamlin moved that all reports be accepted (the treasurer's after being audited)—seconded and carried by convention.

At this point Mrs. Hamlin was requested to take the chair while

the chairman of the nominating committee, Mrs. Daniel Lothrop, made her report.

The chairman announced that her committee had nominated the following officers for the ensuing term:

President, Mrs. George M. Sternberg.

Vice-president presiding, Mrs. Stephen J. Field.

Vice-president in charge of organization of local societies, Mrs. A. Howard Clark.

Recording secretary, Mrs. Marcus Benjamin.

Corresponding secretary, Mrs. James Knox Taylor.

Registrar, Mrs. Harry Heth.

Chaplain, Mrs. Teunis S. Hamlin.

Vice-presidents, Mrs. John W. Foster, Mrs. Mary Harrison Mc Kee, Mrs. A. L. Barber, Mrs. Henry B. Brown, Mrs. Robert I. Fleming, Mrs. A. W. Greely, Mrs. Robert Catlin and Mrs. Joseph Paul.

The nominations as made by the committee were unanimously accepted, and the secretary was requested to cast the ballot.

The president having resumed the chair, Mrs. Hamlin requested the privilege of making a statement and motion as follows: Resolved, That in view of the fact that Mrs. Daniel Lothrop is now retiring from the presidency of the National Society of the Children of the American Revolution, her eminent services for the society in giving so generously of her time, ability and means in founding the organization and in bringing it to its present state of success, be recognized by appropriating such an amount of money from the national treasury as the national board shall decide, to buy and present to her, as a testimonial, such a medal as they may select, to be kept by her as a memorial and be given to her descendants, as a testimonial of our appreciation and regard for her eminent and valuable services to the society during the six years of its organization. Seconded by Mrs. White and many others and agreed to by the convention.

An adjournment was here taken until two o'clock.

At two o'clock the convention was again called to order by the national president, Mrs. Lothrop, and reports from state directors of California, Colorado, District of Columbia, Connecticut, Maryland, New York and Pennsylvania were read. At this point it was moved and seconded that the remainder of the reports of State Directors be published instead of being read. Carried.

Mrs. S. V. White moved that, in view of the long untiring and priceless services of Mrs. Daniel Lothrop in founding and organizing this society, it is hereby ordered that during her entire life she shall be honorary president, or president emeritus of the society with the right of full membership in the national board, and in every convention which she may hereafter attend. Seconded by many presi-

dents and delegates, and unanimously carried by a rising vote of the convention.

The national president announced that the first number of the "Bulletin" of the society would appear on April 1, and although the \$400 required to be deposited before the publishers would print the "Bulletin" had not been subscribed, she had decided that she would be responsible for whatever deficit there should be. This generous offer was greatly appreciated by the convention.

Miss Montgomery, president of the New York City Society, New York City, brought greetings to the convention from the state director of New York, Mrs. William Cummings Story, who for the first time since her connection with the society, was unable to be present.

It was moved and seconded that letters of appreciation and thanks be sent to the acting president of Columbian University for his courtesy to the National Board of Management during the year just closed; to Colonel Bird and others of the War Department, for the loan of beautiful flags.

At five o'clock the convention adjourned.

On Sunday, February 17, at four o'clock, a church service under the auspices of the National Society of the Children of the American Revolution was held at the Church of the Covenant. The address of the occasion was made by the pastor, the Rev. Dr. Hamlin, who spoke eloquently on patriotism and was listened to with much interest and profit by the large assemblage present.

On Monday, February 18, historic trips were made around Washington conducted by a corps of volunteer guides, which were continued on Tuesday, February 19.

On Wednesday, February 20, the President of the United States and Mrs. McKinley, with the ladies of the cabinet, received the National Board of Management with the visiting members, at the Executive Mansion, a beautiful basket of flowers being presented to Mrs. McKinley. On Wednesday also the "Halls of the Ancients" was put at the disposal of the society and in the evening elaborate tableaux were given by the members, the receipts being given to the Continental Hall fund.

On Thursday, February 21, historic trips were continued and on Friday, February 22, there was a grand public patriotic meeting at Columbia theater in honor of Washington's birthday, the following being the program:

- Prelude,Columbia Theatre Orchestra.
I. Prayer by the National Chaplain, Mrs. Teunis S. Hamlin.
II. Salute to the Flag by the Capital Society and members of
the District Societies;

- Color Bearer, Wm. Leslie Coombs;
Recitation, "Our Flag of Liberty," Wm. Morrison Alexander, assisted by the John B. Henderson Drum Corps.
- III. Address of Welcome,
.. Mrs. Daniel Lothrop, Founder and First National President
- IV. Response by members of the Society.
Eben C. Hill,Lord Baltimore Society, Baltimore, Md.
John C. Giles, .. Little Men and Women of '76, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Orville B. Drown, ...Nelly Custis Society, Washington, D. C.
- V. Columbia Receiving the Nations,
Rendered by the District Societies under the direction of Mrs.
Edwin H. Fowler.
- Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean,
..... Solo by Charles Porter Glover.
1. Columbia, Miss Annie R. French.
2. Africa—Swanee River, Thomas E. Wright,
Trenton-Princeton.
3. Indian Boy, Wm. Price Williamson,
Capital Society.
4. Britannia—Rule Britannia, Miss Alice Campbell,
George Washington.
5. Scotland—Campbells are Coming, Miss Edith Brooks,
Capital Society.
6. Ireland—St. Patrick's Day, Miss Elsie Collier,
George Washington.
7. Germany—German Song, Miss Laara Brooks,
Capital Society.
8. France—Marseillaise, Miss Pearl Willis,
Piram Ripley Society.
9. Switzerland—Swiss Song, Miss Ruth Lemman,
George Washington.
10. Spain—Spanish Hymn, William Leslie Combs,
Capital Society.
11. Italy—Italian Hymn, Miss Martha Claxton,
George Washington.
12. Holland—Holland National Hymn,
..... Miss Adelaide Quisenberry,
Capital Society.
13. Norway and Sweden—Swedish Hymn, .. Miss Louise French,
Trenton-Princeton.
14. Russia—Russian Hymn, Chester Morrow Clarke,
Red, White and Blue Society.
15. Turkey—Turkish March, Miss Mary Coleman,
Trenton-Princeton.
16. China—China Air, Miss Ida Ladd,
Trenton-Princeton.

17. Japan—Selections from Geisha, Miss Kathryn Wright, Trenton-Princeton.
"Hail Columbia," sung by the audience.
- VI. Presentation of medals to members who volunteered for the Spanish-American War, by the National President, Warren Shaw Fisher, of General Muhlenberg Society; Scott Dudley Breckenridge, of Capital Society, District of Columbia.
- VII. Welcome to the National President, Mrs. George Sternberg, by the Founder and First National President, Mrs. Daniel Lothrop.
Response by Mrs. Sternberg.
Mrs. S. V. White presented Miss Carleton to the audience, with thirteen members, all graduates of the Society of Little Men and Women of '76, have formed a Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, of the same name in Brooklyn, N. Y.
- VIII. "The Star Spangled Banner," rendered by thirteen members of the Nelly Custis Society, led by the ex-president of the society, Mrs. Eugene MacComas.
- IX. Minuet, by members of the District societies.
- X. Presentation of the award from the Bemis Heights Society to the members contributing the largest amount to the Prison Ship Martyrs' Fund, by Mrs. George P. Lawton, President.
- XI. Return of the National Emblem from the Massachusetts societies, by Miss Margaret Lothrop.
- XII. Presentation of the Emblem for 1901 to the Pennsylvania societies.
Response by Mrs. Benjamin Thompson, State Director.
Mrs. Thompson, State Director of Pennsylvania, offered a prize to the member who contributes the largest amount of money during the coming year for the Prison Ship Martyrs' Fund.
- XIII. "Our Flag of Liberty" (air "Old Hundred"), sung by the audience.

The music was under the direction of Miss Anna Bodell Yeatman, president of the Capital Society of the District of Columbia.

On the afternoon of Washington's birthday the National Board of Management gave a reception in the banquet hall of the hotel Cochran to the visiting members of the society which was largely attended. On Saturday, February 23, the annual trip to Mount Vernon was made with appropriate exercises around the national society tree, the Pennsylvania Societies bringing historic ivy from the ramparts of Valley Forge. This concluded the convention of 1901.

Respectfully submitted,

CAROLYN GILBERT BENJAMIN,
Recording Secretary.

SPECIAL MEETING.

A special meeting of the National Board of Management, Children of the American Revolution, was held just before the convening of the annual convention.

Present: Mrs. Lothrop, national president; Mrs. Alexander and Mrs. Hamlin.

Papers were read and accepted.

The vice-president in charge of organization of local chapters presented the following names for confirmation:

By the state director of South Carolina: Mrs. Brist, Mrs. William Hutchinson and Mrs. Paul F. Hayne as presidents of societies.

By the state director of Pennsylvania, Mrs. Benjamin Thompson, as presidents of societies: Mrs. W. H. Nueston, Lancaster; Mrs. James A. Osborn, Milton; Mrs. W. H. Andrews, Alleghany; Mrs. Burr, Carbondale; Mrs. Murdock, Pittsburg; Mrs. Thomas Longstreet, Oak Lane; Mrs. Austin Stutt, Sunbury; Miss Mary E. Flower, Meadville; Mrs. Alexander D. Hopper, Pottstown, and Mrs. James Watts Mercer, Wallingford. As state promotor: Mrs. Samuel P. Bates, Meadville; Mrs. George Whitaker, Philadelphia; Mrs. Charles B. McLean, Pittsburg; Mrs. Bernard Stenger, Homestead; Mrs. William Dorris, Huntington.

By the state director of Texas, Mrs. Harrison, Miss Sara Lea-right, Austin, as president of a society in Texas.

By the state director of New York, Mrs. Story: Miss Lillian Sanford as president of a society in Seneca Falls, New York.

By the director for the district of Columbia, Mrs. Clark, Miss Emmeline V. Middleton as president of the Red, White and Blue Society.

All of whom were confirmed by the Board.

Respectfully submitted,

SALLIE KENNEDY ALEXANDER,
Acting Secretary.

IN MEMORIAM.

"Faith yields to sight,
Day follows night,
Jesus gives light;
Now cometh rest."

Mrs. NANCY CARRINGTON BRUCE, member of the Old Dominion Chapter, Richmond, Virginia, died December 11, 1900.

MISS OCTAVIA CASKALINA CARROLL, Elizabeth Wadsworth Chapter, Portland Maine, died in Egypt while sojourning there.

Mrs. JULIA BANKS WILSON, "real daughter," Dorothy Ripley Chapter, Southport, Connecticut, died September 24, 1900.

Mrs. JANE SMITH EVELETH, "real daughter," Dorothy Ripley Chapter, Southport, Connecticut, died September 26, 1900.

MISS ELIZA ANDREWS BULKLEY, Dorothy Ripley Chapter, Southport, Connecticut, died December 7, 1900.

Mrs. MARIE PORTER WILKINS DAVIS, John Adams Trentlen Chapter, Waynesboro, Georgia, died November, 1900.

Mrs. HENRIETTA B. DOWNING, Presque Isle Chapter, Erie, Pennsylvania, died November 6, 1900.

Mrs. EMILY BULL SANFORD, Roger Sherman Chapter, New Milford, Connecticut, died October 12, 1900.

Mrs. LOUISA ELLISTON GARDINER TENNY, Elizabeth Wadsworth Chapter, Portland, Maine, died in 1901.

MISS ELLA P. HAZLETT, Olean Chapter, New York, died November 12, 1900.

Mrs. KATHARINE ANNA PEALE, Cincinnati Chapter, Ohio, died December, 1900.

Mrs. ANNA PARKHURST BIRD, "real daughter," Sabra Trumbull Chapter, Rockville, Connecticut, died in Des Moines, Iowa, December, 1900.

MISS ANNA E. BALLOU, Oneida Chapter, New York, died November 27, 1900.

Mrs. MARY DUTTON POMEROY, Oneida Chapter, Oneida, New York, died November 20, 1900.

Mrs. W. L. WILCOX, Mercy Warren Chapter, Springfield, Massachusetts, died December 4, 1900.

Mrs. OWEN SCOTT, Letitia Green Stevenson Chapter, Bloomington, Illinois, December, 1900.

Mrs. ANNA S. BRADLEY, Emma Hart Willard Chapter, Berlin, Connecticut, died December, 1900.

MISS ETHEL WHITAKER, Old South Chapter, Boston, Massachusetts, died January 4, 1901.

MRS. EMILY EUSTIS BROOKS KINGMAN, Judea Chapter, Washington, Connecticut, died November 3, 1900.

MRS. SALLY M. DAVIS BRAYTON, "real daughter," Anna Warner Bailey Chapter, Groton, Connecticut, died October 18, 1900.

MRS. ANNA WHIRRITT CLEARY, Elizabeth Kenton Chapter, Covington, Kentucky, died April 15, 1900.

MRS. ANNA SULLIVAN CLEARY, Elizabeth Kenton Chapter, Covington, Kentucky, died April 22, 1900.

MRS. JULIA BRIGGS RATHBONE, La Puerta del Ora Chapter, San Francisco, California, died October 6, 1900.

MRS. HENRY D. SCHMIDT, Yorktown Chapter, York, Pennsylvania, died November 20, 1900.

MRS. CATHARINE STIRMAN, Mary Fuller Percival Chapter, Van Buren, Arkansas, died November 19, 1900.

MRS. ETTA NISE BELL, Molly Reid Chapter, Derry, New Hampshire, died in the early winter.

MRS. MARY I. PROCTOR DILLINGHAM, Swe-kat-si Chapter, New York, died February 11, 1901.

MRS. CARRIE SHARP BELKNAP, Kanestio Valley Chapter, Hornellsville, New York, died November 8, 1900.

MRS. ELIZABETH EDGAR, Harrisburg Chapter, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, died January 22, 1901.

MRS. ROBERT C. MINOR, Lucretia Shaw Chapter, New London, Connecticut, died in New York City, January 19, 1901.

ERRATA.

In the Congressional number of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE, April and May, 1901—On page 982, lines 21 and 22, which read from May to October inclusive, should read "from October to May inclusive."

Mrs. Mary A. Hepburn Smith and Mrs. James R. Mellon are members of *Continental Hall Committee*.

Mrs. A. G. Foster is a member of *Auditing Committee*.

Mrs. Sara T. Kinney is a member of *Magazine Committee*.

Page 360, April-May number—Onondaga Chapter, Syracuse, N. Y., Mrs. Nellie W. Rich should read Mrs. Nellis M. Rich.

We are asked to correct a slight error in the Massachusetts report of Paul Jones Chapter, which usually celebrates Flag Day June 14th and not June 17th.



OFFICIAL.

THE NATIONAL SOCIETY

OF THE

Daughters of the American Revolution

Headquarters, 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

National Board of Management 1901.

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New Jersey,	Miss E. ELLEN BATCHELLER, Somerville.
New Mexico,	Mrs. L. BRADFORD PRINCE, Palace Avenue, Santa Fe.
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North Carolina,	Miss MARY LOVE STRINGFIELD, Waynesville.
North Dakota,	Mrs. SARAH B. LOUNSBERRY, Fargo.
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Vermont,	Mrs. JULIA JACOB ESTEY, Brattleboro.
Virginia,	Mrs. HUGH NELSON PAGE, 212 Granby Street, Norfolk.
Washington,	Mrs. GEORGE W. BACON, 512 Tenth Ave. South, Seattle.
West Virginia,	Miss VALLEY VIRGINIA HENSHAW, Hedgesville.
Wisconsin,	Mrs. JAMES SIDNEY PECK, 5 Waverly Place, Milwaukee.
Wyoming,	Mrs. HARRIET RICHARDS, 2455 18th St., Washington, D. C.

HOW TO BECOME A MEMBER.

Any woman is eligible for membership in the NATIONAL SOCIETY, DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION, who is of the age of eighteen years, and is descended from a patriot man or woman who aided in establishing American Independence, *provided the applicant is acceptable to the Society*. Family tradition alone in regard to the services of an ancestor, unaccompanied by proof will not be considered.

All persons duly qualified, who have been regularly admitted by the National Board of Management, shall be members of the *National Society*, but for purposes of convenience, they may be organized into .

local Chapters (those belonging to the National Society alone being known as members-at-large).

Application Blanks and Constitutions will be furnished on request by the State Regent of the State in which you reside, or by the "Corresponding Secretary General" at headquarters, 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Applications should be made out in *duplicate*, one of which is kept on file at National Headquarters and one returned to file with a Chapter should one be joined.

The application must be *endorsed by at least one member of the Society*. The application, when properly filled out, should be directed to "Registrars General, D. A. R., Room 52, 902 F Street, N. W., Washington, D. C."

The initiation fee is One Dollar; the annual dues are Two Dollars.

The sum (Three Dollars) should be sent by check or money order *never by cash*, to "Treasurer General, D. A. R., Washington, D. C."

No application will be considered until this fee is paid. If not accepted this amount will be returned.

At the April meeting of the National Board of Management, D. A. R., the following motion was unanimously passed:

"*Resolved*, That the following notice be inserted in the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE: 'Chapters shall send to headquarters, D. A. R., 902 F Street, Washington, D. C., notice of deaths, resignations, marriages and all changes of addresses and list of officers.'"

NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT.

WEDNESDAY, May 1, 1901.

The regular monthly meeting of the National Board of Management was held Wednesday, May 1st.

In the absence of Mrs. Fairbanks, President General, the Recording Secretary General called the meeting to order and announced that nominations for the Chair were in order.

Mrs. George M. Sternberg, Vice-President General, District of Columbia, was unanimously elected to the Chair.

After prayer by the Chaplain General, the Recording Secretary General read the roll call.

Members present: Mrs. William Lindsay, Vice-President General, Kentucky; Mrs. J. Heron Crosman, Vice-President General, New York; Mrs. Frank Wheaton and Mrs. Kate Kearney Henry, Vice-Presidents General, District of Columbia; Mrs. William A. Smoot, Chaplain General; Mrs. Robert Stockwell Hatcher, Corresponding Secretary General; Miss Minnie F. Mickley, Registrar General;

Mrs. Charles C. Darwin, Treasurer General; Miss Susan Riviere Hetzel, Historian General; Mrs. Green Clay Goodloe, Assistant Historian General; Miss Julia Ten Eyck McBlair, Librarian General; Mrs. Eleanor S. Washington Howard, Recording Secretary General; and of the State Regents, Mrs. J. Pembroke Thom, Maryland; Mrs. J. J. Estey, Vermont; Miss Valley Virginia Henshaw, West Virginia; Miss Helen M. Winslow, Massachusetts; Mrs. Sarah B. Lounsberry, North Dakota; Mrs. Harriet Richards, Wyoming, and Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood of the District of Columbia.

The Recording Secretary General read the minutes of the previous meeting.

The acceptance of the minutes was delayed pending the looking up of certain motions by the stenographer.

Reports of officers were called.

REPORT OF THE RECORDING SECRETARY GENERAL: Madam President and Ladies of the National Board of Management: The instructions given me at the last meeting of the Board have been carried out, viz: A notification sent to Mr. T. E. Bushnell, of his re-appointment as Auditor of the books of the Treasurer General; information sent to the Montpelier Chapter, of Orange, Virginia, in regard to the right of a Chapter to hold property; a letter of condolence, on the part of the Board, to the family of Mrs. Louis W. Hall, and to Mrs. Robert S. Hatcher, on the bereavements they have recently sustained by death; an acknowledgment to the Little Rock Chapter, of Little Rock, Arkansas, on the resolutions of condolence upon the death of Miss Eugenia Washington, and a letter to Miss Dutcher relative to the "recognition pin."

Since my last report acceptances have been received on the committees as follows: *Executive Committee*—Mrs. Clark Waring and Miss Minnie F. Mickley. *Revolutionary Relics Committee*—Mrs. J. Heron Crosman. *Committee on Lineage Book*—Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood and Mrs. John Lane Henry; Mrs. Washington A. Roebling declined the chairmanship of this committee. *Magazine Committee*—Mrs. J. Heron Crosman, Chairman; Mrs. J. J. Estey, Mrs. Frank Wheaton, Mrs. A. H. Tuttle, Mrs. Jay Osbourne Moss and Mrs. Harriet Richards. *Committee on Smithsonian Report*—Mrs. Sara T. Kinney, Chairman; Mrs. Robert S. Hatcher and Mrs. Elizabeth C. Churchman. *Committee on Prison Ships*—Mrs. S. V. White, Chairman; Mrs. Elroy M. Avery, Mrs. William F. Slocum, Mrs. William A. Talcott, Mrs. J. Heron Crosman, Miss Alice Quitman Lovell; Mrs. Samuel Verplanck declines on this committee, with thanks for the honor conferred in the appointment. *National University Committee*—Mrs. Simon Newcomb, Mrs. A. Leo Knott, Mrs. George H. Shields, Mrs. William F. Slocum; Mrs. Ellen Hardin Walworth will not be able to accept the chairmanship of this committee; Mrs. James Sidney Peck and Mrs. Chapin C. Foster have also declined.

Committee to Prevent Desecration of the Flag—Mrs. Walter Kempster, Chairman; Mrs. James Jenkins, Mrs. Charles W. Lippitt, Mrs. William F. Slocum, Miss Alice Quitman Lovell and Mrs. A. A. Kendall. *Committee on Supervision*—Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood, Chairman; Mrs. J. Pembroke Thom declines on this committee. *Purchasing Committee*—Miss Minnie F. Mickley accepts the chairmanship, Miss McBlair having been unable to serve on this committee; Mrs. Kate Kearney Henry, Mrs. J. Pembroke Thom and Mrs. Frank Wheaton also accept. *Committee on Continental Hall*—Mrs. Foster, Mrs. Manning, Miss Desha, Mrs. Lindsay, Mrs. Griscom, Mrs. Lothrop, Mrs. Keim, Mrs. Geer, Mrs. Hatcher, Mrs. Tulloch, Miss McBlair, Mrs. Sternberg, Mrs. Crosman, Mrs. Moss, Miss Miller, Mrs. Henry, Mrs. Tuttle, Mrs. Depue, Mrs. J. Morgan Smith, Mrs. Price, Mrs. Norton, Mrs. Slocum, Mrs. Kinney, Mrs. Churchman, Mrs. Lockwood, Mrs. Egan, Mrs. Park, Mrs. James Fowler, Mrs. Richards, Mrs. Lucy B. Johnston, Mrs. Thom, Miss Lovell, Mrs. Shields, Mrs. Murkland, Miss Batcheller, Mrs. Monfort, Mrs. L. Bradford Prince, Mrs. Verplanck, Miss Stringfield, Mrs. Lounsberry, Mrs. Murphy, Mrs. Barnes, Mrs. Lippitt, Mrs. Kellar, Mrs. Chamberlain, Mrs. Estey, Mrs. Page, Mrs. Bacon, Miss Henshaw, Mrs. Jordan, Mrs. S. V. White, Miss Elizabeth Bryant Johnston, Mrs. John Lane Henry, Mrs. Peck, Mrs. Harriet Richards, Mrs. McMillan, Mrs. Grosvenor, Mrs. Hogg, Mrs. Avery and Mrs. Sperry; Mrs. Adlai E. Stevenson, Mrs. Inez Wallace, Mrs. Roebling, Mrs. Jas. R. Mellon and Mrs. Hanna decline with regret. *Franco-American Memorial Committee*—Mrs. Robert S. Hatcher, Chairman; Mrs. Sara T. Kinney, Mrs. Albert Akers, Mrs. Daniel Manning and Mrs. Angus Cameron. *Committee on Insignia*—Mrs. Estey will be unable to act as Chairman; Mrs. Tulloch, Miss Hetzel and Mrs. J. Morgan Smith accept; Mrs. Roebling declines with thanks for the honor conferred. *Committee to Consider Reduction in Representation at the Congress*—Mrs. Wiles, Mrs. Lyons, Mrs. Monfort, Mrs. Murkland, Mrs. L. Bradford Prince, Mrs. Barnes, Mrs. Lippitt, Mrs. Kellar, Mrs. Page, Mrs. Wallace and Mrs. Henshaw. *Committee on Application of Real Daughters*—Miss Minnie F. Mickley, Chairman; Mrs. Tulloch and Miss Hetzel. *Committee on By-Laws*—Mrs. John N. Jewett, Chairman; Mrs. Kinney and Miss Forsyth.

There may be other acceptances in my mail this morning; but I have not been able to open the same, owing to the rush of work incidental to the Board meeting.

Number of letters written, 345.

I am happy to report that the work of my desk is up to date.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

ELEANOR S. WASHINGTON HOWARD,
Recording Secretary General.

Report accepted.

REPORT OF THE CORRESPONDING SECRETARY GENERAL: Madam Chairman and Ladies of the National Board of Management: Since the April meeting I have the honor to report the following: Blanks issued, 1,271; Constitutions, 147; Membership circulars, 152. Letters received, 45; letters written, 41.

I have also notified eleven of the State Regents of the resignations which have occurred in their respective States.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

GEORGIA STOCKTON HATCHER,
Corresponding Secretary General.

May 1, 1901.

Report accepted.

REPORT OF THE REGISTRAR GENERAL: Applications presented for membership, 371; applications verified awaiting dues, 88; applications on hand unverified, 141. "Real Daughters" admitted, 6. Resignations during April, 6; deaths, 32. Badge permits issued, 91. Resignations from 1898 until April 1, 1901, 354.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

MINNIE FOGEL MICKLEY,
Registrar General.

Upon motion, the new members were accepted and the Recording Secretary General instructed to cast the ballot for the same.

It was announced that in accordance with the instructions of the National Board of Management, the Recording Secretary General had cast the ballot and declared the applicants presented by the Registrar General duly elected members of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

The Registrar General made the following statement in regard to the resignations given in her report: "The list of resignations appears very large. This is due to the fact that every time they were presented to the Board last year it was moved that they be not accepted; consequently, many were left on the roll of membership. Now, as the work on the Directory is progressing, it is important that instructions be given to the Compiler of the Directory in regard to these names. They were left on the rolls as in arrears; whereas they really resigned. The Board will kindly direct the Compiler as to what is to be done with these names, as well as of those who have been dropped from the rolls."

Mrs. Lockwood moved: "That the names of all members who have resigned and those who have dropped do not appear in the Directory." Carried.

Upon inquiry from the Registrar General as to the pleasure of the Board in hearing the names of the resignations read, Mrs. Thom moved: "That the reading of the resignations which have been pending several months be dispensed with." Carried.

REPORT OF THE VICE-PRESIDENT GENERAL IN CHARGE OF ORGANIZATION OF CHAPTERS: In the absence of the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters, the Corresponding Secretary General presented, on her part, the following:

Madam President and Ladies of the National Board of Management: It is with regret that I present the resignation of Miss Sara Whittemore Daggett, State Regent of Massachusetts. Upon the acceptance of this resignation, the name of Miss Helen M. Winslow is presented for confirmation as State Regent of Massachusetts, Miss Winslow having been elected at a meeting called for that purpose, April 4, 1901.

Having received due notification that Pennsylvania took the necessary steps to ascertain the choice of all its Chapters to fill the vacancy in the office of State Regent, caused by the death of Mrs. Louis W. Hall, I report its choice to be Miss Susan C. Frazer, of Lancaster.

Through their respective State Regents the following Chapter Regents' appointments are presented for confirmation: Mrs. Mary H. Stoddard Johnson, Humboldt, Iowa; Mrs. Harriet M. Van Horn, Traphager Bozeman, Montana; Mrs. Nettie A. Ashenfelter, Silver City, New Mexico, and Mrs. Elizabeth Roberts Churchill, Gloversville, New York.

The resignation of Miss Mary Moore Abel, as Chapter Regent at Harrodsburg, Kentucky, is presented for acceptance.

Chapter Regents' commissions issued, 10; Charters issued, 4, viz: Mobile, Mobile, Alabama; Tuscaloosa, Tuscaloosa, Alabama; John Hancock, Boston, Massachusetts, and Adirondack, Malone, New York; Charters applications, 5; Charters in the hands of the engrosser, 3; letters written, 87.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

MIRANDA BARNEY TULLOCH,

Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.

Report accepted.

Mrs. Crosman moved: "That the Board rise in cordial greeting to and in recognition of the new State Regent of Massachusetts, Miss Helen M. Winslow." This being unanimously carried, all present arose.

Mrs. Crosman moved: "That the Board receive the expression of choice as conveyed in a letter from the State of Pennsylvania, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mrs. Hall, and that this Board confirm the name of Miss Susan C. Frazer, of Lancaster, as Regent of the State of Pennsylvania." Carried.

Miss Mickley moved: "That the confirmation of Miss Frazer, State Regent of Pennsylvania, be incorporated in the report of the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters." Carried.

Mrs. Crosman moved: "That the Board do now confirm the name of Miss Susan C. Frazer as State Regent of Pennsylvania." Carried.

Upon motion, the report of the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters was accepted.

The Recording Secretary General moved: "That the resignations presented by the Registrar General be accepted at the date on which they were offered." Carried.

The Recording Secretary General submitted to the Board the data which had been obtained for the verification of certain portions of the minutes, and it being found that the same was correct, it was moved and carried that the minutes, with a few minor corrections, be accepted.

At 1 o'clock p. m. it was moved and carried to take a recess until 2.15 p. m.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, May 1, 1901.

The adjourned meeting was called to order at 2.30 p. m. by the Chairman, Mrs. George M. Sternberg.

REPORT OF THE TREASURER GENERAL.

March 31—May 1, 1901.

CURRENT FUND.—CASH RECEIPTS.

On hand March 31,	\$20,001 28
Annual dues (\$2,058 less \$97 refunded),	\$1,938 00
Initiation fees (\$386 less \$6 refunded),	380 00
Interest on current investment,	60 00
Magazine receipts (\$296.84 less \$196.73 ex- pended),	100 11
Smithsonian Report sales (\$3.50 less \$1.50 ex- pended),	2 00
Sales of blanks,	1 22
" Ribbon,	1 00
" Rosettes,	9 00
Actual income of the month,	2,491 33
Total,	\$22,492 61

CURRENT FUND.—INVESTMENT.

U. S. registered 2% bonds, face value,	\$8,000 00
U. S. registered 4% bonds, face value,	2,000 00
Total current investment, face value,	\$10,000 00

CURRENT FUND.—EXPENDITURES.

Rent,	\$139 50
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Postage.

On application blanks,	\$10 00
On commissions,	2 82
On certificates,	30 00
For the general office,	3 00
For State Regent of Alabama,	4 82
" " " Iowa,	5 00
" " " Maryland,	5 00
" " " Missouri,	5 00
" " " Vermont,	5 00
" " " Wyoming,	5 00
	75 64

Certificate.

Engrossing 574 certificates,	57 40
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Directory.

Stamped envelopes,	12 00
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Spoons for Real Daughters.

- Joseph Habersham Chapter, *Georgia*, Mrs. Elizabeth Bass;
 Joseph Habersham Chapter, *Georgia*, Mrs. Maria R. Burnett;
 Joseph Habersham Chapter, *Georgia*, Miss Rebecca Chalker;
 Joseph Habersham Chapter, *Georgia*, Mrs. Sallie J. Covington;
 Joseph Habersham Chapter, *Georgia*, Mrs. Jane A. Glass;
 Joseph Habersham Chapter, *Georgia*, Mrs. Tamron F. Jordan;
 Joseph Habersham Chapter, *Georgia*, Mrs. Nancy A. Messick;
 Joseph Habersham Chapter, *Georgia*, Mrs. Frances Monroe;
 Joseph Habersham Chapter, *Georgia*, Mrs. Annie Gross Myers;
 Joseph Habersham Chapter, *Georgia*, Mrs. Rebekah Packard;
 Lycoming Chapter, *Pennsylvania*, Miss Mary Jane Lynn;

George Washington Chapter, Texas, Mrs. Mary

Martin Scott;

Mercy Warren Chapter, Massachusetts, Mrs. Lucy

Bliss, 30 75

Office of President General.

Record book,	\$4 50
Office supplies,	3 45
	—————

7 95

Office of Recording Secretary General.

Record book,	\$4 50
Office supplies,	9 93
Stenographer,	100 00
	—————

114 43

Office of Corresponding Secretary General.

Clerk,	30 00
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Office of Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.

Engrossing 46 commissions,	\$6 90
Printing 31 commissions,	5 50
Clerk,	60 00
	—————

72 40

Office of Registrar General.

2,000 printed cards,	\$7 00
3 clerks,	170 00
	—————

177 00

Office of Treasurer General.

Journal and day book,	\$2 30
Rent of safe deposit box 1 year,	5 00
Revenue stamps,	4 00
38½ days extra clerical service,	38 50
2 clerks,	125 00
	—————

174 80

Office of Librarian General.

Book cases, Wernicke pattern,	\$15 25
Binding,	75
Indexer,	50 00
	—————

66 00

General Office.

Office expenses,	\$30 00
Picture frames,	5 70
Copying 4 blanks,	1 00

Binding spoiled,	14 00
Curator,	85 00
	135 70

Stationery.

For President General,	\$9 14
For State Regent of Alabama,	2 77
" " " Arizona,	1 42
" " " Delaware,	1 34
" " " Georgia,	1 42
" " " Illinois,	1 42
" " " Indiana,	1 42
" " " Iowa,	2 13
" " " New Jersey,	2 76
" " " New Mexico,	1 42
" " " North Carolina,	2 84
" " " Ohio,	1 42
" " " Pennsylvania,	1 42
For general office,	2 15
	33 07

Lineage Book Expenses.

Paper and twine for wrapping,	\$7 08
Moving and packing,	6 50
Rent for storeroom,	10 00
2 clerks,	130 00
Revolving chair for clerk,	4 50
Total expense of Lineage Book for the month,	\$158 08
Less receipts from sales,	6 10
Net expense of Lineage Book for month,	151 98

Rosette Sales.

Profit on 3 months' sales, transferred to Permanent Fund,	36 60
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Tenth Continental Congress.

Telegrams, messages for Editing Committee, ..	\$5 00
Engrossing, binding and boxing resolutions for King Edward VII,	42 00
Engrossing, binding and boxing resolutions for Ex-President General,	35 60
Extra typewriting,	15 00
Extra hours clerical service, 8 clerks,	84 00

Second Parliamentarian,	25 00
	<hr/>
	206 60

Total expenditures for the month,	\$1,521 82
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Balance on hand May 1, 1901, Current Fund,	\$20,970 79
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CURRENT FUND.—ASSETS.

Cash in bank, as above,	\$20,970 79
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Bonds of permanent investment, face value, ...	10,000 00
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Total assets of Current Fund, May 1, 1901,	\$30,970 79
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SPECIAL FUND.

Fort Cralo Fund, as previously reported,	\$48 05
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PERMANENT FUND.—CASH RECEIPTS.

On hand March 31st,	\$12,213 94
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Charter Fees.

Watertown Chapter, <i>Massachusetts</i> ,	\$5 00
John Hancock Chapter, <i>Massachusetts</i> ,	5 00
James Madison Chapter, <i>New York</i> ,	5 00
	<hr/>
	15 00

Life Memberships.

Chicago Chapter, <i>Illinois</i> , Mrs. Martha Braun, ..	\$12 50
Chicago Chapter, <i>Illinois</i> , Mrs. Luelja Z. Gross,..	12 50
Chicago Chapter, <i>Illinois</i> , Mrs. Katherine M. McCormick,	12 50
Chicago Chapter, <i>Illinois</i> , Miss Delphi E. Vail,	12 50
Irondequoit Chapter, <i>New York</i> , Miss Martha Warner Riggs,	12 50
Lucy Holcomb Chapter, <i>District of Columbia</i> ,	12 50
Miss Sarah S. Howard,	12 50
Venango Chapter, <i>Pennsylvania</i> , Mrs. Jane D. Swan,	12 50
Dorothy Quincy Hancock Chapter, <i>Massachusetts</i> , Mrs. Sarah E. Woodard,	12 50
Mary A. Smith, <i>New York</i> ,	25 00
	<hr/>
	125 00

Continental Hall Contributions.

Philip Schuyler Chapter, <i>New York</i> ,	\$50 00
Mrs. Cornelia W. Fairbanks, <i>Indiana</i> ,	100 00
Ruth Hart Chapter, <i>Connecticut</i> ,	50 00

Samuel Ashley Chapter, <i>New Hampshire</i> ,	10 00
Elizabeth Porter Putnam Chapter, <i>Connecticut</i> , ..	10 00
Colonel William Montgomery Chapter, <i>Pennsyl-</i> <i>vania</i> ,	7 00
Gansevoort Chapter, <i>New York</i> ,	25 00
	252 00
Rosette profits (for 3 months),	36 60
Interest on permanent investment,	360 00
Total uninvested cash of Permanent Fund,	\$13,002 54

PERMANENT FUND.—ASSETS.

Cash in bank, as above,	\$13,002 54
Bonds of permanent investment, previously re- ported, face value,	59,000 00
Total assets Permanent Fund, May 1, 1901,	\$72,002 54

Respectfully submitted,

GERTRUDE B. DARWIN,
Treasurer General.

Report accepted.

REPORT OF THE HISTORIAN GENERAL: Madam President: We have now commenced work on the 14th volume of the Lineage Book. The 13th volume has not yet been sent to the publisher, as we are waiting for some important data. Every effort has been made to obtain this matter. Two hundred and seventy-five letters have been written, but one hundred and twenty-five are still unanswered. It may be necessary to apply to the State Regents for assistance. We will wait until the middle of May, with the hope that we can then send complete records to the publisher.

Lineage Books have been sent to two hundred and twenty-eight Chapters. Two of these have received 12 volumes; the other Chapters have received 11, owing to Volume 1 being exhausted.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

SUSAN RIVIERE HETZEL,
Historian General, D. A. R.

Report accepted.

REPORT OF THE LIBRARIAN GENERAL: Madam President and Ladies of the National Board of Management: I have the honor to report to you the following books and periodicals received since the last meeting of the Board of Management:

Bound Volumes.—1. Year Book of the Hawaiian Society, Sons of the American Revolution. Honolulu, 1900. 92 pp. 8°. From the Society in exchange. 2. Collections of the Georgia Historical So-

ciety. Vol. 3. Savannah, 1873. VI. 428 pp. 8°. From Mrs. Wm. Harden; containing letters of General Oglethorpe and Governor Sir James Wright, never before published.

Unbound Volumes.—1. Celebration on the Anniversary of the Birth of Nathan Hale at Middle Haddam, Conn. By Emma Gilman, Historian, Wadsworth Chapter. 16 pp. 12°. Presented by Mrs. William W. Wilcox, Regent of Wadsworth Chapter. 2. Report of the Committee charged with placing the memorial to mark the birth place of George Bancroft, with brief account of the formal exercises. Reprinted from proceedings of Worcester Society of Antiquity, Oct., 1900. 24 pp. 8°. Presented by Mrs. Samuel Kent. 3. History of Belfast, Me., to 1828. By Dr. Herman Abbott, with an introduction and notes by Joseph Williamson. Belfast, Me. G. E. Burgess, 1900. 18 pp. 8°. Presented by Mrs. Benjamin Ingersoll Nesmith. Beginning with 1769, the important events of each year are given up to 1825, besides lists of deaths and civil officers. This is a fac simile of an old manuscript of which only seventy-five copies have been printed. 4. Bibliography of New York Colonial History. By Charles A. Flagg and Judson T. Jennings. New York State Library, Bulletin 56. Albany, University of the State of New York, 1900. 269 pp. 8°. Exchange. 5. Reference list on Connecticut local history, compiled by Charles A. Flagg. New York State Library, Bulletin 53. Albany, University of the State of New York, 1900. 108 pp. 8°. Exchange. These last two volumes are designed to show what the New York library has relating to the subjects treated; are admirably arranged and will be of great service in directing studies of local history. 6. Eighth general meeting of the Connecticut Daughters of the American Revolution. Held with the Norwalk Chapter, at Norwalk, April the 19th, 1901. 6 pp. 16°. 7. Year Book, Ethan Allen Chapter, 1901. 9 pp. 8. Year Book, Virginia Society, Sons of the American Revolution. Richmond, 1901. 42 pp. 4°. Exchange. 9. Wilkes-Barre, the Diamond City. By Oscar J. Harvey. Presented by Mrs. Katharine McCartney. 10. Boonesborough. Its founding, pioneer struggles, Indian experiences, Transylvania days, and Revolutionary annals. By George W. Ranel. Louisville, John P. Morton & Co., 1901. XI. 216 pp. f°. (Filson Club Publication, No. 16.) Exchange. Here is a most interesting account of the settlement of Boonesborough, by the author of The Story of Bryan's Station, and other works relating to the early days of Kentucky. The narrative begins with the treaty of Watauga early in 1775, and the march of Boone and his little band through the wilderness, to take possession of the territory purchased from the Indians. The dangers and privations of these hardy pioneers up to the cessation of hostilities in 1783, are graphically depicted. The appendix contains extracts from rare books, old manuscripts, deeds, etc., including the roll call of Captain John

Holder's Company. 11. State Senators, 1784-1900. New Hampshire men at Bunker Hill, June 17, 1775. By George C. Gilmore, Manchester, N. H. John B. Clarke Co., 1899. 90 pp. Presented by George C. Gilmore. Fifty pages are devoted to a roll of New Hampshire men at the battle of Bunker Hill, arranged alphabetically by companies. Residence and rank are also given.

Periodicals.—1. Annals of Iowa; For January and April. 2. Virginia Magazine of history and biography for April. 3. New England Historical and Genealogical Register for April. 4. Essex Antiquarian for May. 5. Genealogical Quarterly Magazine for April. 6. Publications Southern Historical Association for March. 7. Genealogical Advertiser, March. 8. Williams and Mary College Quarterly for April. 9. "Old Northwest" Genealogical Quarterly for April.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

JULIA TEN EYCK McBLAIR,
Librarian General, N. S. D. A. R.

Report accepted.

Mrs. Crozman was requested to take the Chair.

The report of the Financial Committee was presented through its Chairman, Mrs. George M. Sternberg, and upon motion accepted.

Mrs. Sternberg resumed the Chair.

The Chairman of the Committee on Supervision asked for instructions as to the duties of this committee, stating that there was no report for this month, the work not having been clearly defined.

The matter was discussed and instructions given as requested.

Mrs. Hatcher, Chairman of the Committee to secure Hall for the Eleventh Continental Congress, read the contract made with the manager of the Opera House, as follows:

THIS AGREEMENT made between P. B. Chase, proprietor of Chase's Theatre, Washington, D. C., and the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution,

WITNESSETH, That said Chase hereby rents to said Society said theatre for the week commencing on the 17th of February, 1902, and ending Saturday night, February 22, 1902, for the sum of twenty-eight hundred dollars for the week;

Said sum above named shall include all expenses attached to the operation of said house, such as light, heat, attendance, cleaning and services of stage carpenter, engineer, electrician, property man, police officer, four ushers, night watchman, porter, ladies' maid, two doorkeepers, boy at 15th street entrance, attendance of scene shifters to get stage in readiness for Congress and that there will absolutely be no extra charge.

All lights are to be turned on before hour of convening at each session and not turned off until house is empty.

Furthermore, this includes box offices and all rooms back of the

stage for the entire week, but does not include the private office of said Chase.

In consideration that said Chase, without charge, does all sign writing for said Society for the week, he shall be permitted to have a desk in the lobby of said theatre and have the same signs in front of house announcing his next week's attraction that he used at the last Congress.

It is further agreed that said Chase shall be responsible for any courtesy or neglect of duty on the part of the employees and that said Society shall be responsible to said Chase for any damage done to said theatre, its furniture and furnishings, other than ordinary use and wear during said session.

IN CONSIDERATION THEREFORE, said Society agrees to pay to said Chase said sum of twenty-eight hundred dollars on or before March 1, 1902.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the said parties have hereunto signed their names this 16th day of April, A. D. 1901.

(Signed)

P. B. CHASE,

GEORGIA STOCKTON HATCHER,

JULIA TEN EYCK McBLAIR.

Witnesses:

KATE KEARNEY HENRY,

MARY S. LOCKWOOD.

Upon suggestion of Mrs. Crosman, action on this matter was deferred until the arrival of the President General.

Mrs. Hatcher requested instructions relative to the space already applied for at the Buffalo Exposition for the Daughters of the American Revolution exhibit, stating that a blank form had been received, to be filled in for this purpose.

Mrs. Lockwood moved: "That the application be made and the exhibit of the Daughters of the American Revolution Society be sent at once to the Pan-American Exposition." Carried.

The Corresponding Secretary General read a letter, a tribute to the memory of the late State Regent of Pennsylvania, Mrs. Louis W. Hall.

Miss Mickley moved that this be received with appreciation and placed on the records of the National Society. Carried.

The Corresponding Secretary General announced the receipt of a letter from Monsieur Michel, offering the "Livre d'Or" (an Album of the Daughters of the American Revolution exhibit at the Paris Exposition of 1900) for the sum of fifty cents a copy, provided three or four hundred copies of the same should be sold by the National Society.

It being the concensus of opinion that the Board had no power to assume any responsibility in this matter, by motion of Mrs. Lockwood the matter was laid on the table.

A letter was read by Mrs. Hatcher, on the part of the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters, from the Oshkosh Chapter, and instructions given for replying to the same.

Mrs. Thom requested, in view of her inability to be present at the next day's session of the Board, that the nominations for Vice-President General to fill a vacancy on the Board be made at the present session.

Previous to making the nominations Mrs. Crosman moved: "That the Board express by a rising vote its heartfelt sorrow on learning of the recent death of Mrs. Person C. Cheney, of New Hampshire, and that the Recording Secretary General convey our expressions of grief and sympathy to the family." All present arose.

Resolutions on the death of Mrs. Cheney from the Ashuelot Chapter, of Keene, New Hampshire, were read by the Recording Secretary General.

Mrs. Thom offered the following: "I take great pleasure in nominating Mrs. John N. Jewett. It is hardly necessary to enumerate to this Board her many qualifications for the position. Mrs. Jewett is a woman of rare judgment, faithful to all she undertakes, and will attend the meetings of the National Board and perform the duties assigned her." Seconded by Mrs. Eleanor S. Washington Howard and Mrs. J. J. Estey, State Regent of Vermont.

The following was presented by Miss Hetzel: "Mrs. Hepburn Smith, of Milford, Connecticut, is recommended by Mrs. Kinney, who says she will attend Board meetings, has every qualification as to capacity and desirability, and Connecticut asks for this recognition."

Mrs. Lockwood moved that Mrs. Josiah Carpenter be nominated to represent New Hampshire as Vice-President General in place of Mrs. Cheney, deceased.

A letter was read from Mrs. Murkland, State Regent of New Hampshire, suggesting the name of Mrs. Carpenter for this position.

The Chair stated that nominations for Vice-President General are still in order.

Mrs. Thom stated that Maryland had not had a Vice-President General for eight years, and that it had been suggested to her that Maryland should make an effort to secure one of her State to fill this vacancy; but after conferring with prominent members of the Society in Maryland, they felt willing to waive their right in favor of Mrs. Jewett, whose services, it was felt, would be a very valuable addition to the Board. Seconded by Miss McBlair.

Miss Mickley nominated Miss Anderson, from Colorado, Vice-President General. As there was no second, the name did not stand.

It was moved and carried that the nominations for Vice-President General be closed.

Miss McBlair made inquiry concerning the data about the "Real Daughters," which, it had been stated, was in the possession of the former Historian General, and asked for instructions and information in regard to the return of this data, which seemed to be the property of the Society.

The Chair said: "The question is whether this is the property of the National Society or the property of the former Historian General. We must decide that question before any action can be taken in the matter."

It was stated that the former Historian General had been requested to return the papers to the office but had replied that her reason for not doing so was that she wished to make further researches.

Miss McBlair said that the difficulty appeared to be, that these requests made to the former Historian General for the data had been made personally without the weight of the Board behind them; whereas the application should be made in an official way.

Mrs. Darwin spoke of the necessity of procuring this data in connection with the Smithsonian report.

The matter being discussed, it was the concensus of opinion of the Board that these papers and data were the rightful property of the National Society.

Mrs. Lindsay stated that many letters from "Real Daughters" had been turned over to the Committee on Revolutionary Relics, and some of these are now in the Smithsonian Institution."

The Recording Secretary General spoke of the value of this correspondence and the importance of retaining it in the archives of the Society, whose property it undoubtedly was, as the letters and other data procured had been gotten here and at the expense of the Society.

Miss Mickley, Chairman of the Committee on "Real Daughters," expressed the desire that this data might be obtained and stated that the correspondence in possession of the former Historian General was in regard to the "Real Daughters."

Mrs. Estey moved: "That the Recording Secretary General be, and hereby is, instructed to write to the former Historian General and ask that the correspondence and other data regarding 'Real Daughters' be returned to the office."

Mrs. Lindsay said: "I have written a motion which Mrs. Estey may substitute for the one just read, if she so desires. It is as follows: 'I move that all letters and photographs of "Real Daughters" of Revolutionary soldiers which are in possession of any past or present officers and which belong to this Society, be turned over to the Revolutionary Relics Committee.'"

The Chair: "We will hear again the motion of Mrs. Estey."

This was read by the Recording Secretary General.

Miss Hetzel said that while giving all due credit to the former Historian General for the work she had done in this matter, it was very necessary to have this data and that in her work of Historian General, which required the verification of the claims of the "Real Daughters," it was quite indispensable.

The question being called, the Chair called for a vote on the motion of Mrs. Estey. This was voted on and carried.

Mrs. Lindsay's motion was again read. Voted on and carried.

Miss Winslow, State Regent of Massachusetts, spoke of the complications in her State in regard to the election of State Vice-Regent and requested information from the Board on this point.

The Recording Secretary General read from the Amendments the requirements in regard to the election of State Vice-Regents, which covered the points in controversy.

Miss McBlair rose to a question of personal privilege to inquire as to the right of an individual to appear before the Board.

The Recording Secretary General replied that a motion had been passed about two years since to the effect that only members of the Board are entitled to this privilege.

At 4.20 p. m. it was moved and carried to adjourn until Thursday at 10 a. m.

THURSDAY MORNING, May 2, 1901.

The adjourned meeting was opened at 10.30 a. m. by the President General, Mrs. Fairbanks.

After prayer by the Chaplain General the motions of the previous day were read by the Recording Secretary General.

Mrs. Lockwood, Regent of the District, presented a request on the part of the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters, for extra clerical assistance, from time to time, as required.

Mrs. Lockwood also announced the resignation of Miss Rogers, former clerk to the Corresponding Secretary General, and stated that Miss Finckel, clerk to the Historian General, would perform the work done by Miss Rogers, for the extra compensation of ten dollars per month. This would obviate the necessity of employing another clerk, and as Miss Finckel was sometimes obliged to wait for data, she would thus be enabled to attend to the desk of the Corresponding Secretary General, as she had heretofore had been in the habit of working through the various offices. In consideration of the fact that this proposed arrangement would save the Society the expense of employing another clerk, and of the further fact that Miss Finckel was eminently qualified for the work, from her long familiarity with office duties, Mrs. Lockwood requested a motion on this matter.

The Recording Secretary General moved: "That the requests

made by the Chairman of the Supervising Committee for the welfare of the various offices be granted." Carried.

Mrs. Henry, Chairman of the Committee on Directory, requested that extra space be given for the work of the Directory, the present quarters being very contracted and inconvenient.

The Recording Secretary General proposed that the Board Room be placed at the disposal of the working force of the Directory as soon as practicable after the June meeting of the Board, in order to facilitate the work on the Directory.

It was so ordered.

Upon call for the report of the Committee on Lineage Book, the Chairman stated the 13th Volume was obliged to be held up, on account of the committee not having received answers to certain letters written to members of the Society.

The Registrar General presented a supplementary report.

Upon motion, the names were accepted and the Recording Secretary General instructed to cast the ballot for the same.

Announcement was made that in accordance with the instructions of the National Board of Management, the Recording Secretary General had cast the ballot for the applicants presented by the Registrar General and declared them duly elected members of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

The Recording Secretary General presented the following:

Madam President and Ladies of the Board of Management: May I present a brief supplementary report to announce the receipt of the letters from the following ladies, expressing regret at their inability to attend the May Board meeting: Mrs. J. Morgan Smith, Alabama; Mrs. George W. Bacon, Washington State; Mrs. Samuel Verplanck, New York; Mrs. A. H. Tuttle, Virginia; Mrs. Robert H. Wiles, Illinois; Mrs. Jas. R. Mellon, Pennsylvania; Mrs. Chas. Murkland, New Hampshire.

I desire to state that in accordance with instructions of the Board, I have duly notified Miss Frazer of her unanimous confirmation by the Board as State Regent of Pennsylvania.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

ELEANOR S. WASHINGTON HOWARD,
Recording Secretary General, D. A. R.

Report accepted.

The President General stated that she had received a letter from Mrs. Robert E. Park, State Regent of Georgia, regretting that she would be unable to attend the present meeting of the Board.

The Recording Secretary General read a letter from Mrs. S. B. C. Morgan, of Georgia, suggesting that the vacancy in the office of Vice-President General be left unfilled until the next Congress.

The Recording Secretary General read a letter from Mrs. Daniel Manning, Honorary President General, acknowledging the receipt

of notification of her election to that office by the Tenth Continental Congress, and expressing her gratification at this mark of esteem by the Congress. Also, a letter from Mrs. Manning, acknowledging, with gratitude, the engrossed Resolutions, offered as a tribute of the Tenth Continental Congress to the retiring President General.

Letters were also read from Mrs. Mary Virginia Cabell, of Virginia, and from Mrs. James B. Clarke, of Texas, acknowledging receipt of notification of their election by the Tenth Continental Congress, Mrs. Cabell, as Honorary President Presiding, and Mrs. Clarke as Honorary State Regent of Texas. A letter from Miss Hall, of Pennsylvania, was read, expressing to the Board the appreciation of the resolutions of condolence sent to the family upon the death of Mrs. Hall, State Regent of Pennsylvania.

The Recording Secretary General read papers and letters from members of the Independence Hall Chapter, of Philadelphia, submitting a complaint and requesting an investigation thereon by the National Board.

Mrs. Sternberg expressed the opinion that this matter should come under the jurisdiction of the State Regent, and be referred, as Chapter matters usually are, for their respective States to decide upon.

The Chair invited discussion on the subject.

Mrs. Lounsberry suggested that some member of the Board be authorized to go and investigate the matter.

After some further consideration of the communications presented to the Board, Mrs. Smoot moved: "That the appeal of Miss Baird-Huey, ex-Regent of Independence Hall Chapter, be entrusted to the State Regent of Pennsylvania, in accordance with Article IV, Section 8 of the By-Laws, and that she be instructed to investigate and adjust the matter."

Mrs. Lockwood spoke of the excellent work that had been done by the Independence Hall Chapter, of Philadelphia, and expressed a desire that the difficulty now existing might be adjusted.

The Recording Secretary General stated that the National Board had no authority to act in such matters, all such cases having been referred to the State Regents years ago. It is only when the State Regent finds it beyond her power to adjust Chapter difficulties that they are permitted to be brought to the Board.

Mrs. Lockwood said: "Madam President, We cannot accuse Miss Baird-Huey of doing anything out of order. She has been perfectly legal in every move she has made."

The Chair requested the reading of Mrs. Smoot's motion. It was again read by the Recording Secretary General, voted on and carried.

Miss Mickley read a letter received in regard to changing the office rooms.

After a discussion as to the advantages and otherwise of moving, Miss Mickley was instructed to say in reply to this letter that the Board does not consider a change favorable at the present time.

Mrs. Sternberg announced to the Board the death of Mrs. Charles O'Neil, a former Vice-President General of the National Society.

Miss Hetzel moved: "That resolutions of condolence be sent to Admiral O'Neil on the death of our honored ex-Vice-President General, Mrs. O'Neil." Carried.

Mrs. Hatcher moved: "As a token of affection and in recognition of the valuable services rendered the Society by our late friend, Mrs. O'Neil, I move that flowers be sent in the name of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution." Carried.

All present paid tribute to the patriotic devotion of Mrs. O'Neil, as expressed in her untiring work for the interests of the National Society, and the earnest work performed by her in connection with the Spanish-American war, as a member of the Daughters of the American Revolution war committee.

Mrs. Wheaton suggested that the President General be requested to appoint a committee to attend to the carrying out of the above resolutions.

A committee consisting of Mrs. Sternberg, Mrs. Wheaton and Mrs. Goodloe was appointed to select flowers. Committee on Resolutions of Condolence, Miss Hetzel, Chairman; Mrs. Hatcher, Mrs. Sternberg, Mrs. Goodloe and Mrs. Henry.

Mrs. Hatcher read a letter in regard to unveiling a tablet in honor of Daniel Webster at the Hall of Fame, Columbia University, University Heights, New York City.

The President General stated she would probably be unable to attend these unveiling ceremonies, and that a suggestion had been made to the effect that two alternates from New York be appointed to represent the National Society.

At the request of the Chair, the Board made two nominations, viz: Mrs. Verplanck, nominated by Mrs. Crosman, and Mrs. Manning, nominated by Miss Hetzel. These were confirmed by the Board.

Mrs. Crosman, as Chairman of the Magazine Committee, reported the receipt of a letter from the Editor of the Magazine, making some suggestions about the In Memoriam department, and recommending that this be discontinued or that death notices only printed, the resolutions to be sent to headquarters and kept on file in the office. It was explained that the notices of deaths are obliged to wait their turn, and as they are very numerous there is often a long delay in the publication.

Mrs. Crosman spoke of the suggestion made by the Editor in regard to cutting the leaves of the Magazine, and asked for instructions on this point; also of the cover, stating that Miss Lockwood

would present this matter to the Board. Also, matter of the proceedings of the Congress was discussed, that is, the request of the Editor of the Magazine that it be sent directly to her.

Miss McBlair, Chairman of the Editing Committee, stated that she felt she had no authority to accede to this request of the Editor, having been instructed to have the proof sent directly to headquarters.

Instructions were given the Chairman of the Magazine Committee in reply to the inquiries of the Editor on these points.

Miss Winslow moved: "That the obituary department of the AMERICAN MONTHLY be dispensed with and that a monthly necrology list be printed in its place; said list to mention the names and numbers of deceased Daughters, with the dates of their deaths." Carried.

The Treasurer General asked for permission to have the temporary clerk in her department retained as a permanent clerk, explaining the increased work of the department which rendered this necessary.

Miss Mickley moved: "That the Treasurer General's request be granted to have the temporary clerk placed on the permanent roll." Carried.

The following supplementary report was presented by the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters: Madam President and Ladies of the National Board of Management: May I be allowed to add to my report and present for confirmation the name of Miss Frances A. McMurtry, who has been appointed by the State Regent of New Jersey as Chapter Regent at Newton, New Jersey.

The State Regent of Indiana appoints Mrs. Robert S. Robinson, of Fort Wayne, as Chapter Regent at Fort Wayne.

The State Regent of Iowa appoints Mrs. Mary H. Stoddard Johnson, of Humboldt, Iowa, as Chapter Regent at Humboldt.

(Signed) MIRANDA BARNEY TULLOCH,
Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.

Report accepted.

Mrs. Lounsberry announced that she desired to present certain Revolutionary articles to the Committee on Revolutionary Relics.

Miss Hetzel moved a rising vote of thanks to Mrs. Lounsberry for her valuable gifts to the Society.

The Corresponding Secretary General read a letter from Mr. Hallcock, transmitted through Mrs. Geer, in regard to the purchase of a pitcher of the Revolutionary period. Also, a letter from Mr. Heitmiller, offering a letter written by Benjamin Franklin.

The Chair asked the pleasure of the Board in regard to these Revolutionary relics.

Mrs. Lockwood moved: "That the letter of Mr. Hallcock be turned over to the Revolutionary Relics Committee." Carried.

Mrs. Sternberg moved: "That the Revolutionary relic presented

for purchase through Mrs. Hatcher be referred to the Chairman of the Revolutionary Relics Committee." Carried.

At one o'clock p. m. it was moved and carried to take a recess until 2 p. m.

THURSDAY AFTERNOON, May 2, 1901.

The adjourned meeting was called to order by the President General at 2.15 p. m.

The report of the Business Manager of the Magazine was read.

Madam President and Ladies: Four firms were requested to make bids on printing the Magazine,—The Harrisburg Publishing Company, our present publishers, two firms in Cleveland and one in Washington.

I have two bids to present, one from Harrisburg and one from Cleveland.

The other firm in Cleveland declined to bid, fearing the difficulties presented in doing business at so great a distance from the office of publication.

The Washington firm, Judd & Detweiler, does not care to compete with the low prices of the Harrisburg Company, union prices being much lower there. The Harrisburg firm continues to make the lowest bid.

I herewith present the bids for your consideration.

Owing to the serious illness of the advertising agent, whom we expected to secure to work for us in soliciting contracts, we have been unable to come to any definite arrangement.

I am hoping to be able to find some one else, equally as well recommended,—a difficult task. This in case the Chicago firm fails us entirely.

I have prepared a printed slip, calling the attention of Chapter Regents to the Magazine and urging them to appoint agents in the Chapter to secure subscriptions. These are ready to be mailed with the amendments when they are sent out, thus saving extra postage.

This is an extra report and does not contain a financial statement, as they are given every two months.

Over five hundred expiration notices to subscribers have been sent out this month. This could only be done with extra assistance,—at my own expense, however.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

LILIAN LOCKWOOD.

Mrs. Crosman moved: "That Miss Lockwood be authorized to interview Messrs. Lamb as to their offer regarding the Magazine cover and to report the result to the Board, at the June meeting." Carried.

The Chair inquired if further action was necessary on this report.

Mrs. Wheaton moved: "That the contract for printing the

Magazine be given to the Harrisburg Publishing Company." Carried.

The Treasurer General called the attention of the Board to a bill that had come in, for the support of a "Real Daughter," in accordance with the action of the Tenth Continental Congress,—the same being sent by Mrs. Laura W. Fowler, of Massachusetts, and asked for instructions how to act in the matter.

Mrs. Lockwood moved: "That the Treasurer General be instructed to pay the bill of the "Real Daughter," presented by Mrs. Fowler." Carried.

Mrs. Lockwood read from the proceedings of the Tenth Congress, the ruling on which her motion was based.

REPORT OF THE PRINTING COMMITTEE: Supplies ordered since April 4th 1,000 postals, in two forms, for Registrar General; 500 postal cards for Business Manager of the Magazine; 600 circulars, resolutions to be sent to Chapter Regents; 1,000 postals, notices of regular monthly meeting of the National Board for Recording Secretary General; 600 circulars for AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

B. McG. SMOOT,

Chairman.

KATE KEARNEY HENRY.

Report accepted.

The matter of the Directory was considered and after some informal discussion, the following resolution was offered: "It being the concensus of opinion that \$75 per month is a sufficient salary for the Compiler of the Directory, I move that sum be the amount paid from June 1st; also \$5 per month be the sum paid for the typewriter used in the work." Carried.

The following was presented through the Auditing Committee:

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 2, 1901.

To the Auditing Committee,

National Board of Managers, D. A. R.

Ladies: I have the honor to report that in accordance with the terms of the resolution to employ me as Auditor for the Society, passed by the National Board in April, of which I received the notice on the 17th ultimo, I have examined in details the accounts of the Treasurer General covering the period from February 11th to April 30th, both dates inclusive. This examination includes the verifying of every entry in both cash and ledger. The balances of the several ledger accounts I find to agree with those admitted by the Treasurer General, which I have also proven by a trial balance.

The only items requiring attention were a few purely technical errors in copying names, all of which have been promptly corrected by the Treasurer General.

The book shows gross receipts and expenditures as follows:

RECEIPTS.

Initiation fees,	\$1,063 00
Less—refunded,	36 00

	\$1,027 00
Annual dues,	\$12,237 00
Less—refunded,	306 00

	11,931 00
Charters,	45 00
Life membership fees,	450 00
Continental Hall contributions,	5,282 70
Interest, Current Investment,	60 00
Interest, Permanent Investment,	360 00
Sale of Directory,	1 00
Blanks, exchange and refund of expenses,	6 32
Lineage Books,	60 10
Magazine,	659 84
Ribbon,	3 90
Rosettes,	76 60
Statute Books,	70
Smithsonian Report,	14 19
Tenth Congress—refund of expenses,	4 23

	\$20,022 58

DISBURSEMENTS.

Certificates,	\$77 70
Directory,	12 00
Expenses (Salaries and office expenses included),	2,101 16
Lineage,	298 08
Magazine,	888 88
Rosettes,	40 00
Stationery,	13 07
Spoons,	30 75
Postage,	240 06
Smithsonian Report,	3 50
Tenth Congress,	4,953 01

	\$8,678 21

The present status of the two principal funds is shown by the books as follows:

CURRENT FUND.

Balance to credit of fund, February 11, 1901,	\$15,848 77
Receipts, February 11 to April 30, 1901,	20,022 58

	\$35,871 35

From which deduct:

Disbursements, February 11 to April 30, 1901,	\$8,678 21
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Amounts transferred to Permanent Fund,
being receipts under the statutes of the Society
from the following sources:

Charters,	\$45 00	
Life membership fees,	450 00	
Continental Hall contributions,	5,382 70	
Interest, Permanent Investment,	360 00	
Profit from Rosettes,	36 60	
	6,274 30	
	14,952 51	
Balance April 30,	\$20,918 84	
Thus distributed:		
Metropolitan Bank,	\$1,943 23	
Washington Loan & Trust Co.,	18,975 61	
	\$20,918 84	

(Note—The amount transferred to Permanent Fund as Continental Hall contributions should have been \$5,282.70 instead of \$5,382.70. This, however, has been corrected by the Treasurer General under date of May 1st, so that the amount now to the credit of both funds is correct. The error at the best was only one of book-keeping and did not affect the total to the Society's credit.)

PERMANENT FUND.

Balance to credit of fund, February 11, 1901,	\$6,828 24
Transferred from Current Funds, March and April,	6,274 30

Balance April 30th, deposited with American Security and Trust Co.,	\$13,102 54
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See note above.

No transactions appear on the books for the periods of this report which affect the investment accounts of the Society.

I have also to report that I have examined the books of the Manager of the Magazine and find the receipts and expenditures of her office agree with those reported by the Treasurer General.

Respectfully yours,

(Signed)

E. T. BUSHNELL,
Auditor.

Upon motion, this report was accepted.

The Report of the Committee on Codification was presented but as this report was necessarily incomplete, it was not read.

It was stated that Mrs. Roberts, Chairman of this committee, had incurred some expense in the preparation of the report, and a suggestion was made that the amount expended should be refunded.

Mrs. Crosman moved: "That our thanks be extended to the Committee on Codification for its laborious work, and that it be reimbursed for any expense incurred." Carried.

Mrs. Darwin requested that a new chairman be appointed for the Committee on Smithsonian Report, as she would be unable to continue the chairmanship of this committee.

Mrs. Darwin moved: "That the Committee on the Fourth Smithsonian Report be furnished with postage and stationery and the services of a typewriter operator when necessary." Carried.

The Chair inquired if there was any further business to be transacted.

This being answered in the negative, it was moved and carried to adjourn until the first Wednesday in June.

(Signed)

ELEANOR S. WASHINGTON HOWARD,
Recording Secretary General.

NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT.

WEDNESDAY, June 5, 1901.

A special meeting of the National Board of Management was held Wednesday, May 5th.

The meeting was called to order at 10.30 a. m. by the President General, Mrs. Charles W. Fairbanks.

In the absence of the Chaplain General the President General requested the members to unite in the recitation of the Lord's Prayer.

Roll call by the Recording Secretary General.

Members present: Mrs. Miranda B. Tulloch, Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters; Mrs. William Lindsay, Vice-President General, Kentucky; Mrs. Albert H. Tuttle, Vice-President General, Virginia; Mrs. James R. Mellon, Vice-President General, Pennsylvania; Mrs. George M. Sternberg, Mrs. Kate Kearney Henry and Mrs. Frank Wheaton, Vice-Presidents General, District of Columbia; Mrs. J. Heron Crosman, Vice-President General, New York; Mrs. Robert Stockwell Hatcher, Corresponding Secretary General; Miss Minnie Fogel Mickley, Registrar General; Mrs. Charles Carlyle Darwin, Treasurer General; Miss Susan Riviere Hetzel, Historian General; Miss Julia Ten-Eyck McBlair, Librarian General; Mrs. Eleanor S. Washington Howard; and of the State Regents, Mrs. Sara T. Kinney, Connecticut; Mrs. Elizabeth Clarke Churchman, Delaware; Mrs. J. Pembroke Thom, Maryland; Miss Susan Carpenter Frazer, Pennsylvania; Mrs. Sarah B. Lounsherry, North Dakota; Miss Valley Virginia Henshaw, West Virginia; Mrs. Harriet Richards, Wyoming; Mrs. Hugh Nelson Page, Virginia, and Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood, District of Columbia.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read by the Recording Secretary General, and with a few corrections stood approved.

Reports of officers were called.

REPORT OF THE RECORDING SECRETARY GENERAL: Madam President and Ladies of the National Board of Management: I have the honor to report that conformably with the instructions of the National Board of Management, at the May meeting, I have written the former Historian General, Mrs. Mary J. Seymour, requesting a return to the office of all data and correspondence in her possession relative to the "Real Daughters," but so far have received no reply.

I duly notified the State Regent of Pennsylvania, that the matter presented by certain members of the Independence Hall Chapter, of Philadelphia, to the National Board, had been referred to her for adjustment.

Letters of notification have been sent to Mrs. John N. Jewett, Mrs. Mary A. Hepburn Smith and Mrs. Josiah Carpenter, of their nominations as Vice-President General, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mrs. Person C. Cheney. I have received acceptances from Mrs. Smith and Mrs. Carpenter.

Since the May meeting I have to report acceptances on the Continental Hall Committee, as follows: Mrs. Thomas Roberts, Mrs. Francis Nash, Mrs. Amos G. Draper, Mrs. Katharine Horton, Miss Susan C. Frazer, Mrs. Ellen M. Colton, Mrs. John F. Swift, Mrs. Caroline Murphy, Mrs. William A. Talcott, Mrs. Albert Akers, Mrs. H. V. Boynton, Mrs. J. C. Burrows, Mrs. Caroline McWilliams, Mrs. Samuel Ammon, Miss Ella Lorraine Dorsey, Dr. Anita Newcomb McGee, Miss Helen M. Winslow and Mrs. Walworth.

Acceptances on Committee on Site, a sub-committee of Continental Hall: Mrs. George M. Sternberg, Miss Virginia Miller, Mrs. Amos G. Draper, Mrs. Randolph Keim, Miss E. Ellen Batcheller, Mrs. Albert H. Tuttle, Mrs. J. Pembroke Thom, Dr. Anita Newcomb McGee, Mrs. J. Heron Crosman, Mrs. S. A. Richardson, Miss Julia Ten-Eyck McBlair and Mrs. Miranda B. Tulloch.

Congressional Committee (a sub-committee of Continental Hall): Acceptances: Mrs. J. C. Burrows, Mrs. George H. Shields and Mrs. N. D. Sperry.

Committee on Ways and Means (sub-committee on Continental Hall): Acceptances: Mrs. S. V. White, Mrs. James M. Fowler, Mrs. A. D. Geer, Mrs. William F. Slocum, Mrs. Henry Blount and Mrs. Albert Akers. Owing to absence in Europe, Mrs. Clement A. Griscom will be unable to serve on this committee.

Committee on Architecture (sub-committee of Continental Hall): Mrs. Daniel Manning, Mrs. J. Morgan Smith, Mrs. Elizabeth Clarke Churchman, Mrs. Robert S. Hatcher. Mrs. Hugh Nelson Page and Mrs. Frances M. Shepard decline, with regret.

Flag Committee: Mrs. Henry C. Payne accepts the appointment to this committee.

Committee on National University: Mrs. Simon Newcomb will serve as Chairman, vice Mrs. Ellen Hardin Walworth, resigned.

Committee on Ancestral Bars: Miss Valley Virginia Henshaw accepts. Committee on Lineage Book: Mrs. William P. Jewett accepts.

Number of letters and postals written, 230.

I have received letters of regret from the following ladies: Mrs. J. Morgan Smith, Mrs. William P. Jewett, Mrs. J. J. Estey, Miss Mary L. Stringfield and Mrs. Robert Wiles for the June Board meeting.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed) ELEANOR S. WASHINGTON HOWARD,
Recording Secretary General.

Report accepted.

REPORT OF THE CORRESPONDING SECRETARY GENERAL: Madam President and Members of the National Board of Management: Since the May meeting, I have the honor to report the following: Blanks issued, 2,305; Constitutions, 346; Membership circulars, 209; letters received, 48; letters written, 113.

The Amendments to be acted on at the Congress of 1902 have been sent to all National Officers, State and Chapter Regents. At the same time the new Officers' Lists and circulars from the Recording Secretary General and the Editor of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE were mailed with the Amendments.

During the past month twenty State Regents have been notified of resignations which have occurred in their respective States.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed) GEORGIA STOCKTON HATCHER,
Corresponding Secretary General, D. A. R.

June 5, 1901.

Report accepted.

REPORT OF AMOUNT RECEIVED AND EXPENDED BY THE CURATOR, D. A. R., FOR MAY, 1901:

Postage on Application Blanks.

Amount received,	\$10 00
Amount expended,	7 50

Office Expenses.

Postal cards,	\$0 50
Postage due on papers,	1 18
Ice,	1 30
Toilet supplies,	1 00
Pencils,	50

Falcon files,	1 80
Cord,	50
Expressage,	3 56
Stamps,	4 50
Messenger service,	2 05
	\$16 89

Amount received for articles sold: April and May, 1901.

Rosettes,	\$22 50
Ribbon,	1 74
Daughters of the American Revolution Reports,	5 50
Lineage Book I-XII,	10 20
Directory,	50
Statute Book,	35
	\$40 79

Report accepted.

REPORT OF THE REGISTRAR GENERAL: Applications presented, 486; applications verified, awaiting dues, 99; applications not verified, 148. Daughters of Revolutionary Soldiers presented for membership, 4. Badge permits issued, 111. Resignations from the Society, 29; deaths, 33; dropped, 15.

Upon motion the Recording Secretary General was instructed to cast the ballot for the new applicants to membership.

The Recording Secretary General announced that in accordance with the instructions of the National Board, she had cast the ballot for the applicants presented to the Board in the report of the Registrar General, and declared them duly elected members of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

It was moved and carried that the resignations be accepted and the announcement of the deaths be received with regret.

The Registrar General asked permission of the Board to send out to Chapter Registrars a circular in regard to the time application papers should be sent to Daughters of the American Revolution headquarters—from the 1st to the 25th of the month—explaining the requirements on this point, also other matters regarding application papers including a small fac simile copy of an application paper.

By concurrence of the Board the request of the Registrar General was granted—circulars to be sent, according to her suggestion, at the same time that other Daughters of the American Revolution matter should be issued.

REPORT OF THE VICE-PRESIDENT GENERAL IN CHARGE OF ORGANIZATION OF CHAPTERS: Madam President and Ladies of the National Board of Management: Through their respective State Regents the following Chapter Regents' appointments are presented

for confirmation: Mrs. Lucie Snyder Parham, Bunker Hill, Illinois; Mrs. Mary Churchill Noble, Mattoon, Illinois; Mrs. Maria M. Neale, Lowell, Massachusetts; Miss Elizabeth P. Harrison, Hannibal, Missouri; Mrs. Mary Thompson Howe, Jackson, Mississippi; Mrs. Annie Strickland Steele, Fairbury, Nebraska; Mrs. Letitia Byers Hand, Cape May, New Jersey; Miss Mary Eleanor Brackenridge, San Antonio, Texas, and Mrs. Mary E. Perkins Phelps, Seattle, Washington, and the re-appointment of Mrs. Lucie Minter Weaver Robbins, Selma, Alabama.

Chapter Regents' commissions issued, 6; Chapter applications issued, 7; Charters issued, 2, viz: Rebecca Park, Galesburg, Illinois, and Watertown, Watertown, Massachusetts; Charters in the hands of the engrosser, 5; Letters written, 100.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

MIRANDA BARNEY TULLOCH,

Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.

Report accepted.

REPORT OF THE TREASURER GENERAL.

May 1-31, 1901.

CURRENT FUND.—CASH RECEIPTS.

On hand at last report,	\$20,970 79
Annual dues (\$1,319 less \$94, refunded),	1,225 00
Initiation fees (\$362 less \$6, refunded),	356 00
Blanks,	6 04
Rosettes,	13 50
Statute Book,	35
<hr/>	
Actual income of the month,	1,600 89
<hr/>	
Total,	\$22,571 68

CURRENT FUND.—EXPENDITURES.

Rent,	\$139 50
<i>Postage.</i>	
For Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters,	\$1 30
" Recording Secretary General,	3 75
" Registrar General,	50
" General Office,	5 13
" Application blanks,	10 00
" 8,000 stamped envelopes,	172 80
On Amendments to Constitution,	14 00
On certificates,	30 00
For State Regent of Massachusetts,	5 00

For State Regent of West Virginia,	5 00
" " " Mississippi,	5 00
" " " Georgia,	7 50
" " " Virginia,	5 00
	264 98

Certificates.

Engrossing 225,	22 50
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Directory.

Office supplies for new directory work,	\$5 00
Drop light for new directory work,	2 00
Clerical service for new directory work,	265 20
Rent for 3 typewriters for new directory work,..	15 00

Total expenses of directory for the month,	\$287 20
Less receipts from sales of old directory,	50

Net expenses for the month,	286 70
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Spoons for Real Daughters.

Mrs. Maria V. Berry, <i>Joseph Habersham Chapter</i> , Georgia;	
Mrs. Katherine M. Bishop, <i>Mary Mattoon Chapter</i> , Massachusetts;	
Mrs. Rhode W. Chick, <i>Molly Varnum Chapter</i> , Massachusetts;	
Mrs. Elizabeth T. Coggeshall, <i>William Ellery Chapter</i> , Rhode Island;	
Mrs. Hannah A. Southwick, <i>Pawtucket Chapter</i> , Rhode Island,	12 00

Office of President General.

Messengers and telegrams,	4 63
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Office of Recording Secretary General.

Messengers, rubber stamp, etc,	\$3 75
1,000 postal cards, printed,	11 50
600 circulars, printed,	2 25
Stenographer's salary,	100 00

117 50

Office of Corresponding Secretary General.

Clerical service,	10 00
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*Office of Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of
Chapters.*

Messenger, telegrams, etc,	\$4 76
Engrossing 8 charters and 52 commissions,	10 40

Regular clerical service,	60 00
Extra clerical service,	5 00
	<hr/>

80 16

Office of Registrar General.

Expressage,	\$4 03
1,000 printed postal cards,	12 50
Binding 4 volumes records,	12 00
Clerical service,	170 00
	<hr/>

198 53

Office of Treasurer General.

3 receipt books and 3 bill books, large (2,400 receipts and 2,400 bills),	\$23 25
Auditing accounts, February 11 to April 30, 1901,	30 00
Clerical service (3 clerks),	155 00
Mimeographing 200 letters,	2 00
	<hr/>

210 25

Office of Librarian General.

Genealogical Quarterly, etc.,	\$3 25
Clerical service,	50 00
	<hr/>
	53 25

Office of Historian General.

Paper and paper fasteners,	1 30
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General Office.

Office supplies,	\$11 97
Wreath for funeral of Mrs. Chas. O'Neil, ex-Vice-President General,	17 00
Salary of Curator,	85 00
	<hr/>

113 97

Stationery.

For President General's office,	\$11 50
" Recording Secretary General's office,	29 78
" former Recording Secretary General's office,	1 90*
" Registrar General's office,	5 28
" former Corresponding Secretary General's office,	9 58*
" present Corresponding Secretary General's office,	5 20
" Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters' office,	12 47
" Treasurer General's office,	19 50

*Bill contracted before 10th congress but not presented for payment until May.

For Historian General's office,	3 63
" Librarian General's office,	15 20
" General office,	14 17
" State Regent of North Dakota,	1 42
" " " Kansas,	1 42
" " " Nebraska,	1 42
" " " Missouri,	1 34
" " " Wisconsin,	1 42

	\$135 23
Less commissions on stationery received from Caldwell & Co.,	25 61

Net expense of stationery for the month,	109 62

Lineage Book Expenses.

Rent of store room,	\$10 00
Clerical service,	130 00

Total expense of Lineage Book for the month,	\$140 00
Less receipts from sales,	4 10

Net expense of Lineage Book for the month,	135 90

Magazine Expenses.

500 postals and 600 circulars, printed,	\$8 50
Auditing account, February 11 to April 30,	10 00
Editor's salary,	83 33
Business Manager's salary,	75 00
Publishing congressional minutes, April-May number,	1,125 82*

Total expense of Magazine for the month,	1,302 65
Less receipts from sales,	265 29

Net expense of Magazine for the month,	1,037 36
6 bolts ribbon for sale (\$27 less \$0.74, received),	26 26
Support of a "Real Daughter, Massachusetts,	11 00

Third Smithsonian Report Expenses.

Typewriting 3d Report (690 pages),	\$65 00
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*This number contains nearly three times the number of pages in an ordinary number. Hence the increase in expense.

Typewriter paper and messenger,	2 80
2 half tone plates,	9 00
	—————
	\$76 80
Less receipts from sales of 2d Report,	3 00
	—————
Net expense of the Reports for the month,	73 80
	—————
Total expenditures,	\$2,908 51
	—————
Balance of Current Fund on hand May 31:	
In Metropolitan Bank,	\$1,635 48
In Washington Loan & Trust Co.,	18,027 69
	—————
	\$19,663 17

PERMANENT FUND.

On hand at last report, in bank, \$13,002 54

Charter Fees.

Lewis Chapter, <i>Alabama</i> ,	\$5 00
Nathaniel Woodhull Chapter, <i>New York</i> ,	5 00
Hannah Weston Chapter, <i>Maine</i> ,	5 00
Kettle Creek Chapter (re-issue), <i>Georgia</i> ,	2 00
Lake Mills, <i>Wisconsin</i> ,	5 00
	—————
	22 00

Life Memberships.

Mrs. Sarah B. Champion, <i>Mary Clap Wooster Chapter</i> , Connecticut,	\$12 50
Mrs. Mary E. G. Crane, <i>Peace Party Chapter</i> , Massachusetts,	12 50
Miss Marie L. Judson, <i>Irondequoit Chapter</i> , New York,	12 50
Mrs. Julia S. Kilmers, <i>Tuscarora Chapter</i> , New York,	12 50
Miss Lydia Rumsey, <i>Irondequoit Chapter</i> , New York,	12 50
Mrs. M. Blanche Spicer, <i>Chicago Chapter</i> , Illinois,	12 50
Mrs. Sarah F. Twitchell, <i>Hannah Woodruff Chapter</i> , Connecticut,	12 50
Miss Rosalie Wheeler, <i>New York City Chapter</i> , New York,	12 50
	—————
	100 00
Interest on Permanent Investments,	157 50

Commissions.

On insignia sales,	\$272 00
" record shield sales,	5 00
" spoon sales,	5 13
	—————

282 13

Continental Hall Contributions.

Mrs. Lucy Bergland, Baltimore Chapter, Maryland,	\$10 00
Mrs. Sara A. D. Hodgden, Baltimore Chapter, Maryland,	10 00
Lucretia Shaw Chapter, Connecticut,	100 00
Essex Chapter, New Jersey,	5 00
Mrs. S. M. Meek, Mississippi,	2 00
Elizabeth Ross Chapter, Iowa,	10 00
Martha Washington Chapter, District of Columbia,	20 00
Mrs. Tomb, Elizabeth Benton Chapter, Missouri,	25 00
	182 00
Total increase for the month,	\$743 63

Total uninvested cash, Permanent Fund, May 31, in American Security & Trust Co., \$13,746 17

PERMANENT FUND.—INVESTMENTS.

14 Registered U. S. 2% bonds, face value,	\$14,000 00
11 " " 3% " " "	11,000 00
27 " " 4% " " "	27,000 00
6 " " 5% " " "	6,000 00
2 American Security & Trust Co. debenture bonds, 4%,	1,000 00
	59,000 00

Total Permanent Investment, \$59,000 00

PERMANENT FUND.—ASSETS.

Cash in bank as above,	\$13,746 17
Bonds as above, face value,	59,000 00

Total assets Permanent Fund, June 31, 1901, \$72,746 17

SPECIAL FUND.

Fort Crailo fund, as previously reported,	\$48 05
Respectfully submitted,	

GERTRUDE B. DARWIN,
Treasurer General.

June 5, 1901.

Miss McBlair moved: "That the Treasurer General be requested to state that the Magazine containing the proceedings of the Tenth Continental Congress contains 600 pages, which makes this double number about three times as large as the usual magazine and accounts for the expense of this number." Motion carried.

The Treasurer General stated that she had received a letter rela-

tive to the death of an indigent "Daughter of a Revolutionary Soldier," and requested instruction of the Board as to what action should be taken on this subject.

Mrs. Sternberg moved: "That the Treasurer General, Daughters of the American Revolution, be instructed to pay the bill for the interment of the 'Real Daughter' who recently died and was buried in the State of Massachusetts." Motion carried.

Upon motion, the report of the Treasurer General was accepted with thanks.

REPORT OF THE HISTORIAN GENERAL: Madam President: The 13th Volume of the Lineage Book is now in the hands of the printer. Tardy responses from members, necessary to complete the genealogies, caused a delay; but all have now been received with one exception.

Fifty-nine sets of the Lineage Books were distributed during the month of May; two hundred and sixty have been sent to Chapters all over the country.

I propose during the summer to write for the Magazine a series of articles on individual patriots not generally known, but I wish my first article to treat of "Old Fairfax Worthies and Pohick Church." The Mount Vernon Chapter is making an effort to have this old place of worship, now dismantled and dilapidated, restored as it was when General Washington was a vestryman and himself planned the interior and the furnishing. I hope that this object will have the approval and assistance of the National Board.

Respectfully submitted,

SUSAN RIVIERE HETZEL,
Historian General, N. S. D. A. R.

Mrs. Lockwood stated that the Board had no right as a Board to expend money in the restoration of Pohick Church, but individually we are all interested in this movement.

The Historian General explained that she simply wished the sanction of the Board in this patriotic work.

Upon the suggestion of Mrs. Tulloch, the word "assistance" was struck out in the report of the Historian General. Report accepted.

REPORT OF THE LIBRARIAN GENERAL: Madam President and Ladies of the National Board of Management: I have the honor to report the following books and periodicals received since the last meeting of the Board:

Bound Volumes.—1. Calendar of wills on file and recorded in the offices of the Clerk of the Court of Appeals, of the County Clerk at Albany, and of the Secretary of State, 1626-1836. Compiled and edited by Berthold Fernow, under the auspices of the Colonial Dames of New York and published by the Society. New York, 1896. 657 pp. 4°. Received in exchange. 2. Collections of the Georgia Historical Society, Vol. 3. Savannah, 1873. VI, 428 pp. 8°. Pre-

sented by Mrs. William Harden. 3. Annual report of the American Historical Association for 1899. 2 Vol. Washington, 1900. Exchange. 4. In Memoriam, M. W. McAlarney, late Editor of the "Daily Telegraph" and Manager of the Harrisburg Publishing Company, 1840-1900. Harrisburg, 1901. 62 pp. 12°. A fine tribute paid to a noble life. In the death of Mr. McAlarney the "Daughters" have lost one who ever regarded the interests of the Society before his own. 5. Year Book from the Hawaiian Society, Sons of the American Revolution. Honolulu, 1901. Duplicate copy. From the Society. 6. Field genealogy, being a record of all the Field family in America whose ancestors were in America prior to 1700. By Frederick Clifton Pierce. Chicago, Hammond Press, 1901. 2 Vol. Q. The gift of Marshall Field.

After examining this genealogy one feels sure that here is a most complete record of the Field family. An account is given of the English branch, as well of the New England, Virginia and Kentucky lines. A list of Fields who served from various States in the Revolution, also one of Revolutionary pensioners, is included in the first volume. The arrangement is clear, and the work well indexed. 6. Muster rolls and other records of service of Maryland troops in the American Revolution. Being Vol. 18 of Archives of Maryland, Baltimore, Maryland Historical Society, 1900. 736 pp. 4°. Presented to the Library by the Maryland Line Chapter, National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution. Thousands of names of Maryland soldiers copied from original muster rolls and other reliable sources are here for the first time brought together to be preserved in a permanent form and one available for reference. It is probably as complete as possible, though the rolls of the two Frederick County companies that marched to the siege of Boston are missing and perhaps a few others. The arrangement followed is that adopted by the State of Connecticut. This volume supplies a long-felt want and is a most acceptable contribution to our Library.

Unbound Volumes.—1. Thomas Hale, the glover, of Newbury, Massachusetts, and his descendants. By Robert Hale. Boston, D. Clapp and Son, 1877. 19 pp. 8°. From Mrs. Draper. 2. Connecticut's part in the Federal Constitution. By John Fiske. A historical lecture given under the auspices of the Ruth Wyllys Chapter. Presented by Miss Mary Francis. 3. Year Book of the Nebraska Sons of the American Revolution. 4. Genealogy Britton. Compiled by Edward E. Britton, Brooklyn, New York, 1901. 50 pp. 4°.

Periodicals.—1. Medford Historical Register for April. 2. Keim and Allied Families for October. 3. Spirit of '76, April and May. 4. True Republic, for May and June. 5. Bulletin New York Public

Library, for May. 6. Connecticut Magazine, for March-April. 7.
Essex Antiquarian, for June. 8. Avery Notes and Queries, May.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

JULIA TEN EYCK MCBLAIR,
Librarian General, N. S. D. A. R.

June 5, 1901.

Report accepted.

The Chair called for the standing committee reports.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON SMITHSONIAN REPORT: Mrs. Kinney, Chairman of this committee, stated that in accordance with a suggestion of the former Chairman of the Committee on Smithsonian Report, she had to begin the work on the Report in September, as it was possible that the requests sent out for data, if made too soon, might be overlooked. At present there was no regular report to be made.

REPORT OF THE MAGAZINE COMMITTEE: Madam President and Ladies of the Board: The Magazine Committee has held two meetings since its appointment and, also, has had (through its Chairman) much correspondence with the Editor as to the best practical methods of securing united and successful effort in the interests of the Magazine. There is an evident and delightfully encouraging growth of friendliness towards the Magazine throughout the National Society, as shown not only in new subscriptions, but also in letters from many Chapters expressing appreciation of the Magazine, with warm wishes for its success. Numerous inquiries have been made as to the new cover, showing real interest in the appearance as well as in the contents of our Magazine.

Our Business Manager will to-day present to the Board a design for cover, submitted by Lamb & Co., of New York, with details as to advertising, etc.

The Committee recommends that when a plate for the new cover be made, an electrotype plate shall be made, keeping the original plate at headquarters, and giving the electrotype plate to the printer for his use; so that in case of an accident to the press, we shall thus be guarded against increasing the expense of a new plate.

The Committee would again suggest to the Board the desirability of having the leaves of the Magazine cut. Requests for this have been made by many subscribers, being a time-saving convenience.

The Committee would bring a suggestion to the Board as to the advisability of establishing a new department in the Magazine under the personal supervision of the Editor, somewhat on the order of an open letter column, available to all Daughters of the American Revolution members, pertaining to important current Daughters of the American Revolution topics which concern the whole National Society, and therefore would be interesting to all,—debarring all letters of a personal nature and all pertaining to Chapter complications;

and limiting the length of the letters to 300 words,—not more than four such letters to appear in one number of the Magazine.

The Committee would urge upon all the members of the Board, the importance of bringing up the subject of the Magazine at the various State conferences which they may attend, and at the social meetings of the Chapters, and at the Daughters of the American Revolution Day, June 14th, at the Buffalo Exposition. A word fitly spoken in season may work wonders by turning the attention of Chapters and individual members to their obligation of giving support to the Society's official organ, as well as to the benefit to be derived from its perusal. The exchange of ideas in the department of "Chapter Work" is so helpful and suggestive that it does seem if an intelligent acquaintance with it is all that is needed to prove its value to every thoughtful "Daughter."

Seven different States are represented in the present Committee, thus giving it a wide-spread personal touch; into these widely separated localities,—New England, the far West, the South and the central States,—will be borne by the members of the Committee, an earnest endeavor to work for the Magazine, throughout the months of our summer vacation,—a hearty desire to increase its circulation,—a sincere hope of aiding the ardent and gifted Editor in her energetic work for the good of the Magazine, and an assured belief that when we meet in the fall, our report will be one that will be worthy of record.

Let each one of us work as faithfully as if upon her alone depended the fate and success of the Magazine. Let each of us put brain and nerve into the effort. Let our loving zeal be ever visible as a pillar of cloud by day and of fire by night. Then, surely, it will be strange indeed if a marked success be not realized!

ELLEN HALL CROSMAN,
Chairman.

The Chair invited discussion on the report of the Chairman of the Magazine Committee with its recommendations.

Mrs. Lockwood expressed the opinion that if the necessary precautions were used, the proposed department would undoubtedly be an advantage to the Magazine; but great care must be taken as to what matter is published.

Mrs. Sternberg inquired if the report carried with it the recommendation in regard to cutting the leaves.

This was answered in the affirmative.

The President General said: "The Chairman of the Magazine Committee has invited discussion upon the report, and now is the time to express your views. We would like a full discussion of the subject."

Miss Mickley suggested that members of the various Chapters be asked to contribute articles to the Magazine.

Mrs. Tuttle said: "I was surprised when I was informed that the leaves of the Magazine were not to be cut as recommended last month. The request has come to us again for this. That there is an advantage in having the leaves cut is evidenced from the fact that when we pick up a magazine on a news-stand, the one with cut leaves is the one we select. In regard to the proposed new department to the Magazine, I would say that two pages will be three hundred words in the ordinary print; four letters would be put in each month's issue. Another point that the Committee are particularly anxious for the Board to consider is, in regard to using precautions as to the letters that go in. We have stated what these shall be, and it is limited in that respect. No Chapter difficulties shall appear; it is simply matters that concern our growth and advancement as an organization; historical matters, etc. This department shall come under the personal supervision of the Editor. We ask the co-operation of the Board in making this department just as interesting as it can be made and to guard against anything of a personal nature."

Mrs. Lockwood said: "In regard to cutting the leaves of the Magazine, while it may have certain attractions, there are other things that we must consider. A book that is cut does not bring as much at book sales; then, you must have a special paper for this. You cannot bind a magazine in book form, if cut, until it is cut again. For myself, I prefer cutting the leaves of my magazine, and as to our Magazine going on the book stands, they never go there. It is contrary to our rules to put our minutes before the public in that way."

Mrs. Crosman stated that the only recommendation that the report contained was the recommendation in regard to the new department, to be under the care of the Editor.

The Chair suggested that the Chairman of the Magazine Committee should request the Editor to make it quite clear what matter shall go in this new department, provided it is adopted.

This suggestion was accepted with thanks by the Chairman of the Committee.

After some further discussion and inquiries on the subject, Mrs. Kinney moved: "That the Open Letter Column be substituted for the column now given to Historical Calendar of the Revolutionary period." Motion carried.

Mrs. Lockwood moved: "That the action taken last month regarding the non-cutting of the leaves of the Magazine be rescinded." Motion carried.

Miss Mickley moved: "That when the Magazine reach the edition of ten thousand, that the leaves be cut."

The following was offered as a substitute by Mrs. Sternberg: "I

move that in future the leaves of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE be cut."

The *viva voce* vote on this being rather close, a standing vote was called, which resulted in twelve voting in the affirmative, and seven in the negative. The latter were Mrs. Lockwood, Mrs. Tulloch, Mrs. Howard, Mrs. Lounsberry, Miss McBlair, Miss Mickley and Mrs. Hatcher.

It was ordered that in the future the leaves of the Magazine be cut.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON REAL DAUGHTERS: The Chairman of this Committee simply requested permission of the Board to ascertain certain data in regard to the verification of two applications from "Real Daughters,"—this information to be obtained through the Chapter Regents, one in Philadelphia, and the other in Alabama.

This request was granted.

The Librarian General made a supplementary report, to present a Colonial Catalogue, donated to the Library by Mrs. Kinney, State Regent of Connecticut. Upon motion, this was received with appreciation, and a vote of thanks.

At 1.15 p. m. it was moved and carried to adjourn until 2.10 p. m.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, June 5, 1901.

The adjourned meeting was called to order at 2.30 p. m. by the President General, Mrs. Chas. W. Fairbanks.

The report of the Business Manager was read as follows:

AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE, per Board of Management, Daughters of the American Revolution, in account with Lilian Lockwood, Business Manager.

RECEIPTS.

April 1st to May 31st, 1901.

To subscriptions as per voucher and Cash Register,	\$547 80
To sale of extra copies,	6 93
To advertising,	6 10
Total amount delivered to Treasurer General,	\$560 83

OFFICE EXPENSES.

April 1st to May 31st, 1901.

To mailing extra copies, 2nd class matter, as per vouchers,	\$3 04
To expressage,	1 80
To telegrams,	78
To postage, two months,	5 00
To postal cards, 75,	75
To two Falcon files,	1 00
To freight and cartage on April-May Magazine,	4 16

Total,	\$16 53
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Bills presented to the Treasurer General for payment:	
Printer's bill, April-May number (including postage),	\$1,125 82
Salary, Editor,	166 66
Salary, Business Manager,	150 00
1901 Copyright fees,	6 00
Joyce & Co., half-tone cuts,	8 65
McGill & Wallace:	
Furnishing and printing 500 Receipt postals, ..	\$6 25
Furnishing and printing 500 Expiration pos-	
tals,	6 25
Furnishing and printing 200 subscription	
blanks,	4 75
Furnishing and printing 600 circulars to Re-	
gents,	2 25
	—
Auditing, February 11th to April 30th,	19 50
Office expenses, as per itemized account, rendered and at-	10 00
tached,	16 53
	—
	\$1,503 16

As soon as possible after the meeting of the Board in May, I went to New York and made it my first duty to call upon Messrs. J. & R. Lamb in regard to cover design.

I furnished them with the necessary data, copies of the Magazine, etc., and at their request, agreed to call again before leaving the city. Upon receiving a rough sketch of the proposed design I had a final conference.

They advised a simple treatment, embodying only the insignia in half-tone and larger size, in addition to the necessary lettering.

They will make the design, ready for the plate, either in line or wash-drawing, in exchange for half-page advertisement for one year.

I am glad to say that Mr. Limburner, the advertising agent, in Chicago, writes that he is quite well again and ready to take up the advertising business, if a contract can be arranged.

I present his letter for your consideration.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

LILIAN LOCKWOOD.

The Business Manager read several letters relative to the cover of the Magazine.

The Chair requested an expression of opinion in regard to the design for cover of Magazine.

After some discussion of the matter, Mrs. Crosman offered the following: "A motion was made and carried last year in the Board meeting of April 5, 1900, to the effect that we accept the design offered by Caldwell & Co., if after making certain alterations and cor-

rections, it should meet with the approval of the Committee on Design and also of the Board.

"The Magazine Committee reported at the November Board meeting that the design was still unsatisfactory.

"I, therefore, move, that the action taken on April 5, 1900, in accepting that design be rescinded; in order to consider new designs for cover now presented to us." Motion carried.

Mrs. Hatcher moved: "That the design for Magazine cover made by Messrs. J. & R. Lamb, of New York, be accepted upon the terms proposed in the report of the Business Manager of the Magazine." Motion carried.

Upon motion of Mrs. Sternberg, the report of the Business Manager was accepted.

The State Regent of Virginia, Mrs. Hugh Nelson Page, inquired if there were special rates on the railroads for the Daughters of the American Revolution during the Buffalo Exposition.

It was answered that there is to be reduced rates on all roads to those visiting the Exposition in Buffalo.

The Chairman of the Purchasing Committee made a short verbal report, to the effect that the articles purchased had been named in the report of the Treasurer General, and enumerated the same.

The Recording Secretary General moved: "That the President General be requested to appoint the Credential Committee for the Eleventh Continental Congress of 1902." Motion carried.

The committee was appointed as follows: Mrs. Miranda B. Tulloch, Chairman; Mrs. William A. Smoot, Mrs. George M. Sternberg, Mrs. M. S. Lockwood, Miss Julia T. E. McBlair, Mrs. Eleanor S. W. Howard, Mrs. G. B. Darwin.

Report of the Committee on Supervision was read:

The Committee report a very satisfactory condition in the office. I am exceedingly pleased with the clerical force in this office. I have come here at all hours in the day and always find the clerks faithful to their duties. The interruptions in the work comes largely from visitors, who must be treated courteously. I must say that officers are not always thoughtful in regard to interruptions in the work of the clerks. Certainly, clerks cannot be held responsible for lost time where superior officers interfere with the regular routine work.

The rooms are still in process of cleaning. I obtained the services of a very competent woman, and in regard to the staining of the floors, I succeeded in securing a promise from the manager of the building to have the floors stained at their expense, and this will be done after the Board meeting.

You will remember that while our Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters was away, the request for extra clerical force, when needed, was granted her. I have now a sugges-

tion to offer in this connection. It is that we advance the salary of Miss Griggs and give her this extra work, instead of the lady to whom it was originally intended (as I hear she has another position) and Miss Griggs will also assist the Registrar General when her services are required in that department.

There is another matter of importance. As there is considerable dissatisfaction in the office at the unequal pay of the clerks, this Committee would recommend that after the 1st of July no salary shall be over one thousand dollars per annum.

We also recommend that whenever an advance of salary is proposed by resolution, it shall be referred to the Supervising Committee and until the Committee shall bring in a report to the Board no action shall be taken thereon.

Respectfully submitted,

M. S. LOCKWOOD,
Chairman of Committee.

Miss McBlair testified to the high ability of Miss Griggs and deemed it important that the Board should retain her services here.

Miss Mickley also spoke of the effective work done by Miss Griggs for the Registrar General's department.

The Chair asked for action on the report of the Chairman of the Supervising Committee.

Mrs. Tuttle said: "Madam President: I am opposed to the recommendation limiting the salary to one thousand dollars a year. If we have any here whose services are worth more to us, we should be willing to pay for that work. As to there being dissatisfaction among the clerks about the unequal pay, I do not think we should consider that at all. And one Board has no right to bind another Board as to the salaries of the clerical force."

Mrs. Lockwood asked to make a correction to Mrs. Tuttle's remarks, that the clerks had made complaints. The complaints had not come from the clerks, but the outside members of the Society.

Mrs. Henry moved: "That the report of the Committee on Supervision be accepted without its recommendations." Motion carried.

It was decided to take up the recommendations in their order.

Recommendation No. 1: "That Miss Griggs be given \$10 extra for assisting the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters and the Registrar General, when her services are needed in those departments, thus doing away with the necessity of employing another clerk." Recommendation voted on and adopted.

Recommendation No. 2: "That after the first of July no salary of the clerks shall be over one thousand dollars a year."

This recommendation was voted on and lost.

The Recording Secretary General called for another vote, which was taken, and the recommendation again lost.

Recommendation No. 3: "That whenever an advance of salary

is proposed by resolution, it shall be referred to the Committee on Supervision and that no action shall be taken thereon until the Committee report to the Board." Recommendation adopted.

Recommendation No. 4: "That from June 15 to September 15, the office shall be closed at noon Saturday, and that from July 1st to September 15, the office shall be closed at 4 p. m." Recommendation adopted.

Mrs. Page stated that as she and several of the State Regents present would be unable to attend the meeting to-morrow, they would request that the election of Vice-President General, to fill the unexpired term of Mrs. Cheney, be taken up at this session and without further delay. The Recording Secretary General announced the receipt of a telegram from Mrs. John N. Jewett stating her inability to accept the nomination of Vice-President General.

The Chair acceded to this request and appointed as tellers Mrs. Crosman, Mrs. Churchman and Miss Henshaw.

The ballots were distributed and after the voting the Chairman of Tellers reported that Mrs. Mary A. Hepburn Smith, of Connecticut, was unanimously elected Vice-President General, having received twenty-two votes—the entire number cast.

Mrs. Kinney said: "Madam President: In behalf of Mrs. Smith, and the Connecticut Daughters, I desire to thank the Board for this vote. Mrs. Smith has always been an enthusiastic worker in the Society, and as she resides in this city during the winter, she will be able to attend the meetings of the Board. Mrs. Smith is also a generous contributor to the Continental Hall fund, and you will find her always responsive to whatever concerns the best interests of the Society."

This was acknowledged with appropriate remarks by the Chair, who expressed her gratification at so valuable an acquisition to the National Board and instructed the Recording Secretary General to notify Mrs. Smith of her unanimous election as Vice-President General.

Miss McBlair read the report of the Committee on Continental Hall, which was unanimously accepted.

The Recording Secretary General read a letter from Rear Admiral O'Neil, acknowledging the resolutions of condolence sent by the Board on the death of Mrs. O'Neil, a former active member of the National Board.

The President General stated to the Board the present status of the matter in regard to the contract with Miss Dutcher for a recognition pin and asked for an expression of opinion on this subject.

It was decided that the business agent of Caldwell & Co. should be requested, by telegraph, to come and explain certain details in connection with this matter, and that discussion on the same be deferred until the arrival of the business agent.

At 5.30 p. m. it was moved and carried to adjourn until Thursday at 10 a. m.

THURSDAY MORNING, June 6, 1901.

The adjourned meeting was opened at 10.30 a. m. by the President General, Mrs. Charles W. Fairbanks.

In the absence of the Chaplain General the President General requested the members present to unite in the recitation of the Lord's Prayer.

The motions of the previous day were read by the Recording Secretary General and approved.

The Chairman of the Committee on Supervision inquired the pleasure of the Board in regard to the leave of absence of the clerks, whether it should be the same as in the departments of the Government, viz: thirty working days, or thirty calendar days.

After some discussion of the subject Mrs. Henry moved: "That the clerks in the office be given the same annual leave as that given by the United States Government,—namely, thirty working days." Motion carried.

The report of the Finance Committee was presented through its Chairman, Mrs. George M. Sternberg, and upon motion accepted.

The Registrar General presented a supplementary report.

It was moved and carried that this be accepted and that the Recording Secretary General be instructed to cast the ballot for the new applicants.

Announcement was made by the Recording Secretary General, that according to the instructions of the National Board, the ballot had been cast for the applicants presented for membership in the supplementary report of the Registrar General and they were hereby declared duly elected members of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

The State Regent of Pennsylvania, Miss Frazer, rose to a question of privilege to bring to the Board the trouble in the Independence Hall Chapter, which at the May meeting had been referred to her as State Regent, to adjust.

The matter was discussed and the following was offered by Miss Mickley: "I move that the affairs of the Independence Hall Chapter be referred to a Committee of Delegates to the Eleventh Continental Congress, in accordance with the request of the State Regent of Pennsylvania." Motion carried.

Mrs. Lockwood moved: "That the State Regent of Pennsylvania inform Miss Baird-Huey, who is now present in the office, of this action of the Board." Motion carried.

Referring to the report of the Business Manager of the Magazine, Mrs. Tuttle moved: "That the Business Manager be authorized to

enter into a contract with Limeburner & Turner for advertising in AMERICAN MONTHLY for the term of three years." Motion carried.

At 11.45 a. m. Mrs. Crosman moved: "That the Board take a recess in the reading room of the Library, of such length as may be necessary to receive the business agent of Caldwell & Co." Motion carried.

The adjourned meeting was called to order at 2.45 p. m. by the President General, Mrs. Charles W. Fairbanks.

The Corresponding Secretary General read to the Board the following:

FOREIGN OFFICE, April 23, 1901.

Madam: I duly laid before the King my Sovereign the engrossed and signed copy of the resolutions of sympathy with His Majesty and with the British nation adopted by the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution on the occasion of the deeply lamented death of her Majesty Queen Victoria, Empress of India.

I have received the King's commands to convey through you to the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution His sincere thanks for their much appreciated message of sympathy in the great loss which has been sustained by His Majesty and His Subjects throughout the world.

I am,
Madam,

Your most obedient, humble servant,

(Signed)

LANSDOWNE.

The President General of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

The Registrar General asked permission to present a supplementary report. This was granted and the Recording Secretary General, upon motion, instructed to cast the ballot for the new members.

The Recording Secretary General announced that in accordance with the instructions of the National Board, the ballot had been cast for the new members presented in the supplementary report of the Registrar General and they were hereby declared duly elected members of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

The Chairman of the Committee on Revolutionary Relics stated that there was no written report to offer, as she had been unable to call the committee together, owing to illness and change of residence.

The Chairman stated that a request had come from a Chapter in South Carolina that the relics presented by Mrs. Clark Waring be exhibited at the Charleston Exposition in December. These relics having been presented to the National Society, the Chairman desired instructions of the Board in replying to this request from South

Carolina, not feeling at liberty to take any individual action in the matter. These relics were presented at the Tenth Continental Congress, but had not been delivered, as Mrs. Waring wished to bring them to Washington herself.

The President General inquired if these relics would be carefully marked and guarded as relics of the National Society.

This being answered in the affirmative, Mrs. Crosman moved: "That the matter be left in the hands of the Chairman of the Revolutionary Relics Committee." Motion carried.

Mrs. Lindsay stated that she had received some interesting papers,—copies,—one an officer's commission in the Revolutionary war, also a leave of absence, signed by Hancock.

Touching the matter of the "Franklin" letter that had been referred to the Committee on Revolutionary Relics, at the May meeting of the Board, Mrs. Lindsay said that no action had been taken on that, as there had been no meeting of the Committee since the May meeting; but if an opportunity offered itself before the members of the committee who are now here, leave the city, the Chairman promised that an effort would be made to consult with Mr. Heitmuller on the subject, and if possible, a report made to the Board.

Upon motion, the report of the Chairman of the Committee on Revolutionary Relics was accepted.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE TO EDIT PROCEEDINGS OF THE TENTH CONTINENTAL CONGRESS: Madam President and Ladies of the National Board of Management: The Editing Committee has the honor to report that it has read over the entire proceedings of the Tenth Continental Congress as submitted by the official stenographer, verifying all motions with the originals and finding them to be correct.

When the Committee received the stenographer's report every energy was exerted to complete the report at the earliest possible moment. There were several reasons for delay in publishing the proceedings,—first of all, the difficulty in securing a committee. A few days were lost in efforts to get a sufficient number of ladies in the city to do the work. There was also a delay of three weeks, occasioned by sending the papers to the Codification Committee ordered by the Congress. Notwithstanding these difficulties, the Magazine containing the Proceedings was issued only eight days later than last year.

The Chairman of your Committee begs to make appreciative acknowledgment of the faithful and efficient labors of the Editing Committee, who were indefatigable in their efforts, early and late, and spared no pains to assist the Chairman and bring the arduous and responsible work of this Committee to a successful conclusion.

Respectfully submitted,

JULIA T. E. MCBLAIR,
Chairman.

June 6, 1901.

REPORT OF THE COMPILER OF THE DIRECTORY, presented through the Chairman of the Committee on Directory:

MRS. KATE K. HENRY,

Chairman of the Committee on Directory:

Dear Madam: I have the honor to report that the work of the Directory is progressing as rapidly as practicable, in order to have it correct. I have sent out circular letters to every State and Chapter Regent in the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, asking for lists of all Chapters. In a number of instances I have sent duplicate letters and type-written forms to Regents who desired such information.

I have received up to this date, 372 lists. Some of the largest Chapters have, as yet, sent no list, viz: the New York City Chapter, the Chicago Chapter and the Philadelphia Chapter. I am still awaiting 203 lists to complete the information necessary for compiling the directory.

I find the clerks capable and efficient. I desire no increase of clerical force at present.

Hoping that this report will be satisfactory to you and the members of your Committee, I am,

Very respectfully,

(Signed)

VIRGINIA G. SMITH,
Compiler of Directory.

June 4, 1901.

A letter was read from the Harrisburg Publishing Company, making an offer for the printing of the Directory. No action.

The Chairman of the Directory Committee then said the Committee had decided to give the printing of the Directory to the Harrisburg Publishing Company. Mrs. Lockwood moved that this decision be confirmed by the Board. Motion carried.

Mrs. Lockwood moved: "That the motion passed by the Board, authorizing the printing of the names of deceased members in the Directory, be rescinded." Motion carried.

Mrs. Henry moved: "That the names of deceased members be omitted from the Directory."

The Chair called for action on the report of the Compiler of the Directory. Upon motion, the same was accepted.

Mrs. Henry requested that a small electric fan be placed in the room where the work of the Directory was conducted, as the work would go on during the summer with much rapidity, and the clerks employed for its completion would be obliged to remain all through the warm weather.

Mrs. Sternberg moved: "That the request of Mrs. Henry for a small electric fan, to be provided for the use of the clerks working through the summer on the Directory, be granted." Motion carried.

Miss McBlair suggested, as a means of lessening the expense of the Directory, that advertisements should be inserted, and read a letter from an agent on this subject. The plan proposed was to solicit advertisements and have them furnished by the 1st of August, (which would make a trifling increase in the cost of printing), the agent promising to obtain a high order of advertisements throughout the country. Miss McBlair stated that it was decided by a unanimous vote of the Committee on Directory, that this offer of the agent should be accepted, and submitted the matter for the approval of the Board.

By unanimous consent of the Board, the Committee on Directory was authorized to make the proposed arrangement with the advertising agent in connection with the Directory.

The Treasurer General asked for two revolving chairs for use in her room, in place of those which had been worn out, and also requested that a revolving fan be placed in her room, since the heat has sometimes proved so excessive that the clerks have fainted.

Mrs. Hatcher moved that these requests of the Treasurer General be granted. Motion carried.

REPORT OF THE PRINTING COMMITTEE: Material ordered by this committee during the month of May is: List of officers, 10,000.

Respectfully submitted,
(Signed)

B. McG. SMOOT,
Chairman of Committee.
KATE K. HENRY,

Report accepted.

Mrs. Lockwood said: "I am requested to say that Mrs. Boynton and Miss Desha ask the privilege of having, in some way, a talk with you ladies, to make clear to you about the early records of the National Society."

"We know there is a discrepancy between what was given to this Board and what was printed in the Report. I merely wish to know if you will give these ladies an audience. It is a matter that especially appeals to this body; it has something to do with your records. I believe that if the Smithsonian Report could have been printed as presented, it would have answered every purpose, but I feel that we might make a greater error in refusing them than in granting their request."

The Chair: "What is the pleasure of the Board? Shall we hear this account of the early days of the Society?"

Mrs. Hatcher moved: "That the Board take a recess to receive Mrs. Boynton and Miss Desha informally, for the purpose of hearing the statements they wish to present." Motion carried.

At 5.20 p. m. the Board re-convened, when the following was offered by Mrs. Lockwood:

Resolved. That the National Board of Management authorize that

the historical record, as presented by Mrs. Boynton, be printed by the United States Government as a preface to the first Smithsonian Report." Motion carried.

Mrs. Darwin made the following statement in connection with the first Smithsonian Report:

"As I made the first Report to the Smithsonian Institution, I think I should make some remarks on the subject.

"When I made this Report it contained a good deal of the history read to us to-day. Before I wrote that Report there was a committee appointed, of which Mrs. Main was chairman. She prepared a report and in this she included the four accounts of the four Founders. That was sent to the Smithsonian, but it was not printed. Later, a notice came to us that the Report was not in the shape desired by the Smithsonian. Mrs. Main was then no longer on the Board. A new Board had come in, and it was asked that a new committee take this in hand. A committee was appointed, with Mrs. Stakely chairman; that committee was never called together. In the autumn the Chairman gave notice that she could not serve, and I was made chairman. Meanwhile, the original documents, transmitted by Mrs. Main, came back to the office, and there were the four accounts and on the margin of one of them, in the hand-writing of the editor of the Smithsonian, was: 'Make *one* account of this.' I made one account, as requested, taking the four accounts as a basis. This I submitted to the four Founders and to Mrs. Boynton, who was very much interested in this. I made an account which, I supposed, was acceptable to all four of the Founders, except in one point. I therefore took the manuscript to the Smithsonian. I saw Mr. Howard Clarke and the assistant secretary, Mr. Rathbone. I submitted the manuscript and asked for suggestions. In a few days I went back and got the document, and found whole paragraphs cut out, with the request that I write them over. Among the paragraphs cut out was one that related to Mrs. Cabell and a number of other things that are touched upon in the history we have heard to-day. I have that original document at home, with the marks. I wrote another Report and submitted it to the Board; it was sent to the Smithsonian a second time, accepted and printed. That is the history of the Report as it stands to-day."

Mrs. Lockwood said: "Madam Chairman, I desire very much to say that I think the chairman of that committee did the very best it was possible to do. Of course it is not possible for new members to know what the old Board did. But I think if the first Report, as prepared by Mrs. Darwin, could have been printed as it was sent, that it would have served every purpose, and there would have been no trouble.

"Now, the question is will you hear the account as written by these ladies. They have signed this record and they knew the 'ins and

outs' of the Society as no new members could possibly know the work of those early days, and their names will go down to posterity. It is simply a courtesy that I think should be extended—to give them an opportunity to present this account.

"This account will be printed and it will go out as the history of this Society; it bears their impress and you cannot get around it. They stand before this country as Founders of the Society. I speak with feeling, for I know that history is going before the country, and I advise you that you have it go as part of the official records of the Society."

The Chair: "It seems to the Chair that what we all desire is to know the real history of the early days of the Society."

Mrs. Sternberg: "We do not wish to complicate matters any further, but if the dates and facts in this record can go out and be substantiated by documents already signed; if these ladies have the facts to show that these statements are correct, I think that most of us are willing to accept this record."

Mrs. Lindsay: "I think this should be published as the early records of the Society. In justice to those who have worked in the past, I think they should have this recognition."

Mrs. Hatcher: "The Government demands that we make this Report to the Smithsonian. They said that these things were not of sufficient interest to the reading public; that only things of national importance are to be printed. I think we should have a distinct understanding as to how our work is to be conducted."

Mrs. Tulloch: "As it has been said, it is of great importance that the early records of the Society should be preserved. Miss Washington has passed away and there are only a few left, and I believe we should in some way get together these records for reference in future. I do not know what we can do better than accept the word of women of integrity and standing as we have heard to-day."

The Chair: "Are you ready for the question?"

Mrs. Sternberg: "I wish to ask that if in accepting this, it is final, or will this be a precedent for accepting other things?"

Mrs. Lindsay moved: "That Mrs. Walworth be informed of the action of the Board, and a desire expressed for her endorsement of addition to Smithsonian Report." Motion carried.

The Recording Secretary General moved: "That the action of the National Board of Management in taking a recess to hear the account of the early history of the Society, given by Miss Desha and Mrs. Boynton, be not considered a precedent, inasmuch as this account was of a national nature and of interest to the entire Society." Motion carried.

The Recording Secretary General read a telegram from Mrs. Walworth, requesting that the matter of publishing the earliest minutes

of the National Society, be submitted to the Board, and asked for instructions in replying to this telegram.

This matter was taken under consideration, and at the request of the Chair, a full expression of opinion was given, the concensus of opinion being that these minutes should be printed for future reference and placed in the archives of the Society.

The President General spoke of the great necessity of having these early records of the National Society promptly published and carefully preserved in the files of the Society.

Mrs. Churchman moved: "That the President General be requested to appoint a committee from this Board to have the minutes of the early meetings of this Society published, in response to the request of Mrs. Walworth." Motion carried.

The following committee was appointed by the President General: Mrs. M. S. Lockwood, Chairman; Mrs. George M. Sternberg, Miss Susan Riviere Hetzel, Mrs. J. Heron Crosman, Mrs. Eleanor S. Washington Howard, Mrs. Robert S. Hatcher, Mrs. Gertrude B. Darwin and Miss Minnie F. Mickley.

Mrs. Lockwood moved: "That the early minutes, when prepared by the committee, be sent to the Editor for the Magazine." Motion carried.

The question arising as to the time and manner of publishing these early minutes, the Recording Secretary General suggested that they be published in the Magazine during the summer, when there are no regular minutes of the Board meetings.

It was so ordered.

Mrs. Hatcher, Chairman of the Franco-American Memorial Committee, who had been appointed by the Board to take charge of the exhibit of the National Society, which was to be sent to Buffalo, made the following report:

Madam President and Ladies: In reference to the exhibit of our Society, which was recently sent to the Pan-American Exposition, at Buffalo, I wish to state that the same was returned from Paris somewhat the worse in appearance from its long trip and sojourn in that city, with the following articles missing and broken:

Missing:

- 4 picture frames, value ranging from \$2.50 to \$5.00 each;
- 1 badge of the Mary Washington Monument Association, value \$10.00;
- 1 enamelled bar pin, value \$5.00;
- 1 package rosette pins, value \$1.80;
- 1 bolt Daughters of the American Revolution ribbon, value \$4.50;
- 1 book and a few documents pertaining to Mary Washington Memorial Association;
- 1 decorated tea cup;
- 1 lid to decorated tea pot.

Broken:

1 lid to decorated chocolate pot.

I have sent a statement of these facts, together with a request for information as to how I must proceed to recover these articles, or value for same, to Mr. Howard A. Rogers, Director of Education and Social Economy of the Paris Exposition, who had charge of our exhibit there, but as yet have received no reply.

At the Paris Exposition a jewelled badge, worth \$250.00, was exhibited and returned safely; but in order to preclude the possibility of accident, Messrs. J. E. Caldwell & Co. prepared a badge made up with Rhine stones instead of diamonds. But as the effect was not satisfactory, the badge, when exhibited, will be labelled "An imitation of the jewelled badge."

As we were late in applying for space for our exhibit at Buffalo, I was informed by Mr. H. S. Peabody, Superintendent of Liberal Arts, that if the exhibit was sent before June 10th, he would give it space if possible, and careful consideration. Therefore, by the order of the Board, on May 4th, the exhibit was re-packed and sent to Buffalo, leaving this city on June 1st.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

GEORGIA STOCKTON HATCHER.

Report accepted.

Mrs. Hatcher brought to the attention of the Board the loss recently sustained by Mrs. S. V. White, in the death of her son, and moved that some expression of sympathy be sent by the Board to Mr. and Mrs. S. V. White, of Brooklyn, who have recently lost their only son. Motion carried.

At 6.30 p. m. it was moved and carried to adjourn.

Respectfully submitted,

ELEANOR S. WASHINGTON HOWARD,
Recording Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.

